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UNITED STATES.

QUARANTINE PROCLAMATION FOR THE YEAR 1900.

[Published by the Louisiana State board of health.]

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. Baton Rouge, La., March 1, 1900.

At the request of the board of health of the State of Louisiana, embodied in a resolution adopted by that body at a regular meeting held February 13, 1900, and by virtue of the authority in me vested by law, I, Murphy J. Foster, governor of the State of Louisiana, do hereby issue this, my proclamation, to take effect on and after the 1st day of April, 1900, that all vessels arriving at the several quarantine stations of Louisiana, together with their cargoes, crews, passengers, and baggage, shall be subjected to inspection and sanitation according to the following schedule:

First class-All vessels not included in the three following classes:

Second class-Vessels arriving from suspected ports (Intertropical American and West Indian and Brazilian ports, which, in the absence of satisfactory evidence to the contrary, are considered suspicious, and other ports which may be declared suspicious by the board of health).

Third class-Vessels arriving from ports known to be infected.

Fourth class-Vessels which, without regard to port of departure, are infected-that is to say, vessels which have yellow fever, cholera, or other contagious or infectious diseases on board at time of arrival, or have had same on voyage.

Vessels of the first class to be subjected to necessary maritime sanitation without detention of either vessel or persons longer than may be necessary to place such vessel

in good sanitary condition.

Vessels of the second class to undergo the same treatment as those of the first class until May 1, 1900, on and after which date vessels of the second class shall be subjected to full sanitation at the Mississippi River Quarantine Station, together with detention of vessels and persons, for such length of time as the board of health may determine.

Vessels of the third class without passengers to be subjected to full sanitation at the Mississippi River Quarantine Station, without detention of either vessels or persons after disinfection, until May 1, 1900, on and after which date vessels of this class shall be detained for observation, together with their crews, cargoes, and passengers, for such length of time after completion of disinfection as the board of health may determine.

Vessels of the third class with passengers to be subjected to full sanitation with

detention thereafter for such length of time as the board of health may determine.

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Vessels of the fourth class arriving at Port Eads with sickness on board shall proceed at a once to the Mississippi River Quarantine Station, there to undergo thorough disinfection. The sick, with contagious diseases, to be thence conveyed to the lazaretto. All vessels of the fourth class, after completion of disinfection, shall be detained for such length of time as the board of health may determine.

All vessels arriving from ports known or suspected to be infected with cholera, or bubonic plague, shall be subjected to maritime sanitation and such detention as the

board of health may determine.

Vessels arriving from ports and places belonging to the second, third, and fourth classes, as set forth in the above schedule, shall not be allowed to pass the Rigolets, the Atchafalaya, or Lake Charles quarantine stations, or other quarantine stations which may be hereafter established, without having undergone proper maritime sanitation at the Mississippi River Quarantine Station.

Vessels engaged in the tropical fruit trade, whose sanitary condition and health record are satisfactory, may be allowed to pass the Mississippi River Quarantine Station after inspection, subject, however, to such regulations and sanitary treatment

as the board of health may prescribe.

Quarantine officers at the several stations of this State are especially charged and required to strictly enforce the executions of this proclamation, and the State board of health is requested to prosecute vigorously all violators of the same, as well as of the quarantine laws and regulations of this State.

Given under my signature and the seal of the State of Louisiana, at the city of Baton

Rouge, this 1st day of March, A. D. 1900.

MURPHY J. FOSTER, Governor of Louisiana.

By the Governor:
JOHN T. MICHEL,
Secretary of State.

Extract from minutes of meeting of February 13, 1900.

Resolved, That for the year 1900 vessels subject to detention at the Mississippi River Quarantine Station, under the terms of the governor's proclamation, shall be held for observation, with their crews, passengers, and cargoes not less than five full days after completion of disinfection.

Such vessels as have been disinfected at the port of departure in a manner satisfactory to this board will be again disinfected at the Mississippi River Quarantine Station, and the time of detention will be five days, counting from the first disinfection at the port of departure.

Resolution adopted April 24, 1895, and still in force.

Hereafter full quarantine restrictions will be imposed on all vessels whose officers wilfully attempt deception in regard to any case of sickness, or material capable of carrying infection, or wilfully disregard the rules and regulations of the board of health; and such detention will be imposed thereafter on every vessel on which any officer who has previously attempted to practice deception is found in any official capacity.

Special instructions to owners, agents, masters of vessels, and passengers.

The Louisiana State board of health recommends the following suggestions to agents, owners, masters of vessels, and passengers for the purpose of facilitating the work of quarantine officers and reducing the period of detention to a minimum:

1. That vessels should be stripped during the quarantine seasons of all woolen hangings, carpets, curtains, and such like materials, and upholstered furniture as far as practicable. Hair or moss mattresses to be replaced by wire or wicker beds.

2. That, as far as possible, vessels trading with tropical ports should

be manned with acclimated crews.

3. Drinking water for use on vessels should not be taken from rivers

or streams in intertropical countries.

4. Masters of vessels, ship and consular agents are earnestly requested to instruct passengers from quarantinable ports to dispense, as far as possible, with baggage which may be injured by wetting or heat (230° F.) while undergoing disinfection. Such passengers are specially warned against bringing furs, silks, skins, laces, velvets and other fabrics of delicate texture, as they will be compelled to assume all risks of injury.

5. While in ports infected with yellow fever, vessels should be anchored out in the harbor, when this is possible, and the crew prohib-

ited from going ashore, especially at night.

When practicable, cargoes should be loaded in such a manner as to allow access to the pumps, and also to enable the quarantine officers

to pump out and wash the bilge.

7. For the purpose of avoiding delay and expense at quarantine, owing to the necessity of shifting of cargo for the object of disinfection, it is recommended that there be constructed in all vessels from quarantined ports an open framework shaft, 15 inches in diameter, from the center of each hatch, through which the fumigating pipe may be introduced down to the dunnage of the vessel.

8. Special attention should be given to cleanliness of vessels and persons, and provisions should be made for all possible ventilation of the entire vessel. The best disinfectants, and instructions for using same, can be obtained by application to the board of health or any of its

officers.

9. Masters should, before arrival, see that the bilge is thoroughly pumped out and cleansed, and that the entire vessel be put in such good sanitary condition as to permit of the least possible detention. Fruit vessels, particularly, should be kept thoroughly cleansed for the purpose of avoiding delay at the quarantine station.

10. Vessels observing the above recommendations will receive special consideration at the quarantine station, detention and cost of cleaning,

disinfecting, etc., being materially lessened thereby.

EDMOND SOUCHON, M. D.,

President.

G. FARRAR PATTON, M. D., Secretary.

THE PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS.

[Colorado State Board of Health.-Circular No. 20.]

The State board of health wishes to be understood that its efforts are not a crusade against the consumptive. In promulgating the following

rules its aim is to help him as well as others:

The consumptive often lessens his own chances of recovery by failure to observe simple precautions, and this failure also endangers the health and life of others. Therefore, the interests of sick and well are identical, and there should be no difficulty in securing the active cooperation of all concerned.

Consumptives may be associated with as freely as though they were well, if they take due care; it is not the consumptive, but the careless

consumptive who is the source of danger.

Neither does the board wish to be misunderstood as to Colorado's climate. That this climate has saved the lives of many who have come early can not be doubted. There is no need to talk of quarantining

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against consumption. Such a course is both unnecessary and impracticable. Doubtless, many persons with advanced tuberculosis should not be sent here, but for those who can be benefited by coming, Colorado

should have nothing but a warm welcome.

But the number of cases contracted in Colorado is on the increase and markedly so. The records of the Denver bureau of health show that of the deaths from tuberculosis occurring since January 1, 1893, the following were specified as contracted in Colorado: 1893, 49; 1894, 51; 1895, 64; 1896, 66; 1897, 88; 1898, 99, the percentage to the total number of deaths from this disease passing successively from 11.26 in 1893 to 13.52 in 1894, 14.95 in 1895, 17.93 in 1896, 17.99 in 1897, and 19.77 in 1898; hence every citizen should be informed as to the sources of danger and how to combat them.

In the order of their importance the sources of danger are: 1. The

expectoration. 2. Infected milk. 3. Diseased meat.

Expectoration.—The expectoration of consumptives contains great quantities of the germ of consumption. So long as the expectoration remains moist the germs are held therein; the moment the expectoration becomes dry the germs are liberated and float in the atmosphere in invisible particles. These germs are dangerous for several days after being expectorated, unless they have been killed by methods to be mentioned later. Therefore, the expectoration is a great source of danger and its proper disposition is one of the greatest problems in

preventing this disease.

Milk.—It is the opinion of the best informed that there is danger in using the milk of tuberculous cows. It is also true that milk from a healthy cow may become infected by a consumptive dairyman or dealer. The law forbids the sale of milk by any person in connection with whose place there are those suffering from infectious diseases. The necessity for a guaranteed pure milk simply is obvious. The State board of health will examine herds for tuberculosis at the actual cost of the labor involved. Infected milk may be made safe for drinking purposes by boiling or by heating to 170° F. for thirty minutes.

Meat.—That diseased meat sometimes causes tuberculosis can hardly be doubted, though its relative importance is not great. The public has a right to demand a pure meat supply, and it should not hesitate to insist on its right. The danger from tubercular meat can be avoided

by thorough cooking.

Rules for the consumptive.

1. Do not swallow the expectoration.

2. Do not spit on the floors of any room or building, on the sidewalk,

on the street, or any place where the expectoration can dry.

3. Provide your room with a spittoon in which is constantly kept an abundant supply of a disinfectant solution (1 part carbolic acid to 20 parts of water; or 1-500 solution of bichloride of mercury). Empty the spittoon into the water-closet as often as every twelve hours and scald it out thoroughly.

4. Be very careful not to allow the expectoration to get on the bed-

clothing, rugs, or carpets.

5. While away from your room be prepared to dispose of the expectoration without allowing it to dry. The following methods are satisfactory:

(a) Have a pocket spit cup, the outside of which is metal, the receptacle of paper. The paper must be removed every twelve hours

and burned, together with its contents. The metal cup should be

thoroughly boiled every day.

(b) Japanese paper napkins may be used to spit in, provided they are burned before they are allowed to become dry. They should be placed in a rubber tobacco pouch immediately after using until they can be burned.

(c) A roller bandage may be made of cheese cloth and rolled up to cover each expectoration, thus keeping the outside dry at all times, though the inside contains the expectoration. The bandage must be burned before the expectoration becomes dry.

(d) Knopf's aluminum pocket spit flask is very convenient. The contents should be disinfected or burned and the flask itself burned

every day.

6. Never spit in a pocket handkerchief. Opening the handkerchief on taking it from the pocket fills all the surrounding atmosphere with the germ-laden dust.

7. Have plenty of fresh air in your room day and night, and allow

free access to the sun's rays.

- 8. Have your room and all its furnishings disinfected at least every four weeks by the method described below.
- 9. The excreta sometimes contain the germs and should, therefore, be burned or disinfected with one of the solutions mentioned in rule 3.
- Have all your clothing washed separately from that of other persons.
 - 11. A mother with this disease should not nurse her child.

12. Avoid infecting sleeping cars while traveling.

13. Never allow a room to be dusted with a feather duster. Use damp cloths to remove the dust, and use tea leaves or damp sawdust in sweeping. Boil the cloths and burn the tea leaves and sawdust.

For those who are predisposed to the disease.

1. Remember that the disease is almost never hereditary. It is acquired by careless association with the diseased; therefore, proper care will enable you to avoid it.

2. Live much in the open air. Learn to "rough it." Keep in the

best possible condition.

3. Consult your physician about even slight departures from health.

For everybody.

- 1. Remember that the consumptive is not a source of danger to others so long as he is careful. The breath does not contain the germs. They are found in the expectoration. It is the careless consumptive who is the source of danger.
 - 2. Insist on compliance with the rules given above.

3. Do not sleep with a consumptive.

4. Do not kiss a consumptive on the mouth.

5. Do not use spoons, knives, forks or other utensils after they have been used by a consumptive until they have been boiled.

6. Be careful about the disposition of your own expectoration.

7. Do not move into a house or room previously occupied until it has been thoroughly disinfected.

8. Hospitals, asylums, prisons, and all similar institutions should keep tubercular and nontubercular inmates separate.

9. All rooms occupied by consumptives should be kept scrupulously

clean. Unnecessary draperies, carpets, etc., should be dispensed with. If sputum or other discharge accidently falls on the floor or walls, the spot should be cleaned immediately with boiling water. The rooms and all the furnishings should be thoroughly disinfected as often as once in four weeks at most.

Disinfection.—Disinfection with formaldehyd is recommended. To do this, clean the walls thoroughly by rubbing them down with moist bread crumbs or dough. Then scrub all woodwork thoroughly with carbolic acid solution (5 per cent), or corrosive sublimate solution (1–1000). Close absolutely tight all openings, expose all surfaces as much as possible open all closet doors, remove the contents of the drawers, scatter them about and leave the drawers open. Set mattresses on end, suspend pillows. clothing, bedding, etc., from lines stretched across the room, or spread them out on chairs or other objects so as to expose all sides, open

all books and spread out the leaves.

For every 1,000 cubic feet of space in the room and closets, suspend by one edge an ordinary bed sheet (2 by 2½ yards) from a line stretched across the middle of the room. Use as many sheets as are necessary, hanging them at equal distances apart. A coarse cotton sheet is best, because it secures more rapid evaporation. Tie a damp towel over the mouth and nose and begin with the sheet farthest from the door, sprinkling each sheet rapidly on the way out. Five ounces (5 oz.) of formalinthe 40 per cent solution of formaldehyd-should be used for each sheet. The sheets should be evenly sprinkled so they will not drip. The air becomes impregnated in about three minutes, so that quick action is necessary. The hands and wrists should be protected from the spray with rubber gloves. On completing the spraying, the room should be tightly closed and so left for, at least, five hours. Then the room should be freely opened to the fresh air and sunlight, and a little ammonia sprinkled about to neutralize the disagreeable pungency of the gas. Dr. Behm's formaldehyd sprinkler is recommended as a perfectly satisfactory and inexpensive apparatus.

NOTE.—This circular is for free distribution. Copies may be had by applying to the secretary of the State board of health, Denver, Colo.

[Reports to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service.]

The rat as a carrier of plague germs.

NEW ORLEANS, March 20, 1900.

DEAR DOCTOR: Kindly inform me-

- (1) Can rats carry the plague without being affected with it?
- (2) Can they carry the live germs in their fur?
- (3) How long?
- (4) Can they have bacilli in their feces without having the plague?
- (5) Can they carry fleas infected with bacilli without having the plague themselves?

If you can not answer, please tell me who can.

Respectfully, EDMOND SOUCHON, M. D.,

President Louisiana State Board of Health.

MARCH 30, 1900.

DEAR DOCTOR: Replying to your inquiries of March 20, concerning plague, I have to say—

- (1) That, as far as known, rats do not carry the plague without being affected by it.
- (2) It is possible to conceive that the germ may be in the fur of a rat and the animal not be sick with the disease. But it is probable that a rat would soon infect itself from this source, on account of their habit of dressing their fur.
- (3) The viability of the plague bacıllus outside the body is a disputed question. The German plague commission states that the organism will dry out and die in four days. According to experiments in the hygienic laboratory of this Service, the bacillus of plague has been found alive after twenty-one days on a piece of fabric, dried and kept in a cool, dark place. Further work on this line is being carried on.
- (4) According to the work of Batzuroff, rats are infected when fed with plague cultures. It is not likely that the organism lives in the intestinal canal of a healthy rat.
- (5) It is not positively known that fleas infected with plague may live in a healthy rat without infecting it. In our hygienic laboratory, fleas from plague-sick guinea pigs were found to carry the plague bacillus in virulent form.

Respectfully,

WALTER WYMAN.

Supervising Surgeon-General U.S. M. H. S.

Dr. EDMOND SOUCHON,

President, Louisiana State Board of Health, New Orleans, La.

Preparations against plague at Astoria, Oreg.

COLUMBIA RIVER QUARANTINE, Astoria, Oreg., March 22, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that, since your inquiry of January 18, relative to the precautions and preparation of the local health authorities for possible plague, a city physician has been appointed, an effort has been made to clean up the town, with special attention to the Chinese district, and a bounty of 5 cents per rat offered by the city for every dead rat delivered to the chief of police during the next thirty days.

Respectfully,

HILL HASTINGS, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Concerning plague suspects at San Francisco.

[Telegram.]

ANGEL ISLAND, CAL., April 2, 1900.

Complete examination of specimens of 3 suspected cases of plague does not show the presence of organism.

KINYOUN, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Smallpox imported to Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 3, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that 2 cases of smallpox were brought into the District of Columbia yesterday on the schooner *Annie Marts*, last from Port Royal, on the Rappahannock River, Virginia. Both cases have been removed to the smallpox hospital and the remaining member of the crew to the detention camp. The schooner is being disinfected by this department.

Respectfully,

WM. C. WOODWARD, M. D., Health Officer.

Smallpox epidemic in Indiana has subsided—Rules of the State board of health have the force of law.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 23, 1900.

SIR: I desire to inform you that the quarantine at Clay City has been raised and there is no further need of disinfecting the mails from that point. The smallpox epidemic in Indiana has quite subsided, for we have now to report but 12 cases in the State. The last 2 cases which appeared did not proceed from home infection. One, a woman who developed the disease in Cass County, a region heretofore free, came directly from New Orleans. The second case in Warren County, a region heretofore free, came from West Virginia, from a part of the State where smallpox exists. Our supreme court has decided that the health rules of the State board of health have all the force of law. We have taken advantage of this to secure the general vaccination of school children.

Respectfully,

J. N. HURTY, Secretary.

Case of smallpox from the La Cross at New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., March 27, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that I advised the New Orleans Cypress Company, Limited, regarding the admission of Joseph Rotolo, with smallpox from their boat *La Cross*, and advised them to have the crew vaccinated and the boat disinfected, and also requested them to notify me when the boat returned.

I was notified this morning of the boat's arrival at this city, where-

upon I notified the city board of health.

The city board asked that if this came within the jurisdiction of the Marine Hospital Service, they wished I would take charge of the vessel, as they were at present handicapped. I informed them that I reported the vessel just as I would a house, but under the circumstances would vaccinate the crew and inspect the vessel. On inspection, I found the crew and vessel laying up in the new basin, having returned at once on advice by the company per telegraph. The crew was composed of captain and 6 men; 3 had never been vaccinated, among them the captain. I vaccinated the whole crew.

The La Cross is a light draft tugboat, and on inspection proved to be

mechanically clean.

On receipt of the telegram, that 1 of the crew had smallpox, the captain destroyed the bedding of the patient and had the whole vessel washed down with boiling hot water.

I advised the captain to burn the mattresses, use sulphur fumigation

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in the cabins twenty-four hours, first sealing the cabin air-tight; after which, wash down the whole vessel with a solution of 1–500 bichloride of mercury, and twenty-four hours after this wash down with boiling hot water. The company is anxious to have this vessel clean and will do this work as I had outlined.

I requested the city board of health to send an inspector to see that

the work of disinfection is properly done.

I visited the patient, Joseph Rotolo, at the smallpox hospital and found him well taken care of. He is now in the vesicular stage of eruption, confluent on the face.

Since the above writing I have been informed that the inspector reports that the work of disinfection of the *La Cross* is being properly per-

formed, as I had outlined.

Respectfully, R. H. VON EZDORF,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., In Temporary Charge.

Smallpox in a family from the steamship Vancouver.

PORTLAND, ME., March 27, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to state that no further cases of smallpox have appeared in the family from the steamship *Vancouver* mentioned in my report of the 20th instant, nor in the crew. The ship sailed for Halifax on the 25th instant. On the 23d instant the chief baker of the ship was taken sick and an eruption appeared on the face at night.

The chairman of the board of health and I saw him on the 23d, and though practically sure it was measles, decision was reserved until the 24th on account of the previous case of smallpox. On the 24th there was no further possibility of doubt, and at the request of the British vice-consul the patient was admitted to this hospital (lazaretto).

I report this in detail because of the case of smallpox, and also because of the case of measles reported by the ship's surgeon on arrival in port, to which I alluded in my report of the 20th instant, and of which diagnosis I began to be very suspicious in spite of the emphatic statements of the ship's surgeon.

Respectfully,

S. D. BROOKS, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Smallpox at Folsom and Catskill, N. Mex.

FORT STANTON, N. MEX., March 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that in accordance with Bureau letter of February 27, 1900 (G. and J. H. W.), directing me to proceed to Folsom and Catskill, N. Mex., relative to smallpox, I went to Trinidad, Colo., and consulted with the city and county health officers. Both informed me that they had been misinformed in the first instance as to the number of cases at Folsom. It had been written to these gentlemen that there were 60 cases in Folsom, which proved to be false, there being only 8 at that particular time; therefore, the regulations which had been made to quarantine Folsom were revoked. These gentlemen inform me that the young physician in charge at Folsom is perfectly reliable and efficient and that he keeps them well informed.

There have been 2 cases of smallpox at Catskill. This is only a small lumber town, 27 miles from Trinidad. There are no known cases

there now.

The city and county health officers stated that they did not believe the conditions justified any interference. Trinidad being the town chiefly interested, I thought it useless to go to Catskill and Folsom, as Folsom only has 4 cases, and there are none at Catskill. I requested these officers to notify me by wire in case there should be any further trouble.

In this connection I inclose a copy of a letter from the secretary of the State board of health of Colorado, which will further explain the situation.

Respectfully,

J. O. COBB, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

[Inclosure.]

COLORADO STATE BOARD OF HEALTH, March 13, 1900.

SIR: Yours of March 8 received. I am of the opinion that you will find matters both at Folsom and Catskill in good condition at present, but there were numerous complaints by the Colorado health officers near the New Mexico line some two months

ago that there was great carelessness at both these points.

The regulations of the Colorado State board of health require immediate report of every case of smallpox, giving the source of infection in each case. Trinidad has had several infections from New Mexico, the details of which I will be very glad to give you when you come to Denver, or if you go to Trinidad, Dr. A. B. Harbison, a member of our board, or Dr. D. F. Dayton, health officer of Trinidad, can give you the desired information.

Denver had an importation from Folsom in January, which resulted in 2 subsequent cases. The reason why the complaint was made to the Marine-Hospital Service was that for years there has been constant complaint of the carelessness of New Mexico's health authorities, and the majority of our importations of smallpox has been

We are perfectly willing to have Colorado's health matters investigated, so that if there be carelessness of the local health officers along the border line in our State, such carelessness may be brought to our attention and rectified, but as I had failed after making repeated requests to the governor of New Mexico and the Territorial health board, to secure a remedy to the difficulty, the board directed me to lay the matter before the Marine-Hospital Service. I beg to assure you that I will give you all possible aid in order that the absolute facts may be obtained.

Hoping soon to meet you, I am,

Respectfully,

G. E. TYLER, Secretary.

J. O. COBB, M. D.,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Fort Stanton, N. Mex.

Case of smallpox among Russian immigrants.

PORT TOWNSEND, March 27, 1900.

SIR: One case of smallpox is reported among 9 Russian immigrants from Halifax. They were admitted to country before diagnosed at Sumas, but now quarantined at New Whatcomb.

FOSTER. Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H. S.

Smallpox in Wisconsin.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., March 26, 1900.

SIR: In compliance with resolutions adopted by the conference of State and provincial boards of health, it becomes my duty to hereby report the following additional cases of smallpox in this State:

One case at Wild Rose, Waushara County, origin unknown; 2 cases at Eau Claire, Eau Claire County, reported to have been contracted from perforated letters that were fumigated and received from Buckhannon, W. Va. All precautions are being taken as to quarantine and vaccination.

Respectfully.

U. O. B. WINGATE Secretary.

REPORTS FROM THE MEXICAN BORDER.

Eagle Pass, Tex., March 26, 1900.—I have the honor to report that for the week ended March 24, 1900, some 35 persons were returned to Mexico, said persons all coming from districts infected with smallpox and having been directly exposed to the same. On Saturday, the 24th instant, a family of 13 were taken from a coach and transported, for the reason that some of the children had evidently just got up from smallpox. The clothing of these individuals was filthy in the extreme, and the evidence was so perceptible that the individuals were wearing at the time the same clothes which they wore while suffering from smallpox, that I deemed it unsafe to pass them. Besides this their baggage could not have been properly fumigated here on account of its nature, burning being the only course to pursue. As this would have left them devoid of sleeping material transportation was deemed the wiser course to pursue, more especially since the immigrant inspector refused to pass them.

This family was on the train, in the second class coach, only about twenty minutes but the stench caused by them was so offensive and the chance of infecting the car so great that I deemed it wise to fumigate the car, hence I ordered same cut-out of the train and forthwith proceeded to fumigate with Gycochloro formol by means of the autoclave at this place. Before using the autoclave, however, I sprinkled the car with formalin for fear that the autoclave would not work properly, though in this I was mistaken; however, the fumigation was a decided

success.

Respectfully,

LEA HUME, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

EL PASO, TEX., March 24, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the summary of work during the

week ended March 24, 1900:

Inspection Mexican Central Railroad passenger trains, 143; inspection Rio Grande Pacific Railroad Mexican trains (passengers), 22; inspection of excursion trains from Mexico (2), passengers, 101; inspection of immigrants, 27; disinfection of baggage, 14; disinfection of linen of excursion trains left at El Paso for laundry, 1,200 pieces; disinfection of Juarez linen imported for El Paso laundry, 312 pieces; disinfection of goatskins, 7 bundles; vaccination of immigrant children, 6.

Respectfully, E. ALEXANDER,
Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Laredo, Tex., March 26, 1900.—I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended March 18, 1900: Passengers on Mexican National Railroad inspected and passed, 328; immigrants inspected and allowed entry, 6; persons vaccinated upon entry, 6.

Laredo, Tex., March 27, 1900.—I have the honor to submit the following report for week ended March 25, 1900: Passengers on Mexican National Railroad inspected and allowed entry, 348; immigrants inspected and allowed entry, 22; immigrants vaccinated upon entry, 4.

Respectfully,

H. J. Hamilton,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

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Reports of States and yearly and monthly reports of cities of the United States.

CONNECTICUT—Bridgeport.—Month of February, 1900. Estimated population, 65,000. Total number of deaths, 84, including diphtheria, 1; measles, 8, and 13 from tuberculosis.

New Haven.—Month of February, 1900. Estimated population, 115, 000. Total number of deaths, 159, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 1; whooping cough, 2, and 23 from phthisis pulmonalis.

INDIANA.—The Monthly Bulletin of the State board of health, for the month of February, 1900, says:

Total number of deaths reported, 2,732; an annual death rate of 13.4 per 1,000. The rate for January was 12.7. This shows an increase of 0.7, but as January has thirty-one days and February twenty-eight the

comparative increase is still greater.

There were 463 deaths under one year of age, which is 22.7 per cent of the whole number of deaths. The number of deaths from one to four years of age was 208, which is 10.2 per cent of the whole number, and 34.1 per cent were 65 years of age and over, the number of this class being 694. The deaths from all forms of tuberculosis were 395, the pulmonary form causing 339, an annual death rate per 100,000 of 166.6.

Typhoid fever caused 48 deaths, an annual rate of 23.5 per 100,000, indicating a total for the year of 1,269; and February is not considered a typhoid month. We earnestly hope the people will very soon give open ear to the teachings of sanitary science and by practice stop this

horrid and awful waste of life.

Diphtheria and croup caused 67 deaths, an annual rate per 100,000

of 57, and this indicates an annual total of 1,507.

Medical school inspection would materially reduce cases and deaths from diphtheria, scarlet fever, measles, whooping cough, and like children's diseases. Twenty children died of whooping cough during the month. This is almost 1 each day, and yet people consider this disease of little consequence and propose to permit their children to

have it as early in life as possible.

The pneumonia deaths are still high, 401 having perished from this disease in February. Cerebro-spinal meningitis caused 58 deaths, influenza 65, puerperal septicemia 7, cancer 78, and violence 87. The total deaths reported, from smallpox was 4. Two of these occurred in Posey and 2 in Clay County. We are constrained to believe that this malady has caused more deaths than are reported for it, as certainly there have been more cases of smallpox than have been reported. Also we are informed of several deaths, the cause of which was most probably smallpox, but, with the diagnosis of this disease, other causes were given either through ignorance or intent.

The northern counties, having a population of 892,448, return a total of 811, an annual death rate of 11.9. The central counties, population 1,022,694, return a total of 1,109, rate 14; and the southern counties,

population 729,838, return 812 deaths, a rate of 14.4.

Cities.—Cities of over 50,000 inhabitants, Indianapolis and Evansville, report 273 deaths, an annual rate of 18.6. Cities of 25,000 to 50,000 inhabitants, Fort Wayne, South Bend, and Terre Haute, report 133 deaths, an annual rate of 15. Cities of 10,000 to 25,000 inhabitants, Anderson, Elkhart, Elwood, Hammond, Jeffersonville, Kokomo, Lafayette, Logansport, Marion, Michigan City, Muncie, New Albany, Richmond, and Vincennes, report 315 deaths, a rate of 19.4. Cities of 5,000

to 10,000 inhabitants, twenty in number, report 187 deaths, a rate of 17.2. Cities of under 5,000 inhabitants, thirty-nine in number, report 163 deaths, a rate of 16.3. All cities represent a population of 790,522 and a death rate of 17.6. The rural population, which in this review includes towns and hamlets, being a population of 1,854,458, shows a death rate of 11.6. The pulmonary tuberculosis rate per 100,000 inhabitants is—cities, 228.5; country, 140.2. The rates for cities and country for certain diseases are as follows: Typhoid fever, 24.6 and 23.1; diphtheria, 36.1 and 19.6; scarlet fever, 6.5 and 7; whooping cough, 8.2 and 10.5; pneumonia, 238.4 and 179.4; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 27.9 and 28.7; influenza, 27.9 and 33.6; puerperal septicæmia, 0 and 4.9; cancer 54.1 and 31.5; violence, 69 and 31.5. In this comparison the cities are last except in puerperal fever, and this probably indicates greater care among city physicians in cases of labor.

Columbia City, Delhi, and Montpelier had not a single death in February, and Newton County, population 11,455, reports but 3 deaths.

Iowa—Boone.—Month of February, 1900. Census population, 6,520. Total number of deaths, 4, including 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Burlington.—Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 29, including enteric fever, 4; whooping cough, 1, and 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Carroll.—Estimated population, 3,000. One death.

Cedar Falls.—Estimated population, 6,000. Total number of deaths, 7, including 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Cedar Rapids.—Estimated population, 28,000. Total number deaths, 27, including enteric fever, 1, and 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Corydon.—Estimated population, 1,600. Total number of deaths, 2. No deaths from contagious disease.

Davenport.—Estimated population, 42,000. Total number of deaths, 34, including enteric fever, 1, and 4 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Des Moines.—Estimated population, 78,000. Total number of deaths, 80, including 9 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Dubuque.—Estimated population, 45,000. Total number of deaths, 35, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 1, and 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

Eldon.—Estimated population, 2,000. Total number of deaths, 2. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Fort Madison.—Estimated population, 12,000. Total number of deaths, 10. No deaths from contagious diseases.

Le Mars.—Census population, 4,036. No deaths.

The Health Bulletin says:

Outbreaks of infectious diseases were reported to the secretary of the State board of health as having occurred during the month of February in the following localities:

Diphtheria.—Hillsdale, Washington Township, Story County; Alton; Lincoln Township, Cass County; Victor; Logan Township, Calhoun County; Kimballton; French Creek Township, Allamakee County; Floyd; Floyd Township, Floyd County; Wiota; Irvington; Burt;

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Clear Creek Township, Jasper County; Tama; Kellogg; Kellogg Township, Josper County; Clay Township, Hardin County; Dubuque.

Measles. - Goldfield; Marathon.

Scarlet fever.—Ashton; Everly; Arlington; Fairfield Township, Fayette County; Morning Sun Township, Louisa County; Atlantic; Union City Township, Allamakee County; Boone; Cushing; Fayette; Rolfe; Jordan Township, Monona County; Hartland Township, Worth County; Fort Atkinson; Smithfield Township, Fayette County; Otho Township, Webster County; Mondamin; Morton Township, Page County; Viola Township, Osceola County; Northwood; Paton Township, Greene County; Elliott Township, Louisa County; Jefferson Township, Dallas County; Lafayette Township, Allamakee County; Shelby; Scott Township, Madison County; Center Township, Fayette County; Prairie Township, Keokuk County; Highland Township, O'Brien County; Lake Township, Humboldt County; Clare; Danbury; Sheffield; Washington Township, Buena Vista County; Moingona; Pleasant Township, Pottawattamie County; Fulton Township, Webster County.

Smallpox.—Mapleton; Maple, Jordan, and Center Townships, Monona County; Fraser; Clinton; De Moines; Indianola; Hillsdale; Muscatine; Jefferson; Morgan Township, Harrison County; Jackson Township, Madison County; Gilman Township, Osceola County; Fort Dodge;

Boone; Ames; Story City; Rock Valley.

In addition to the foregoing reported for February there have been reported up to this date, March 8, outbreaks in the following places:

Cooper Center and Grant Townships, Monona County; Radcliffe; Ute; Carroll; Story City, two new cases; Hubbard; Marietta Township, Marshall county.

Typhoid fever.—Burlington; Davenport; Dubuque.

Whooping cough.—Burlington.

MICHIGAN.—Reports to the State board of health, Lansing, for the week ended March 24, 1900, from 65 observers, indicate that there was no disease which showed a marked increase or decrease when compared with the preceding week. Phthisis pulmonalis was reported present at 156, measles at 118, scarlet fever at 61, enteric fever at 32, diphtheria at 20, whooping cough at 18, smallpox at 7, and cerebro-spinal meningitis at 6 places.

NORTH CAROLINA.—Reports to the State board of health, for the month of February, 1900, from 18 towns having an aggregate population of 106,950—white, 61,875; colored, 45,075, show a total of 120 deaths—white, 53; colored, 67, including measles, 1, and 17 from phthisis pulmonalis.

OHIO—Irontown.—Month of February, 1900. Estimated population, 15,000. Total number of deaths, 10, including 2 from phthisis pulmonalis.

VIRGINIA—Richmond.—Month of February, 1900. Estimated population, 101,560. Total number of deaths, 129, including 5 from enteric fever.

Report of immigration at Baltimore for the week ended March 31, 1900.

OFFICE U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Baltimore, Md., March 31, 1900.

March 28, vessel Koln, from Bremen, with 1,052 immigrants.

PERCY C. HENNIGHAUSEN,

Commissioner.

Report of immigration at Boston for the week ended March 25, 1900.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Boston, March 25, 1900.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended March 25, 1900; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Mar. 18	Steamship Sagamore	Liverpool, England	1
Do		Yarmouth, Nova Scotiado.	100
Mar. 19	Steamship Livonia	Glasgow, Scotland	2
Do		Port Morant, Jamaica	
Mar. 22 Do	Steamship Turcoman Steamship Prince Arthur	Yarmouth, Nova Scotia	9
Do	Steamship Boston	do	8
Do	Steamship Halifax	Halifax, Nova Scotia	8
Mar. 23 Do	Schooner Ella Steamship Cambrian	Louisburg, Nova Scotia London, England	
Mar. 24	Steamship Cestrian	Liverpool, England	2 2
	Total		51

GEORGE B. BILLINGS, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at New York for the week ended March 24, 1900.

Office of U. S. Commissioner of Immigration, Port of New York, March 27, 1900.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended March 24, 1900; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Mar. 19 Mar. 20 Mar. 21 Do Mar 22 Do Do Do Mar 23 Do Do Mar. 24 Do	Steamship Astoria	Rotterdam	570 363 542 720 247 1, 500 823 990 133
	Total		7, 751

THOMAS FITCHIE, Commissioner. Report of immigration at New York for the week ended March 31, 1900.

OFFICE OF U.S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of New York, March 31, 1900.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended March 31, 1900; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Mar. 25	Steamship New York		400
Do	Steamship La Touraine	Havre	584
Mar. 26	Steamship Tartar Prince	Genoa and Naples	1,039
Mar. 27	Steamship Friesland	Antwerp	
Do	Steamship Dona Maria		517
Mar. 28	Steamship Frederick der Grosse		
Do	Steamship >paarndam		
Do			
Do		Lisbon and the Azores	
Do		Genoa and Naples	
Mar. 29	Steamship Albano	Hamburg	610
Mar. 30	Steamship Saale		
Do	Steamship Germanic	Liverpool and Queenstown	
Mar. 31	Steamship Phœnicia	Hamburg	2,019
Do	Steamship St. Paul	Southampton	
Do	Steamship Lucania	Liverpool and Queenstown	
	Total		10,777

THOMAS FITCHIE, Commissioner.

Report of immigration at Philadelphia for the week ended March 31, 1900.

OFFICE OF U. S. COMMISSIONER OF IMMIGRATION, Port of Philadelphia, March 31, 1900.

Number of alien immigrants who arrived at this port during the week ended March 31, 1900; also names of vessels and ports from which they came.

Date.	Vessel.	Where from,	No. of immigrants.
Mar. 26 Mar. 29	Steamship BelgenlandSteamship Mackinaw	Liverpool and Queenstown	290 5
	Total		295

J. L. HUGHES, Commissioner. Arrival of alien steerage passengers at Havana, Cuba, during the week ended March 24, 1900.

HAVANA, CUBA, March 24, 1900.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended March 24, 1900:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Mar. 18 Mar. 20	Steamship Alfonso XIII	Vera Cruzdo	31 18
	Total		49

Respectfully,

H. R. CARTER, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Arrival of alien steerage passengers at Santiago during the week ended March 17, 1900.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, March 17, 1900.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended March 17, 1900:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immigrants.
Do Mar. 13	British schooner Golden Rule Spanish steamship Miguel Jover Haitian schooner Emmanuel & Raoul Haitian schooner James Stafford	Kingston, Jamaica	45 3 22
	Total	***************************************	74

Respectfully,

HERMAN B. PARKER, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Report of immigrants inspected at the port of Daiquiri, Cuba, during the month of February, 1900.

Total number of immigrants inspected, 306; number passed, 306; number certified for deportation on account of dangerous contagious or loathsome diseases, or for other physical causes, none.

Disposition of immigrants certified for deportation.—Number deported, none; number admitted, 306.

JUAN J. DE JONGH, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

Report of alien immigrants arriving at San Juan, Porto Rico, during the week ended March 17, 1900.

SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO, March 17, 1900.

March 13, steamship Cataluna, from Barcelona, Malaga, Cadiz, Las Palmas, Santa Cruz la Palma, with 21 immigrants.

C. H. LAVINDER,
Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., In Command.

REPORTS FROM NATIONAL QUARANTINE

Number	Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Portof departure
	United States:	Mar. 31			
1	Alexandria, Va Beaufort, N. C.	do	***************************************		
2 3	Brunswick, Ga	Mar. 24	Uruguayan bark Mon- ternes.	Mar. 24	Havana
		Mar. 31	do (a)		
5	Cape Charles, Va	do	***************************************	***********	***************************************
6	Cape Charles, Va Cape Fear, N. C Columbia River, Oreg	do Mar. 24	Am. bkn. Arago Am. sc. Louis Br. bk. Invernesshire	Mar. 19 Mar. 22	Honolulu
7	Delaware Breakwater Quarantine, Lewes, Del.	Mar. 31	Dr. Dk. Invernessure		
8	Enwales Cal	Mar. 24		***************************************	
9 0	Grays Harbor, Wash	do			
	Grays Harbor, Wash Gulf Quarantine, Ship Island, Miss.	do			
n	Los Angeles, Cal	Mar. 17	***************************************		
2	Newbern, N. C.	Mar. 24 Mar. 31 Mar. 24			
3	Newbern, N. C Pascagoula, Miss	Mar. 24		*************	*********************
4	Port Townsend, Wash	Mar. 31 Mar. 24	Br. bk. Holywood	Mar. 19	Honolulu
			Am. sc. Okanogan Am. sc. Wm.G. Witzeman	do Mar. 20	Hilo
			Br. ss. Victoria	Mar. 21	Hilo Hongkong via Nagasaki.
5	Reedy Island Quarantine,	Mar. 31	Am. s. Annie M. Campbell Bk. Nellie M. Slade (a)	do Mar. 7	Honolulu Rosario
6	Del. San Diego, Cal	Mar. 24	French cruiser Protet	Mar. 24	South, Centra American, and
7	San Francisco, Cal	do	Ger. ship H. F. Giade	Mar. 19	Mexican ports Honolulu,
			Am. bk. C. D. Bryant Am. sc. Mary Dodge Am. bk. R. P. Rithet Am. bk. Andrew Welsh Am. sc. Mary E 'Foster	do do Mar. 20 Mar. 23	Kahuluidodododo
			Am. sc. mary E. Poster		
			Am. so. mary E. Poster		
8	San Pedro, Cal	Mar. 17 Mar 24			
9	Savannah, Ga	Mar. 17 Mar. 24 do			
9	Savannah, Ga South Atlantic Quaran- tine. Del.	do	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
8 9 10 11 122	Savannah, Ga South Atlantic Quaran- tine, Del. Tortugas Quarantine, Key West, Fla. Washington, N. C	do		Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 1	Savannah, Ga	do do Mar. 31	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 1 2	Savannah, Ga	do Mar. 31 Mar. 24	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 1 2 2	Savannah, Ga	do Mar. 31 Mar. 24	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 11 12 13 14 15	Savannah, Ga	do	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 1 2 3 4 5 5	Savannah, Ga	do	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 11 12 13 14 15	Savannah, Ga	do	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 1 2 3 4 5 5	Savannah, Ga	dodododododododododododododododododo	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 11 12 13 14 15	Savannah, Ga	Mar. 31 Mar. 24 Mar. 17 Mar. 3 Mar. 17 Mar. 17 Mar. 17 Mar. 17 Mar. 3 Mar. 17	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9 0 11 12 13 14 15	Savannah, Ga	Mar. 31 Mar. 24do Mar. 31 Mar. 17do Mar. 3 Mar. 3 Mar. 3 Mar. 24do	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos
9	Savannah, Ga	Mar. 31 Mar. 24 Mar. 17 Mar. 3 Mar. 17 Mar. 17 Mar. 17 Mar. 17 Mar. 3 Mar. 17	Sp. bk. Josefa Formosa	Mar. 17	Santos

a Previously reported.

AND INSPECTION STATIONS.

7 8 9 10	Astoria	Held for discharge of ballast. Ballast discharged. Disinfected to kill rats. do. do. do. Partial disinfection	Mar. 31 Mar. 21 Mar. 24 do Mar. 21	No transactions	7 8 7 3 2 4 4 1 1
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Astoria	Disinfected to kill rats	Mar. 31 Mar. 21 Mar. 24 do Mar. 21	No transactions	7 8 7 3 2
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Astoria	Ballast discharged Disinfected to kill rats do do Partial disinfection do do	Mar. 21 Mar. 24 do	No transactions	4
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Astoria	Disinfected to kill ratsdodo	Mar. 21 Mar. 24 do	No transactions	4
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Seattle. Portland Seattle. Port Townsend Tacoma Seattle.	Partial disinfectiondo	Mar. 21	No transactions	4 1
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Seattle	Partial disinfection	Mar. 21	No transactions Crew bathed; clothing disinfected.	1 1
10 11 12 13 14	Seattle	Partial disinfectiondodo	Mar. 21	No transactions	1
12 13 14	Seattle	Partial disinfectiondodo	Mar. 21	Crew bathed; clothing disinfected.	6
13	Seattle	Partial disinfectiondodo	Mar. 21	Crew bathed; clothing disinfected.	
	Port Townsend Tacoma Seattle	Partial disinfectiondodo	Mar. 21	Crew bathed; clothing disinfected.	7
	Tacoma Seattle	do	do		
			Mar. 22 do	do	*************
15	Philadelphia	Preliminary fumigation with sulphur.	Mar. 23 Mar. 31	do	21
16	San Francisco, via San Diego.	with sulphur. Passed on statement of medical officer.	Mar. 24	*************	2
17	San Francisco	Disinfected	Mar. 21	Crew bathed; clothing and effects disinfected.	15
	do		do	and effects disinfected, dodo	************
	do	do	do	do	
*****	do	do	do Mar. 22	do	************
18	do	do	do	2 cases malaria fever on Br. sh. Jessamine from Acapulco. 1 case of enteric fever on Jap. ss. Hongkong Maru, en route; 367 steerage passengers and oriental crew bathed and effects dis- infected. No transactions	************
*****	***************************************				*************
19 20	Fernandina	Disinfected twice and held		***************************************	9
21		***************************************		No transactions	************
22	***************************************	***************************************	••••••	do	******
23	***************************************	***********************************	***************************************		
25	***************************************	***************************************		1 case malaria on U.S.A. transport McPherson; slight.	14
26 27 28			*************	No report	2
28	************************			do	**************
29 30 31			***************************************	***************************************	11
31	********************	***************************************	*************	No report	
32 33	***************************	*******************************	***************************************	***************************************	
******					2
34	New York	Boarded and passed	Mar. 16	*****************************	18

REPORTS FROM NATIONAL QUARANTINE

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival.	Port of departure.
35 36	Porro Rico: Ponce	Mar. 17 do			•••••••••••••••••••••••
		Mar. 24		******	
87 88 89 40 41	Humacao	do do			***************************************

REPORTS FROM STATE AND

Number.	Name of station.	Week ended.	Name of vessel.	Date of arrival	Port of departure
1 2	Anclote, Fla				
8	Bangor, Me				
ă	Boston, Mass				
6	Carrabelle, Fla				
6	Cedar Keys, Fla	do			
7	Charleston, S. C	do			
8	Charlotte Harbor, Fla				
9	Elizabeth River, Va	do			
0	Galveston, Tex	Mar. 24	Br. ss. Tullochmoor (a)	Mar. 16	Calcutta
1	Gardiner, Oreg	Mar. 17			
2	Key West, Fla	Mar. 24			
		Mar. 31			
3	Mayport, Fla	do			
4	Mobile Bay, Ala	do			***************************************
5	New Bedford, Mass	do			
6	New Orleans, La				
7	Newport News, Va	do	***************************************	***************************************	
8	Newport, R. I				
9	New York, N. Y	do	***************************************	************	***********************
0	Pass Cavallo, Tex	do		*************	*************************
1	Pensacola, Fla	do	***********************************	**************	***************************************
2	Port Royal, S. C	do	***************************************	***************************************	******
3	Providence, R. I	do		*****	
5	Quintana, Tex	do	***************************************	***********	*******************
6	St. Helena Entrance, S. C Tampa Bay, Fla	do	***************************************	************	**********************
	Tampa Day, Fla	do	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************

a Previously reported.

AND INSPECTION STATIONS—Continued.

Number.	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, passengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
35 36	***************************************	***************************************		******************************	.7
30		***************************************	***************************************	5 pieces of unlabeled steerage baggage on Sp. ss. Cataluna from Barcelona disinfected.	11
*****	***************************************		****************	4 nonimmune passengers on Sp. ss. Maria Her- rera held; 1 trunk dis- infected.	15
37 38 39	***********************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	2
89 40 41	***************************************		************		1 1

MUNICIPAL QUARANTINE STATIONS.

Manager	Destination.	Treatment of vessel, pas- sengers, and cargo.	Date of depar- ture.	Remarks.	Vessels inspected and passed.
1		***************************************		No report	
2					************
3		***************************************			*************

5		***************************************			
6		***************************************	************	do	***********
7				***************************************	1
8				No report	
9					
õ		Being fumigated			
i		Deling Tulling accumum.			
2					-
6	***************************************	***************************************	*********	*************************	
***		***************************************			
3	******	***************************************	*******	No report	
•					
5			**************	No report	
6					
7			1		1
8					1
9					
		***************************************			*************
0	***************************************	***************************************	*************		**********
1	***********************		************		
2		***************************************		do	
3				No transactions	
4				No report	
5					
6			1	do	
10		***************************************	***********		

Smallpox in the United States as reported to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, December 29, 1899, to April 6, 1900.

[For reports received from June 30, to December 29, 1899, see Public Health Reports for December 29.]

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Alahama:				
Jefferson County	Jan. 1-Feb. 5	86		
Mobile	Jan. 2-Mar. 31	36	1	
Whistler	Jan. 1-Feb. 5 Jan. 2-Mar. 31 Jan. 1-Feb. 3	2		
Total for State,	*************	124	1	
Total for State, same period,		130	2	
1899.				
rkansas:				G
Arkansas County	Feb. 2	*************	************	Smallpox reported Do.
Columbia County	do	************	***************************************	Do.
Conway County	do			Do.
Crittenden County	do	***************************************	************	Do. Do.
Crittenden County Drew County	do	************		Do.
Faulkner County	do	***********	**********	Do.
Fulton County	do	***************************************	*****************	Do.
Green CountyIndependence County	do	***************************************	***********	Do.
Independence County	do,	***********	*************	Do. Do.
Jackson County	do	************	***********	Do.
Jefferson County Lawrence County	do			Do. Do.
Lincoln County	do			Do.
Logan County	do			Do.
Perry County Phillips County	do			Do.
Phillips County	do			Do.
Prairie County	do	***************************************		Do.
Prairie County	Oct. 1-Feb. 2	60	8	-
Saline County	Feb. 2	***************************************	*************	Do.
White County (Conner)	Pak 9 Pak 91	40	*************	Do. Do.
Scott County	do. 2-reo. 21	30	***************************************	Do.
" county	*****			20.
Total for State		100	8	
Total for State, same period,	*************************	8	1	
1899.				
California:	Ton 10	3		
Los Angeles	Jan. 18	87	15	
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************	- 01	10	
Colorado:				
Arapahoe County	Jan. 7-Feb. 28	12		
El Paso County	Feb. 12-Feb. 26	9	*****	
Huerfano County	Dec. 29-Jan. 26	6	***************************************	
Lake County			***************************************	
Las Animas County	Feb. 4	1	************	
Lincoln County	Dec. 15-Jan. 1	2		
Rio Grande County	Peo. 27-Mar. 19	17	2	
Sagnache County	Dec. 25	1	***********	
Total for State	***************************************	50	2	
Total for State, same period,	***************************************	125	8	
1899,				
Delaware:				
Wilmington	Jan. 7-Jan. 13		1	
Total for State, same period,	**********************	0	0	
1899. District of Columbia:				
Washington	Jan. 12-April 2	8		
	Jan. 12-April 2	63	*************	
period, 1899.		- 33		
Plorida:				
Jacksonville	Jan. 7-Mar. 17 Jan. 16-Feb. 9	19	************	
Pensacola	Jan. 16-Feb. 9	2		
Total for St. t.		21	***************************************	
Total for State	**********************			1
		91		
Total for State, Total for State, same period, 1899.		21	••••••	
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************		************	
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************			
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************			
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************			
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************			

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
leopale Continued				
Heorgia—Continued.	Ten 90	**************	*************	Several cases,
McIntosh County	do	1		Several Cases,
Wayne County		3	***************************************	
Waycross	Jan. 1-Feb. 18	23		
			2	
Total for State		168	2	
Total for State, same period, 1899.	*****************	312	******	
linois:				
Aurora	Feb. 11-Mar. 17	19		
Cairo	Dec. 24-Mar. 17	54	4	
Chicago		13	***************************************	
Danville	Feb. 4-Feb. 10	1	***************************************	
Rockford	Feb. 11-Feb. 17	2	***********	
Springfield	Jan. 21-Mar. 18	2		
Springfield Alexander County Bond County Boone County	Dec. 1-Feb. 28			Smallpox reported.
Bond County	do	********************************	*******	Do.
Boone County	do	*****	*******	Do.
Bureau County Christian County	do	*************	**********	Do. Do.
Clinton County	40	************	************	Do.
Cook County	do	***********	*************	Do.
Cumberland County	do			Do.
DeWitt County	do			Do.
Cook County	do		***********	Do.
Fulton County	do			Do.
Gallatin County.	do			Do.
Gallatin County Hamilton County	do	***********	***********	Do.
Hardin County	do			Do.
Hardin County	do			Do.
Henry County	do	*************		Do.
Iroquois County	do		**********	Do.
Jackson County	do		*************	Do.
Jefferson County	do	*********	*********	Do.
Johnson County Lee County	do	************	************	Do. Do.
Livingston County				Do.
Macon County	do	*************	*************	Do.
Macoupin County	do			Do.
Madison County	do			Do,
Massac County	do		************	Do.
McHenry County	do			Do.
McLean County	do			Do.
McLean County	do		************	Do.
Ogle County	do	*************	************	Do.
Perry County	do	*********	*************	Do.
Piatt County	do	***************************************	************	Do.
Pope County Pulaski County	do	***************************************	*************	Do. Do.
Pandolph County	do	*******		Do.
Randolph County Rock Island County	do		************	Do.
Saline County				Do.
Sangamon County	do		***************************************	Do.
St. Clair County	do		*********	Do.
St. Clair County Schuyler County	do			Do.
Shelby County	do		********	Do.
Union County	do		*********	Do.
Shelby County	do		***********	Do.
Williamson County	do		**********	Do.
Winnebago County	do	*******	********	Do.
Total for State		88	4	
Total for State, same period,				
1899.			*********	
ndian Territory:	D 10			
Total for same period, 1899	Dec. 18	75	45	
ndiana:		0	40	
Adama County	Dec. 1-Dec. 31	1		
Adams CountyClay County	Jan. 17			Many cases.
Dearborn County	Dec. 1-Dec. 31	1		many custon.
Evansville	Dec. 24-Mar. 81	70		
Indianapolis	Jan. 15-Jan. 21			
Jennings County	Dec. 1-Dec. 31	4	************	
Madison County	do	14		
Posey County	do	. 26		
				1
Total for State		117	************	

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks
owa:	Feb. 1-Feb. 28	8	0	
Polk County	Feb. 8	16	0	
Total for State	***************************************	19	************	
Total for same period, 1899		8	1	
ansas:				
AnthonyArkansas City,	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	2 9	1	
Atchison County	Jan. 29-Feb. 28	11	******	
Burns, Marion County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	13	1	
Centralia Cherokee County	do	31	4	
Chautauqua County	do	2		
Emporia	do	10 31	***************************************	
Grantville	do	1		
Harvey County	do	1	***************	
Junction City	do	8 35		
Kansas City	Jan. 1-Feb. 28	9	1	
Lawrence County			***************************************	
Nemaha County	do	26	*************	
Montgomery County Marshall County			*************	
Lyon CountyLabette County	do	100		
Osawatomie	do	5	************	
Osage County	Nov 5-Feb 8	8 17		
Oswego, Labette County Ottawa	Feb. 1-Feb. 28	1		
Paola Parsons County	Jan. 1-Jan. 81 Feb. 1-Feb. 28	1 3	1	
Reno County	do	1	*************	
Sedgwick County Shawnee County	Jan. 1-Feb. 28	5 45		
Sumner County	do	21 64	1	
Topeka	Jan. 1-Feb. 28	16	3	Many cases.
White Water, Butler County Wabaunsee County	Jan. 1-Feb. 28 Jan. 1-Jan. 31 Jan. 1-Feb. 28 Jan. 1-Mar. 24	1 29	*************	
Wichita	Jan. 1-Mar. 24	61	1	
Wyandotte County (outside Kansas City).	do	44	************	
Total for State	*************************	643	13	
Total for State, same period,		98	7	
entucky:				
CovingtonLouisville	Jan. 14-Mar. 31 Jan. 12-Feb. 22	52 10	1	
Paducah	Jan. 21	18	***************************************	
Total for State	********************************	80	1	
Total for State, same period,		289	4	
1899. puisiana:		-		
Ascension	Jan. 29-Feb. 3			
Assumption	Jan. 21-Jan. 27	8 7	4	
Avoyelles	Jan. 21-Mar. 24	198	26	
Concordia	Jan. 29-Feb. 3	28	3	Several cases,
De Soto E. Baton Rogue	Jan. 14-Jan. 20	1 5		
East Carroll Parish	Jan. 29-Feb. 3 Feb. 4-Feb. 10	1	************	6
East Feliciana	Feb. 4-Feb. 10 Jan. 13 Dec. 20-Jan. 27 Dec. 31-Feb. 3	50		
Iberville	Dec. 31-Feb. 3	26	2	
Lafayette	do	120)	1	
Livingston	Jan. 21-Jan. 27 Jan. 13 Jan. 29-Mar. 3	12	1	Do.

Places.	Date.	Cases,	Deaths.	Remarks.
Louisiana-Continued.				
Ouachita	Jan. 29-Feb. 3	1		
Plaquemine	Jan. 21-Jan. 27	1		
Point Coupée	Dec. 31-Feb. 3	7		
Rapides		5		
Richland	Feb. 11-Feb. 17	5		
Shreveport	LACC. TALBERT TARE	192	15	
St. Charles	Jan. 29-Feb. 3	3	***************************************	
St. James	Dec. 24-Jan. 17	21		
St. John	Jan. 29-Feb. 17	2		
St. Mary Parish	Apr. 1-Feb. 6	50	********	
St. Landry Parish	Sept. 1-Feb. 6	782	27	
Tangipahoa	Jan. 14-Feb. 24	11		
Tensas	Jan. 29-Feb. 3	35	************	
Vermilion	Jan. 21-Mar 3	17	***********	
Webster	Apr. 1-Feb. 6 Sept. 1-Feb. 6 Jan. 14-Feb. 24 Jan. 29-Feb. 3 Jan. 21-Mar 3 Mar. 18-Mar. 24	2	*****	
Total for State		2,346	278	
Total for State, same period,		153	2	
1899.				
Portland	Mar. 18-Mar. 24	1	*************	
Boston	Dec. 30-Mar. 31	4	1	
Lawrence		1		
Lowell	Dec. 24-Dec. 30	-02222	1	
Malden	Jan. 14-Jan. 27	3		
Total for State		9	2	
Michigan:	Pak 10 Was 21	10		
DetroitGrand Rapids	Mar. 4-Mar. 10	16	1	
Total for State	******************	17	1	
Total for State, same period, 1899.		19	1	
Minnesota:	Ton 1 May 90	10		CHA
Albert Lea		16	0	City.
Anoka County	Mar. 1-Mar. 20	15		37(1)
Butterfield		4	0	Village.
Duluth			0	City.
Faribault County		1	0	D-
Fergus Falls	do	1	0	Do.
Freeborn County	Jan. 1-Mar. 20	27	0	
Janesville	Jan. 1-Mar. 1	1	0	Village.
Jordan	do	1	0	Do.
Le Sauer County	Mar. 1-Mar. 20	1	0	
Minneapolis	Oct. 1-Mar. 17	198	4	-
New Richland Northfield	Jan. 1-Mar. 1	1	0	Do.
Northneld	Jan. 1-Mar. 20	21	0	City.
Owatonna		. 4		Do.
Rice County		4	0	37/11
St. James	Jan. 1-Mar. 1	16	0	Village.
St. Paul	Mar. 1-Mar. 20	6	0	
Westerner County	Jan. 1-Mar. 1 Jan. 1-Mar. 20	1	0	
Steele County Watonwan County Wright County	Jan. 1-Mar. 20 Jan. 1-Mar. 1	5	0	
Total for State,		331	5	
Total for State, same period,		1		
1899.				
Mississippi:	Ton 91 Pak 1"	303		
Greenwood	Jan. 21-Feb. 17		9	Puldemia massalla
Hinds County	Mar. 7			Epidemic prevails.
Total for same period, 1899	*******************************	21	3	
Missouri:				
Paris	Sept. 3-Feb. 5	37	4	
St. Louis		52	0	
Total for State		89	4	
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************	58	7	
Montana:				
	Feb. 7	100		

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Tahanaha .				
Vebraska: Dubois	Dec. 1-Feb. 15	2	2	
Guide Rock	do	7	0	
Liberty	Dec. 1-Feb. 15	13	0	
Omaha	Dec. 1-Mar. 24	19	0	
Total for State	••••••	41	2	
Total for State, same period, 1899		369	3	
New Jersey:				
Jersey City	Feb. 19-Feb. 25	1		
Total for State, same period, 1899.	***************************************	6		
New Mexico: Folsom	Mar. 21	4		
New York:				
Amsterdam New York City	Dec. 25-Dec. 30 Jan. 7-Mar. 31	20	************	

Total for State	***************************************	21	***************************************	
Total for State,same period, 1899.	***************************************	19	3	
				*
North Carolina: Alamance County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	8		
Beaufort	Dec. 27	1	**************	
Bertie County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	3	**************	
Cabarrus County	Dec. 1-Dec. 31	5	***************************************	
Cartaret County	do	ĭ	***************************************	
Charlotte	Dec. 1-Feb, 28	17	0	
Chatham County	Nov. 1-Jan. 31	33		
Currituck County	Dec. 1-Jan. 31	7	***********	
Davidson County	do	27	1	
Davie County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	7		
Edgecombe County	do	2	**************	
Gates County	do	13	***************************************	W
Greensboro	Jan. 15		***********	Numerous cases.
Guilford County	Jan. 15-Dec. 31	83	***********	
Halifax County	Dec. 1-Jan. 31	67	1	
Johnston County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	î		
Mecklenburg County	Dec. 1-Jan. 31	Ĝ	************	
Moore County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	ĭ	***************************************	
Nash County	Dec. 1-Jan. 31	4	************	
New Hanover County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	5		
Northampton County	Jan. 15-Jan. 31	10		
Orange County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	1		
Randolph County	Dec. 1-Jan. 31	12	******** ** ***	
Richmond County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	27	***************************************	
Robeson County	do	1	************	
Rowan County		54	**********	
Stanley County Stokes County	Jan. 1-Jan. 31	7	**********	
Burry County		84	*********	
Union County	dodo	5	************	
Union County	Jan. 15-Dec. 31	ĭ		
Wilmington	Jan. 25	2	••••••	
Total for State	*************************	507	2	
Total for State, same period,	***************************************	82	1	
1899.				
Ohio: Cincinnati	Dec. 23-Mar. 23	35		
Cleveland	Dec. 24-Mar. 24	239	1 2	
Hamilton	Dec. 24-Mar. 24 Dec. 31-Jan. 6	209	2	
Youngstown	Dec. 21-Feb. 24	10	. 0	
Total for State		286	3	
Total for State, same period,		364	5	
1899.	424444	304	-	
Oklahoma Territory:	Ton 10			0
Beaver County	Jan. 10	***************************************		Smallpox reported.
Blaine County	Dec. 27	1 7	0	
AND ACCES	Dec. 21		0	
Enid		4		

Places.		Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Note have Touritour Continued					
Logan County	Dec	27	10	0	
Noble County	Jan.	10			Smallpox reported.
Noble County Oklahoma City	Dec.	27	14	0	No cases at present.
Pawnee County	Jan.	10			Smallpox reported.
Shawnee	d	0	12	0	No cases at present,
Watonga	Jan.	10	1	0	
Yukon	d	o	6	0	No cases at present,
Total for Territory			55	***********	
Total for Territory, same			37	13	
period, 1899. Oregon :					
Astoria	Feb.	12	1		
Portland	Jan.	23-Mar. 23	6	************	
Total for State		•••••	7		
Total for State, same period, 1899.	** *****	******	0	0	
Pennsylvania:					
Allegheny County	Dec.	17-Jan. 20	5	***********	
Beaver County	Jan.	1-Dec. 31	1	*************	
McKeesport		21-Mar. 27 24-Mar. 3	1 9	1	
Philadelphia				*************	
Total for State	********	*****************	16		
Total for State, same period, 1899.		******	105	************	
South Carolina:					
Greenville,	Dec.	24-Mar. 24	11	**********	
Total for State, same period,		***************************************	19		
1899. Tennessee:					
Chattanooga	Jan.	22	9		
Columbia			24		
Memphis	Nov.	4-Mar. 24	485	5	
Mount Pleasant	Jan.	6	8		
Nashville	Dec.	24-Mar. 10	25		
Total for State	********	******** *********	551		
Total for State, same period,			112	5	
1899.	*********	****************			
Texas:					
Aline	Feb.	7-Feb. 13	1		
Angelina County	Jan.	17-Jan. 23	.1	***************************************	
Austin	Jan.	1-Feb. 28	15		
Bastrop County	Jan.	17-Jan. 23	19	***********	
Beaumont	Jan.	1-Jan. 30	3 2	*************	Garatta an antal
Belleville County	Jan.	7 Pah. 23	15	************	Smallpox reported,
Ponham	Ten.	1-Ten 16	10		
Bastrop County Beaumont Believille County Boggy Fork Bonham Bowie County	Jan.	1-Jan. 10	5	***************************************	
Brenham	Jean.	1-1-60. 20	5	1	
Drookahira		la	ĭ		
Caddo Milla	Jan	17-Jan 23	î		
Caldwell	Feb.	14-Feb. 20	2		
Caddo Mills	Jan.	24-Jan. 30	10	***************************************	
Cass County	Jan.	1-Jan. 16	1		
Chappel Hill	Feb.	7-Feb. 13	1		
Colmesneil		lo	1	************	
Corsicana		io	3		
Dalins		lo	7		
Denison					Several cases,
Direct	Jan.	17-Jan. 23	6		
El Paso	Feb.	4	1	************	
Farmersville		lo	25		
Fannin County	Feb.	4-Feb. 28	1	1	Do.
Floydada	Jan.	1-Jan. 16	1		
Fort Stockton		lo	4	***************************************	
Gainesville	Feb.	7-Feb. 13	8		
Galveston	Feb.	10	2		
	Web	7-Feb. 13	7		
Garrett	L.CO.				
Gilmer County	Feb.	7-Feb. 13 22-Feb. 28	2		
	Feb.	14-Feb. 20	3		

Places,	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks
Kas—Continued. Hillsboro	Feb. 22-Feb. 28	4		
Honey Grove	Jan. 1-Feb. 28			
Houston	Dec. 31-Jan. 27	12		
Hunt County	Feb. 7-Feb. 13	1		
Index	Jan. 1-Jan. 16	30		
Joaquin Leesburg	Feb. 7-Feb. 13	. 3	*************************	
Leesburg	Feb. 22-Feb. 28	. 2		
Malakoff	Feb. 14-Feb. 20	. 3		
Meadow	Jan. 17-Jan. 23	. 9		
Meridian	do	. 2	************	
Milano	Jan. 17-Jan. 30	. 8	************	
Mount Pleasant	Feb. 22-Feb. 28			
Navarro County		. 3	************	
Palestine	Feb. 7-Feb. 20	. 26		
Paris	Jan. 17-Jan. 30	. 6	***************************************	
Prairie Dell		. 13	***************************************	
Port Sullivan	do	. 3	***************************************	
Silver Lake	Feb. 22-Feb. 28	4	************	
St. Jo	Feb. 14-Feb. 20	. 20		
San Antonio,	Dec. 1-Feb. 28	. 5		
Sealey	Jan. 24-Jan. 30	. 2		
Sealey Seguin Smithville Taylor Temple Tyler Village Mills Washington County Whorton County	Jan. 1-Jan. 30	. 3	1	
Smithville	Jan. 11-Jan. 30	. 14		
Taylor	Feb. 22-Feb. 28	. 2	***************************************	
Temple	Jan. 11-Feb. 28	. 20	1	
Tyler	Jan. 11-Jan. 30	. 1		
Village Mills	Feb. 7-Feb. 13	1		
Washington County	Feb. 22-Feb. 28	***************************************	2	
Whorton County	Feb. 14-Feb. 20	***************************************	2	
Whorton County	Feb. 14-Feb. 20	1		
Wolfe City	Jan. 17-Jan. 23	. 3	***************************************	
Yoakum	Feb. 22-Feb. 28	7		
Total for State	***********************	517	8	
Total for State, same period,	***************************************	741	116	
1899.				
ah:				
Salt Lake City	Dec. 1-Mar. 24	. 43	************	
	************************	. 0	0	
1899.				
ginia:				
Alexandria	Feb. 14-Mar. 17	. 4	***********	
Bath County	Mar. 13	. 7		
Danville	Mar. 21-Mar. 28	. 30	***************************************	
Norfolk	Jan. 20	. 1	*********	
Petersburg				
Portsmouth	Dec. 24-Mar. 24	. 93	21	
Richmond	Jan. 1-Feb. 28	. 35	0	
Roanoke	Jan. 1-Feb. 28	. 19	0	
Total for State		. 193	21	
Total for State, same period,	***************************************	1,740	15	
1899.				
shington:				
Centralia	Feb. 26	. 150	***************************************	
Pierce County	Feb. 7	. 1		
Seattle	Feb. 15	. 1	0	
Spokane	Jan. 1-Mar. 24	. 177	2	
Tacoma	Feb. 12-Mar. 3	. 26	1	
Walla Walla	Feb. 21	. 2		
Total for State		077		
Total for State	***************************************	. 357	3	
	*****************	. 3	0	
Total for State, same period,	************************			
1899.				
1899. st Virginia :				Classes semanted
1899. st Virginia : Calhoun County	Jan. 31			Cases reported.
1899. st Virginia : Calhoun County Fayette County	Jan. 31 Jan. 26	. 18		
1899. st Virginia: Calhoun County Fayette County Gilmer County	Jan. 31	. 18	***************************************	Do.
st 899. It Virginia: Calhoun County	Jan. 31 Jan. 26 Jan. 31do	. 18	**************	
st Virginia: Calhoun County Fayette County Gilmer County Harrison County Lewis County	Jan. 31	. 18 . 5 . 25		
st Virginia: Calhoun County	Jan. 31	5 25 1		Do.
st Virginia: Calhoun County Fayette County Gilmer County Harrison County Lewis County McDowell County Mingo County	Jan. 31	5 25 1		
st Virginia: Calhoun County Payette County Gilmer County Harrison County Lewis County McDowell County Mingo County Monongalia County	Jan. 31	5 25 1		Do.
1899. 1899. 1809. 18	Jan. 31	5 25 1		Do.
st Virginia: Calhoun County Fayette County. Gilmer County. Harrison County Lewis County. McDowell County. Mingo County Monongalia County.	Jan. 31	5 25 1		Do.
1899. st Virginia: Calhoun County Fayette County Gilmer County Harrison County Lewis County McDowell County Mingo County Monongalia County Upshur County Webster County	Jan. 31	. 18 25 1 20 10		Do.
1899, st Virginia: Calhoun County	Jan. 31	18 5 25 1 1 20 10 80		Do.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Visconsin:				
	Mar. 26	2		
	Mar. 21	6		
Lafayette County	Feb. 3	1		
Lemonweir	Jan. 24-Feb. 3	5	1	
Mauston	Jan. 24	1		
Waushara County	Mar. 26	1		
Total for State	***************************************	16	1	
Total for State, same period, 1899.		17	2	
Wyoming:				4
Sweetwater County	Mar. 13	3	*********	
Uintah County	Mar. 3	1		
	***************************************	4	****	
Total for State, same period, 1899		6		
Grand total	***************************************	1,399	371	
Grand total, same period,				
1899	***************************************	4,997	254	

MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES.

		80.00	om				1	Deat	hs fr	rom-	-			
Cities.	Week ended.	Population, U. S Census of 1890.	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhusfever.	Entericfever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping
Allentown, Pa	Mar. 17	25, 228	16	2							1	1		
Do	Mar. 24	25, 228	14							1	**- ***	1		****
Ashtabula, Ohio	Mar. 31 do	8, 338 434, 439	240	22	*****	*****		******		*****	1	6	*****	0000
Baltimore, Md	Mar. 24	27, 839	5								2			****
Binghamton, N. Y	Mar. 31	35,005	31	3	*****							3		
Boston, Mass Bristol, R. I.,	do Mar. 24	448, 477	316	39						3	3	8	2	
Butler, Pa	Feb. 27	5, 478 8, 734 8, 734 8, 734 8, 734	1	******	******	******	******	******	******		******	2	******	****
Do	Mar. 10 Mar. 17	8,734	6							****	*****		*****	
Do	Mar. 17	8,734	2		*****							1	*****	***
Do	Mar. 24 Mar. 31	70,028	35	3	*****				*****	******	2	1	*****	****
Camden, N. J.	do	58, 313	27 5 38	2			******					3	******	
Charleston, S. C	do Mar. 24	42.04 1000	b 38	5	*****					*****	*****	*****	******	****
CHCISCH, MINISTRATION	**************************************	27,909	16									******		****
Chicago, Ill	do Mar. 31	1,099,850 1,099,850	640	68 68	*****						7	15 21	9	
Chillicothe, Ohio	Mar. 24	11, 288	1	1					*****					
Cincinnati, Ohio	Mar. 24 Mar. 23	11, 288 296, 908	********	20		1					1	*****		-
Chillicothe, Ohio Cincinnati, Ohio Clinton, Mass Concord, N. H	Mar. 31	10, 424	1	*****			*****							***
Covington, Kya	Mar. 24 Mar. 31	17,044 37,371	15	*****	******	1	*****		*****			1		****
Dayton, Ohio	do	37, 371 61, 220	25	6			*****		*****	* ***			*****	
Dayton, Ohio Detroit, Mich	Mar. 24	205, 876	25 117	9		1	*****			* ***	2	1	3	
Dubois, Pa	Mar. 31	6, 149	1 2	*****	*** **	*****	*****					*****	****	***
Dubois, Pa Dunkirk, N. Y Elmira, N. Y	Mar. 24	9, 416 29, 708	10	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****			*****	*****	*****	
Erie Pa	do	40, 634	15	3		*****	*****	******		*****	*****	1	*****	****
Erie, Pa Evansville, Ind	do	50,756	20	3		*****				1			1	
Do	Mar. 31	50,756	16	3								*****	1	****
Everett, Mass	Mar. 24 Mar. 31	11,068 74,398	9	3		*****	*****	******		1	2	4	*****	****
Fall River, Mass	Mar. 24	22, 037	72 10	1							-		*****	0000
	do	60, 278	30	2	*****	****	******	*****	*****		*****			
Do	Mar. 31	60, 278	22	2	*****	*****	*****			1	*****	*****		***
Do	Mar. 25 Mar. 24	9,069 8,607	8 3	1	******	*****	******		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****
Hamilton, Ohio	do	19,565	6	î								******	******	****
Haverhill, Mass	Mar. 31	27, 412		3				*****		1				
Holyoke, Mass	Mar. 24	35, 637	17		*****				*****		1	1		****
Do Honolulu, H. I	Mar. 31 Mar. 10	35, 637 35, 000	22 25	4			*****	*****	*****	6	*****	1	*****	***
Do	Mar. 17	35,000	e 24	5	*****				******			******	******	****
Do Indianapolis, Ind	Mar 24	105, 436	51	5				*****			2	2	******	
Jacksonville, Fla	do	17, 201 163, 003	14	1	*****			*****	*****					
Johnstown Pa	Mar. 25	21 805	102	14	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	1		3	*****	
La Crosse, Wis	do,	21, 805 25, 090	6	-	*****			******	******					
Lancaster, Pa	do	32,011	13	*****						******				
Jacksonville, Fla Jersey City, N. J Johnstown, Pa La Crosse, Wis Lancaster, Pa Lawrence, Mass	do	44,654	34 14	6 3		*****	*****		******	*****	*****	1	******	***
Los Angeles Cal	Mar 24	21, 567 50, 395	40	13	*****		******	*****		2	*****	******	******	***
Lowell, Mass	Mar. 31	77,696	57 7 12									1	******	1
ynchburg, Va	do	19,709	7	1						1		*****	*****	
McKeesport, Pa	Mar. 27	20,741	12	*****	*****	1			*****	1			*****	***
Malden Mass	Mar. 24	11, 286 23, 031	5 17	3	*****				*****			2	*****	***
Lawrence, Mass. Lexington, Ky Los Angeles, Cal Lowell, Mass Loynchburg, Va McKeesport, Pa Mahanoy, Pa Mahanoy, Pa Mandester, N. H. Massillon, Ohio	do	44, 126	21	2		******								
Massillon, Ohio	do	10,092	1	*****	******							*****	*****	
Mediord, Mass	Mar. 31	11,079	11	*****		*****		******		*****		******		
Michigan City Ind	Mar. 31	8, 519 10, 776	114	******		*****						*****	*****	
Milwaukee, Wis	Mar. 24	204, 468	69	6							3	2		
Mobile, Ala	Mar. 31	31.076	15	5							*****		1	
New Bedford Mass	do	76, 168	40	6	*****			*****		1	2	******	1	***
Manchester, N. H. Massillon, Ohio Medford, Mass	Mar. 24	76, 168 40, 733 13, 947	22 13	*****	******			*****		1	2	1	*****	****
New Orieans, La	do Mar. 31	242, 039	143	28		14				1	1	1	1	
Newton, Mass	Mar 21	24, 370	14						1	1		1	1	1

a Estimated population, 65,165—white, 28,870; colored, 38,295. b White, 11; colored, 27. c Plague 1.

MORTALITY TABLE, CITIES OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued.

		œi.	O III				1	Deat	hs f	rom-	-			
Cities. Page Man	Week ended.	Population U.	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Varioloid.	Cholera.	Typhusfever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping
New York, N. Y	Mar. 31	a 3, 654, 594	1,626	171						6	16	37	31	20
Norristown, Pa		19, 791	6	1										_
Do		19, 791	7	2			*****							
North Adams, Mass		16,074	9	-										
Omaha, Nebr		140, 452	47	******		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	0.00000	200000
Oneonta, N. Y	Mar. 31	6, 272	2	1	*****		******	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****	000000
Pawtucket, R. I		27, 633	18	-			******							
Do		27, 633	21		*****	******	*****			1				1
Philadelphia, Pa		1,046,964	679	60							4		1	******
Pittsburg, Pa		238, 617	126	15							4	15	21	4
Pittston, Pa	Mar. 31	10, 302	2	1			*****				3	3	4	*****
Portland, Me		36, 425	24	3	*****	*****	*****	*****		-1000	*****	*****	100000	
Portsmouth, Ohio	Mar. 31		9		*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
Portsmouth, Unio	Mar. of	13, 394	10	4			*****							*****
Portsmouth, Va		13, 268					*****							
Poughkeepsie, N. Y	Mar. 24	22, 206	10	2			*****							
Providence, R. I	Mar. 31	132, 146	114	5									1	1
Quincey, Mass	Mar. 24	31, 494	10	*****		*****						******		1
Reading, Pa		58, 661	26	2		*****		*****	*****		*****	1		
Do		58, 661	33	3										
Rockford, Ill	Mar. 17	23, 584	11		*****	*****	*****							
Salem, Mass		30, 801	25	*****										
Salt Lake City, Utah	do	44, 843	14	2										
San José, Cal	Mar. 17	18,060	9	2										
Do	Mar. 24	18,060	6	3										
Santa Barbara, Cal	do	5, 864	1				*****							
Scranton, Pa			44				*****			*****	2	1		
Shreveport, La	do	11, 979	11	2						*****	-			******
Somerville, Mass	Mar. 31	40, 152	29	1			******							
Springfield, Mass	Mar. 24	24, 963	31	2			*****							
Spokane, Wash	do	19, 922	6	li			******							*****
Steelton, Pa	Mar. 31	9, 250	6	-			******					*****		
Tacoma, Wash	Mar. 24	36,006	10	1										
Taunton, Mass	do.	25, 418	12	2			*****							
Waltham, Mass	do	18,707	8	-	*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	-00000	*****	*****
Warren, Ohio	do	5, 978	3	*****			*****							1
Washington, D. C	do	230, 392	153	98			*****						*****	*****
Wheeling, W. Va	do	230, 392		25			*****						8	3
Wichita Fan	do	35, 013	18	1			*****							*****
Wichita, Kan	do	23, 853	6	*****			*****							
Williamsport, Pa	Mar. 31	27, 132	8	****			*****					*****	*****	
Wilmington, Del	do		32	1			*****						*****	
Worcester, Mass	Mar. 23	84, 655	52	6	*****			*****				2	*****	
Youngstown, Ohio		33, 220	19	1										

a Estimated.

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended March 26, 1900. [Received from Department of Agriculture, Weather Bureau.]

Locality.	Temp	Fahrenhe	degrees	Rainfall in inches and hun- dredths.				
	Normal.	a Excess.	aDefic'ncy.	Normal	Excess.	Deficiency		
Atlantic Coast:								
Eastport, Me	30		. 2	.97	*************	.21		
Portland, Me	33	***************************************	1	.76		. 50		
Northfield, Vt	28		. 3	.56		.50		
Boston, Mass	35	3		.91		.71		
			. 0	1.05		.00		
Vineyard Haven, Mass. Nantucket, Mass. Woods Hole, Mass. Block Island, R. I. New Haven, Conn. Albany, N. Y. New York, N. Y. Harrishurg, Pa.	37	***************************************	i	. 84	.18			
Woods Hole, Mass	36		. 0	1.07		. 20		
Block Island, R. I	36	1	***************************************	. 90	**************	.09		
New Haven, Conn	36	1		. 91	***************************************	.2		
Albany, N. Y	34	*************	1	.56		.50		
New York, N. Y	38	1	***************************************	.91	***************************************	.60		
Harrisburg, Pa. Philadelphia, Pa. New Brunswick, N. J. Atlantic City, N. J. Baltimore, Md. Washington, D. C.	38	************	1	. 78	***************************************	. 6		
Philadelphia, Pa	40	**********	0	.70	***************************************	.8		
New Brunswick, N. J	38	*************	0	.84	***************************************	.8		
Atlantic City, N. J	39	1		. 90	***************************************	.00		
Baltimore, Md Washington, D. C. Lynchburg, Va Cape Henry, Va Norfolk, Va Charlotte, N. C. Raleigh, N. C. Kittyhawk, N. C. Hatteras, N. C. Wilmington, N. C.	42		0	.91		.4		
Washington, D. C	42		0	. 94	*******	.57		
Lynchburg, Va	46	***********	1	.84	. 10	*************		
Cape Henry, Va	46	. 4		1.19	.10			
Norfolk, Va	48	1	***************************************	1.05	.03			
Charlotte, N. C	51	************	1	1,05		.02		
Raleigh, N. C	51	************	0	. 84	. 20	***************************************		
Kittyhawk, N. C	47	4		. 84 1 25	.73	********		
Hatteras, N. C	51		***************************************	1.38		**************		
Wilmington, N. C	55	************	1	. 88	.63			
Wilmington, N. C Columbia, S. C	55		2	. 97	.62	***************************************		
Charleston S C	58	***************************************	0	. 91	.77	***************************************		
Augusta, Ga. Savannah, Ga. Jacksonville, Fla.	57		2	1,13	.77	***************************************		
Savannah, Ga	60	1		.84	1.28	******************		
Jacksonville, Fla	63	2		.77	2,58	*************		
Jupiter, Fla	70	2		.49	1.89	****** *********		
Key West, Fla	74	3		. 28	1.00	. 28		
ulf States:			***************************************	. 20	************	. 20		
Atlanta Ga	53		3	1,24	1.21			
Atlanta, Ga Tampa, Fla	66	2		. 66	3.42	***************************************		
Pensacola, Fla	61	ī	*********	1.20	3, 85	****************		
Mobile, Ala	60		1	1.77	3,86	*************		
Mobile, Ala	58	*********	3	1.44	2,24	***************		
Vicksburg Miss	59	*************	2	1.49	2.24			
New Orleans La	62	***********	2	1. 19	1.46	. 67		
New Orleans, La	58	1		1.05	.96	**************		
Fort Smith. Ark	52		0	.75		**************************************		
Little Rock, Ark	54	*************	2	1.14	***************	. 75		
Palestine Tex	59	************	î	.91	2.43	.71		
Palestine, Tex	63	*************	ô	.63	2.69	***************		
San Antonio Tex	63	*********	0	.50	2,81	***************		
San Antonio, Tex. San Antonio, Tex. Corpus Christi, Tex. hio Valley and Tennessee: Memphis, Tenn. Nashville, Tenn. Chattanogoa, Tenn.	65	2	0	.35	4,01	**************		
hio Valley and Tennessee		-	****************	. 00	.57	*************		
Memphis Tenn	53		2	1.33	.16			
Nashville Tenn	50	***********	2	1.12	.10	*****************		
Chattanooga Tenn	52	***********	4	1.33	43	. 44		
Knovville Tenn	49	**********	3	1.19	.41	**********		
Louisville Kv	45	**********	2	1.19	.08	****************		
Chattanooga, Tenn. Knoxville, Tenn. Louisville, Ky. Indianapolis, Ind. Cincinnati, Ohio	40	*******	1	.90	***************************************	. 42		
Cincinnati Ohio	43	************	2	.81	***************************************	.41		
Columbus Ohio	40	*******	2 2	.71	0.00	. 33		
Columbus, Ohio Parkersburg, W. Va	45	***********	2	.64	.06	***************************************		
Pittsburg, Pa	39	***********	4		***************************************	.27		
	99	************	1	.61	***************************************	.18		
Oswego, N. Y	31		3	20				
Pochester N V	31	***********		.56	*************	.41		
Buffalo N V	31	*******	1	. 63	************	. 47		
Erie, Pa	33	******	1	.56	***************************************	. 36		
Erie, PaCleveland, Ohio		**********	3	.56	***************************************	. 38		
Sandusky Ohio	34	*****************	2 3	. 63	************	. 40		
Tolodo Obio	36	***************************************	3	. 56	************************	. 36		
Sandusky, Ohio	35	************	3	.49	***************************************	.30 .24 .01 .54 .42 .31 .09		
Langing Mich	33	*************	. 8	. 49	***************************************	.24		
Lansing, alien	32 31	***********	4	.56		.01		
Port Huron, Mich	31	*****	4	.56		.54		
Soult Ste Monte 201	25	***************************************	1	.42		.42		
Manualta Mich	25 24	********	3	.81		.31		
marquette, Mich	24		1	.42		.09		
Green Bay, Wis	29	***********	1	.47		. 39		
Grand Haven, Mich			2	.56		. 46		
Alpens, Mich. Alpens, Mich. Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. Marquette, Mich. Green Bay, Wis. Grand Haven, Mich. Milwaukee, Wis. Chicago, Ill. Duluth, Minn.	32	***************************************	0	.56		. 24		
Unicago, Ill	36 26		3	.60		.50		
I have been been been been been been been be	96		0	.41		. 21		

a The figures in this column represent the average daily departure.

Table of temperature and rainfall, week ended March 26, 1900-Continued.

Locality.	Ten	perature Fahrenhe	in degrees	Rainfall in inches and hun dredths.			
Locality:	Normal.	a Excess.	a Defic'ncy.	Normal.	Excess.	Deficiency	
Upper Mississippi Valley:							
St. Paul, Minn	30	0		. 85	***************************************	.1	
La Crosse, Wis	33		. 5	.38	************	i	
Dubuque, Iowa	35	************	2	.54	***************************************	i	
Davenport, Iowa	36		ī	.54	************		
Des Moines, Iowa	38	0		.35	*************		
Keokuk, Iowa	39	i	************	.49	***************************************		
Springfield, Ill	41	ō	~~~~~	.59	***************************************		
Cairo, Ill	48	0		.84	***************************************		
St. Louis, Mo	44	2	***********	.80			
Missouri Valley:		_					
Columbia, Mo	44		1	.70		.5	
Springheid, Mo	46		. 2	.72	***************************************	.5	
Kansas City, Mo	43	1	******************	.49	.09	***************************************	
Topeka, Kans	43	1	*************	.49	************	.3	
Wichita, Kans	47	0	**************	. 45	. 11		
Concordia, Kans	41	4	***************************************	.42	.05	**********	
Lincoln, Nebr	42		2	.28		.0	
Omaha, Nebr	38	2	*************	. 38	************	.1	
Sioux City, Iowa Yankton, S. Dak	35	1		.34	***************************************	.0	
Yankton, S. Dak	35	1		. 27	************	1.1	
Valentine, Nebr Huron, S. Dak	33	5	***************************************	. 37	**************		
Huron, S. Dak	30	2	********	. 22	***********		
Pierre, S. Dak	33	4	***************************************	. 24		.2	
Moorhead, Minn	24	3	******************	. 21	. 45	**************	
Bismarck, N. Dak	27	0	***************************************	.26	.12	***************************************	
Moorhead, Minn Bismarck, N. Dak Williston, N. Dak	30	3	***************************************	.14	******	.0	
Rockymountain and Plateau Re-							
gion:							
Havre, Mont	34	7	***************************************	.14	************	.15	
Helena, Mont	27	7	*********	. 15	***********	. 1	
Miles City, Mont	35	8	***************************************	. 15	*******	.1	
Rapid City, S. Dak Spokane, Wash	31	6	***********	. 28	************	.0	
Spokane, Wash	43	4	*************	.28	.13		
Walla Walla, Wash	48	5	*************	. 47	.10	************	
Baker City, Oreg		7	****** *********	. 36		.2	
Winnemucca, Nev	43	5	************	.21		.1	
Boise, Idaho	48	3	*************	.42	***********	.8	
Salt Lake City, Utah	44	7	************	. 49	************	.4	
Lander, Wyo	35	7	********* * ****	. 35	************	.3	
Cheyenne, Wyo	35	4	***************************************	.17	*********	.1	
North Platte, Nebr	39	3	***************************************	.18	***********	.0	
Denver, Colo	41		*************	. 24			
Pueblo, Colo	41	3	******	.14	*************	.1	
Dodge City, Kans	45	2		. 21	**********	.0	
Oklahoma, Okla	53	************	3	74	*************	.6	
Amarillo, TexAbilene, Tex	46	************	1	.17	. 25	************	
Abilene, Tex	57		3	. 29	.37	***********	
Santa Fe, N. Mex El Paso, Tex	41	0	***************************************	.14	.23	******************	
Phonis Asia	57	*****	1	.07	***********	.0	
Phonix, Ariz	63	1	****** - * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	.15	***********	.1	
	-			_			
Seattle, Wash	47	3	***************************************	.77	**********	.1	
Tacoma, Wash	46	*********	***************************************	.84		*************	
Portland, Oreg	49	1		1.16	********	.8	
Roseburg, Oreg	50	0	***************	.72	. 22	***************************************	
Eureka, Cal	49	1	**************	1.47	************	1.1	
Red Bluff, Cal	56	7	***************************************	.70	***************************************	.7	
Carson City, Nev	44	4	***************************************	.28	************	.2	
Sacramento, Cal	56	8	***************************************	. 63	***************************************	.6	
San Francisco, Cal	54	2	***************************************	. 64	*************	.6	
Fresno, Cal	55	5	****************	. 81	************	.2	
Los Angeles, Cal	58	3	*************	.61	*************	.6	
San Diego, Cal	57	**********	***************************************	.28	***********	**************	
Yuma, Ariz	66	***********	2	.07	***********	0	

a The figures in this column represent the average daily departure.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

BELGIUM.

Report from Antwerp

ANTWERP, BELGIUM, March 20, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that during the week ended March 17, 1900, bills of health were issued to 7 vessels bound for ports in the United States; of this number 1 was supplemental. The steamship Friesland cleared for New York on the 17th instant, carrying 73 cabin and 739 steerage passengers. There were 14 rejected for various causes. The baggage was not inspected.

Respectfully,

E. K. SPRAGUE.

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

BRAZIL.

End of plague in Santos-Yellow fever at Santos and Sorocaba.

Plague.

RIO DE JANEIRO, February 21, 1900.

SIR: In regard to plague, there is to report nothing more of any importance. The last case in Santos was discharged from the isolation

hospital on February 4.

One of the 2 cases observed here in Rio still exists in the hospital. One week ago I had occasion to see the patient, whose state was that of a general strong cachexy; he had no fever and at intervals his temperature was subnormal. The touching of the abdomen caused him extreme pain and showed the existence of swollen abdominal glands. The inguinal and axillary glands continued to be somewhat swollen. The prognosis of the case seemed to me to be doubtful. I had occasion to verify in preparations of the blood typical bacilli of plague.

On the present occasion I beg to make a correction in my report dated January 29. The last case of plague at Santos occurred, not on

November 28, but on December 28.

At present there are no longer quarantines against Santos, Sao Paulo, and Rio de Janeiro.

Sanitary report from Rio de Janeiro.

I have the honor to transmit to you the official sanitary report for

the week ended February 9:

There were 283 deaths from all causes, an increase of 12 as compared with the foregoing week; 17 deaths from accesso pernicioso, an increase of 10; 16 deaths from yellow fever, a decrease of 1; 22 deaths from smallpox, an increase of 6; 3 deaths from beriberi, an increase of 2, and 48 deaths from tuberculosis, a decrease of 3.

The sanitary state at Rio de Janeiro is satisfactory. The morbidity

797

is very unimportant. Also the mortality varies by numbers that are very uncommon for this season.

There have still been smallpox cases and deaths, but numerically to a

very inconsiderable extent.

In regard to yellow fever there were reported during the last three weeks 9, 17, and 16 deaths per week, against 28, 48, and 50 deaths in the corresponding periods of last year.

Yellow fever at Santos and Sorocaba.

For the last few weeks there have occurred regularly cases of yellow fever at Santos, and therefrom on board of several ships the disease has been spread to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres.

A very considerable yellow-fever epidemic prevails at Sorocaba, as I have already reported. During the last month more than 200 deaths have occurred in the small city. The average number of patients in the hospital amounts to from 120 to 150.

The unattacked inhabitants have abandoned the city.

In order to show the state of affairs there I will mention that, according to a report that has been received, there were on the 19th instant 139 patients in the hospital, and there entered on the same day 28. There were discharged 15 and there died 3. Besides, there died on this day, 11 yellow fever patients in private houses.

Bills of health.

Since my last report the following-named ships have been inspected and received bills of health of this office: February 15, steamship Asti, German, for New York. February 18, steamship Coleridge, British, for New York. February 21, steamship Colombia, French, for Galveston; brigantine Blenheim, British, for New York.

Respectfully, W. HAVELBURG, M. D.,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Annual sanitary report of Rio de Janeiro for 1899.

RIO DE JANEIRO, February 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report on the health

of Rio de Janeiro for the year 1899:

The most important starting point for a statistical consideration is the knowledge of the number of inhabitants of Rio de Janeiro. In my former communication I pointed out the lack of certainty in regard to the figures adopted by the health authorities.

For the year 1898 the authorities stated the number of inhabitants

of Rio de Janeiro to be 750,000; for 1899, 768,000.

During the year 1899 there have arrived here by sea 44,514 persons, and departed, 44,732; and arrivals overland, 243,471, and departed, 230,009; total arrived, 287,985, and total departed, 274,741, a difference of 13,224 in favor of the arrivals.

In consequence of this the authorities are led to estimate the popula-

tion of Rio de Janeiro for the year 1900 at 779,000 inhabitants.

During the year 1899 the total mortality was 15,600; the total number of living births was 14,235. Therefrom results, that the number of births is exceeded by that of the deaths to the number of 1,365.

798April 6, 1900

It is argued, that the population of Rio de Janeiro is increasing,

especially by the excess of arrivals over departures.

I have mentioned in one of my reports, that the statement of the minister of the interior in regard to the mortality of Rio de Janeiro during the year 1898, showed about 1,500 deaths more than the publications of the sanitary authorities. It would be possible also to prove, that for the year 1899 there were about 1,500 more deaths than the number reported by the health authorities. This difference may be explained in the following way: The authorities for Rio de Janeiro fail to report the deaths of persons, who were not residents of the city, such for instance as those who came here in order to obtain medical attendance.

Accepting the figures of the authorities, result would be that for the year 1899 the mortality in Rio de Janeiro amounts to 20.3 per 1,000; it was for 1898, 19.6 per 1,000. With such figures Rio de Janeiro may be considered a city whose sanitary state is not inferior to that of other large cities in different climates. For instance, according to official statements, the mortality was for 1898: Boston, 20.09; Marseilles, 26.6; Buenos Ayres, 19.1; London, 18.2; Paris, 19; Liverpool, 24.3; and at Hamburg, 17.2 per 1,000.

The proportion of death rate among children, up to 1 year of age, to the general mortality was for 1899, 186, and for 1898, 190.8 per 1,000.

For purposes of comparison, it may be mentioned that this death rate of children was for the year 1898: Boston, 200.9; Buenos Ayres, 256.4; Paris, 131.8; Marseilles, 169.6: London, 262.7; Liverpool, 290.1,

and at Hamburg, 344.2 per 1,000.

But we must not forget that these favorable figures for Rio de Janeiro can not be accepted, unless we also accept the unproved statement of a large population. I can not refrain from expressing some doubts in regard to that result as long as definite figures in regard to the number

of inhabitants are not presented.

Yellow fever has made during the year 1899—349 less victims than in It was during the months of February and March the preceding year. that the disease chiefly prevailed. Those months were distinguished in a meteorological respect by the highest average temperature, observed during the whole year, further by a high degree of dampness in the atmosphere, extraordinary intensity of dampness, small quantity of ozone and small rainfall. Yellow fever continued during all the year.

Smallpox has continued without interruption from the year 1898 during the whole of 1899. In the cooler months, beginning with July, there was an increase, especially during the months of September, October and November. From that time there has been a decrease.

The report on malaria and the kindred disease, pernicious fever (accesso pernicioso), has been more favorable during the year 1899 than during the foregoing year. The culmination of these diseases has been observed also in the months of February and March.

As to beriberi, which for years seemed to me to be in many cases, thus clinically reported, a form of malarial infection, it has had its culmination point in the summer months from February up to May.

Tuberculosis occupies, as always, the most important part in the causes of death. It represents 17.6 per cent of the total mortality against 16.9

per cent in the preceding year.

The universal efforts made for combating tuberculosis has hitherto met with very little response here. In the scientific and general press this theme is discussed, but up to the present little progress beyond 799

words has been made. The construction or the suggestion of the construction of a modern sanitary establishment is still in abeyance.

In regard to the most important other diseases a comparison of the percentage of deaths to the total mortality of this and the last year

shows that no essential alteration is observed.

In regard to mortality among children the observation must be made that a considerable number of children have died in consequence of trismus whose appearance may be prevented very often by precautions recommended in the present state of the medical sciences and practice. As that disease attacks children only in the first weeks of their existence, and as there were 700 deaths of children of one month or less, it follows that the total number of 131 deaths from trismus neonatorum represents 18.7 per cent of all cases of deaths of those children.

In athrepsy I have included the causes of deaths, which by some physicians have been reported with the designation of "fraqueza congenita," by others with athrepsy. This was the cause of death in 804 instances, and if we consider that by that disease only children up to 1 year old are attacked, that number represents 36.5 per cent of the total mortality

of children up to 1 year old.

Respectfully, W. HAVELBURG, M. D.,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Deaths in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, during the year 1899.

Months.	Yellow fever.	Smallnor	Plague.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	Per nicious fever.	Diph theria	Cholera.	Beriberi.	Typhoid fever.	Dysentery.	Malaria.	Tuberculosis.	Sention infe	tion.	Influenza.
January February March Aprik May June July September October November December	99 170 204 91 48 25 11 10 11 14 14 34	1 10 2 2 2 2 1	23 10 23 30 42 73 14 68 54 54	4 . 9 . 4 . 9 . 7 . 5	1	86 105 177 53 50 34 23 32 33 87 41 52	2 1 2 5 3 1 3 1		15 20 26 23 20 14 9 2 3 6 3 8	7 16 15 13 11 9 24 32 33 7 17 5	4 4 7 6 7 7 10 9 5 3 3	68 85 132 65 47 27 30 22 34 35 31 37	260 199 238 226 216 198 192 204 213 244 222 238		10 4 8 5 5 1 8 5 5 10 7 4	3 7 4 2 1 5 3 2 3 3
Total 1899	731	1, 3			1	723	21		149	189	68		2, 643	=	72	36
Total 1898	1,078	-	65	. 10 .		786	7	*****	272	.95	118	821	2,598	1	05	
Increase Decrease	347	1,3		1	1	63	14		123	94 .	50	208	152	-	33	22.00
Months.	Cancer.	Alcoholism.	Meningitis.	Apoplexy and softening of brain.	Trismus neo-	natoru	Heart dis-	Disease of the arteries.	Broncho-	Pneumonia.	Athrepsy.		ease.	Suicide.	From all	causes.
January February March April May June July August September October November December	16 15 20	2 3 1 4 2 2 4 4 3 1 2	56 48 68 39 29 34 46 41 43 41 48 70	25 27 33 38 31 28 25 31 29 27 26 29	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 3 4 0 0 8 0 5 1 0 4	100 75 120 94 86 88 88 74 63 71 65 82	67 46 69 69 71 63 45 65 43 60 50	83 90 132 97 90 80 85 93 91 82 88 88	17 18 20 19 26 19 23 18 18 21 28		67 63 84 57 77 77 57 80 82 73 55 51 58	14 21 16 16 25 18 18 14 13 20 13 13	3 4 4 5 5 4 4 2 2 5 2 4	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	356 361 777 299 237 155 156 254 269 251 204 281
Total 1899	179	28	563	349	13	1 1	,006	705	1,099	241	8	04 :	201	44	15,	600
Total 1898	189	27	148	318	15	6 1	, 176	530	946	243	1,4	76	264	67	15,	835
Increase Decrease	10	1	115	31	. 2	5	170	175	153	2	6	72	63	23		235

Deaths according to nationality.

Months.	Brazilians.	Portuguese.	Italians.	Spaniards.	Germans.	British.	French.	Other Euro-	English-speak- ing Americans.	Spanish-Americans.	Turkish-Ara-	Other Asiatics.	Africans.	Nationality un- known.
January	940	254	59	39	3	2	.7	7 6	1	3			17	24
February	873	275	92	41	12	1	17	.6	1	5	5	1	16	16
March	1,130	381	105	67	8	9	15	17	2	1	6	*******	13	6
April		234	36	56 29		2 1 3 2 2 2 6	9	7	1	1	5	1	17	10
May		188	16	30	5	7	12	3	3		0	2	25 15	13
June July		175	16	24	7	9	4	8	1	******	4	1	17	11
August	973	183	92	22	2	-	i	5	i	2	-	1	25	4
September		224	23 33	28 25	7 3 8 5	5	8	5		_	3	1	10	
October	996	152	27	31	5	6	10	5	1	*****	-		15	4
November	963	162	26	24	5	1	4	2		********	1	3	11	9
December		184	33	28	1	î	14	3	******		6	4	21	3
Total	11, 399	2,648	521	423	63	32	109	70	8	18	39	15	202	95
1898	11,066	2,743	643	600	64	43	114	81	16	53	30	5	244	138
Increase	333	95	122	177	1	11	5	11	8	35	9	10	42	43

Births in Rio de Janeiro during 1899.

WN	1	Legitimate		1	Total		
Months.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	births.
First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter	1, 356 1, 495 1, 406 1, 149	1, 319 1, 406 1, 392 1, 170	2,675 2,901 2,798 2,319	499 468 466 384	422 469 471 363	921 937 937 747	3, 596 3, 838 3, 738 3, 066
Total	5, 406	5, 287 10,	10,693 1,81	1,817	7 1,725	3,542	14, 23

	Race.										
Months.	w	hite.	М	ixed.	Co	lored.	Total re- ported.	Still- births.			
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.					
First quarter	1,389 1,645 1,580 1,281	1,336 1,529 1,585 1,283	273 218 252 213	233 246 223 203	57 59 40 39	55 55 55 47	3, 343 3, 752 3, 735 3, 066	307 304 264 260			
Total	5, 895	5, 733	956	905	195	212	13,896	1, 135			

Total living births, 1899	14, 235 1, 135
Total	
Total living births, 1898	13, 992 1, 088
Tratal .	15 000

Population officially estimated, 768,000 inhabitants; rate per 1,000 of birth, 18.5; legitimate birth, 13.9; illegitimate birth, 4.6; proportion of illegitimate to legitimate births, 1.3 or 33.3 per cent.

Deaths of children.

	Betw	een-		Between-		
Months.	0 day and 1 month old.	month	Months.	0 day and 1 month old.	1 month and 1 year old.	
January	57	200	August	56	217	
February		206	September		164	
March	91	167	October	50	147	
April	67	179	November	42	141	
May	57	212	December	48	189	
June	57	194				
July	58	183	Total		2,899	

	cent.
Ratio of the mortality of children to the general mortality	18.6
Mortality of children up to 1 month old from trismus	
Mortality of children up to 1 year old from athrepsy	36.5
Death rate of children under 1 year.	18.6

Meteorological observations.

AVERAGE.

Month.	Prevailing winds.	Atmospheric pressure.	Temperature.	Pressure of dampness.	Comparative dampness.	Fogginess.	Evaporation.	Ozone.	Rainfall.
January February March April May June July August September October November	SW. SW. N. SW. SW.	753, 49 755, 52 755, 23 756, 64 758, 88 759, 02 759, 61 757, 54 759, 35 757, 06 754, 73	25. 16 26. 57 26. 57 25. 10 22. 43 19. 70 20. 42 21. 49 20. 84 21. 81 23. 19	18.9 19.3 18.5 18.2 16.1 13.9 14.2 14.7 16.	80. 4 77. 73. 5 79. 7 79. 8 81. 7 74. 7 75. 2 81. 4 82. 9 81. 2	.7 .5 .4 .5 .4 .6 .4 .6 .9 .7	72.7 80. 96.4 66.1 60.3 33.3 69. 73.3 56.9 51.8 65.2	91 88 84 123 93 111 153 166 189 144 146	166. 2 25. 4 43. 7 212. 1 52. 5 108. 5 17. 4 32. 1 107. 3 102. 3 87. 4

Ships inspected in the harbor of Rio de Janeiro by the medical authorities during the year 1899: 1,591 steamers and 291 sailing vessels; total, 1,882 ships. Movement at the quarantine station of Ilha Grande: Semester I, 23 steamers and 4 sailing vessels; total, 27 ships. Semester II, 104 steamers and 8 sailing vessels; total, 112 ships. Total, 127 steamers and 12 sailing vessels; total, 139 ships.

Mortality for the year 1899 for 1,000, by a population calculated 768,000 tants		20. 3
Mortality for the year 1898, by a population calculated 750,000 inhabits	ints	19, 6
Mortality from yellow fever during 1899 for 1,000 inhabitants,		
Malarial fever		
Tuberculosis		3. 4
Pernicious fever		
	1899.	1898.
Percentage of deaths from tuberculosis to the total mortality	16. 9	17.6
Malaria, including pernicious fever		10. 9
Yellow fever		7.3
Beriberi		1.8
Cancer		1.3
Apoplexy and softening of brain		2.2
	10. 9	11.6
Pneumonia.	1.5	1.65
Prightle disease	1 9	1 6

CUBA.

Concerning relief of American seamen in Cuba and Porto Rico.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor, by direction of the Secretary of State, to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th ultimo wherein you refer to my letter of August 11, 1899, stating that the appropriation for the "Relief and protection of American seamen in foreign countries," is, in the opinion of this Department, available for the care of sick, disabled, or destitute seamen in Cuban ports, and inquire whether that provision of law is likewise available for American seamen at Ponce, Porto Rico.

In the opinion of this Department, the law is not applicable for the treatment of sick, disabled, or destitute American seamen in Porto Rico for the reason that it is, unlike Cuba in that respect, not a foreign country temporarily under military occupancy by the United States.

In a letter to the Hon. William B. Allison, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, under date of February 19 last, the Department submitted an amendment to be incorporated in the pending diplomatic and consular appropriation bill providing for the relief and protection of American seamen in Hawaii, Cuba, Porto Rico, and the Philippine Islands. The Department thought it advisable to have legislation at the present session of Congress so as to meet all possible emergencies, notwithstanding the provisions of the joint resolution of Congress, No. 11, of May 24, 1899 (U. S. Stat., L., vol. 30, p. 220), appropriating the sum of \$50,000 for the relief of destitute citizens of the United States in the island of Cuba.

By reference to H. R. 7941, making appropriations for the diplomatic and consular service for the approaching fiscal year, it will be seen that the Senate, under the head of "Relief and Protection of American Seamen," has amended the measure in accordance with the Department's recommendation.

Respectfully,

THOS. W. CRIDLER, Third Assistant Secretary.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Reports from Cienfuegos and Santa Cruz del Sur.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, March 26, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that during the week ended March 24, 18 deaths have occurred in this city—4 from malaria, 2 from intestinal diseases, and 3 from tuberculosis. Six deaths occurred in the civil hospital. Death rate for the week, 23.46. No contagious diseases reported in this vicinity.

One thousand woolen blankets, used by the Spanish soldiers in this city, were ordered sold, and, not knowing whether these blankets had ever been infected or not, I had them all passed through the steam chamber, as a distribution of infected blankets would be a menace to the public health.

During the week 2 foreign vessels have been inspected at this port,

and 5 cleared for foreign ports.

Santa Cruz del Sur.—Dr. Juan R. Xiques reports no deaths and no contagious diseases during the week. No foreign vessels entered this port.

Casilda. - Dr. Alejandero Cantero - Owing to windy and stormy weather his reports have been delayed.

Respectfully, J. M. Lindsley,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Remainder of Lancaster's crew leave for New York.

CIENFUEGOS, CUBA, March 22, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report the departure of Garrett Henry Lynch, chief yeoman, and Andrew Joseph Barrett, chief gunner's mate of the training ship *Lancaster*, for New York on the United States transport *McPherson*.

Respectfully, J. M. LINDSLEY, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Havana.

HAVANA, CUBA, March 26, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to forward report of this station for the week ended March 24, 1900:

The exit of American passengers continues heavy, as will be seen by the subjoined report. A very considerable number of these passengers go through Florida, intending to spend the month of April at the various resorts in that State. One of these passengers came near developing fever in the United States. He had engaged space on one of the Florida lines, intending to stop in that State, but postponed his departure to the next trip from some unknown reason. About thirty-six hours after he had intended leaving he developed yellow fever and died last night. *

The amount of yellow fever in town continues small, 2 cases only and 1 death being reported this week. Both of the cases were in Americans. The disease—although there is not much of it—is, as compared with last year, unusually scattered in the residence, and even the better class residence portion of town. So far, there has been none on the water.

dence portion of town. So far, there has been none on the water.

We are engaged in determining the immunity of the crews for the Florida passenger traffic, and to balance the loss of the cedula system we have the names, etc., of all that are reported with yellow fever in 1899, and to date this year. These cases were passed on by a competent board, and had yellow fever.

I am endeavoring to obtain, by purchase or otherwise, the hospital records of the principal quintas where this disease has been treated in times past. As a rule cases are not diagnosed as yellow fever at these places unless they are fairly well marked; the mortality in them averaging from 30 to 40 per cent, I think shows they have not recorded the light or doubtful cases. If we can get these we can pass in any particular case with far less trouble on the extremely vexed question of yellow fever immunity.

I have made arrangements with both the Florida lines for handling baggage of through passengers by the method outlined in my letter of March 5, 1900, which I think gives full security.

Disinfection of all package mail for the Southern States and of baggage under Department Circular of June 17, 1899, will commence on April 1. 805

Pilots have been instructed to lay to vessels from ports whence plague is reported (this office notifying the captain of the port from time to time of such ports) without going on board. Our office will be notified by signal and these vessels will be inspected outside of the harbor and their disposition determined (i. e., whether they be allowed to enter the harbor or not) outside. Arrangements have been made to have such bacteriological examinations as may be necessary at this station made at the municipal laboratory here.

I inclose mortuary statistics and report of the out-going passenger

department.

Respectfully,

H. R CARTER, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

[Inclosure No. 1.]

Mortality table for the week ended March 24, 1900, of the city of Havana.

Dea	ths.
Tuberculosis	17
Enteritis	8
Pneumonia.	10
Malarial fever	5
	2
La grippe	3
Enteric fever	2
Yellow fever	1
From all causes	48

Note.—Attention is invited to the large number of deaths from pneumonia, due probably to the epidemic of la grippe prevailing in Havana, which also obscures to some extent the diagnosis of yellow fever.

[Inclosure No. 2.]

Report of passengers examined on account of smallpox.

Date.	Vac- cina- tions.	Exam- ina- tions,	Date.	Vac- cina- tions.	Exam- ina- tions.
Sunday, March 18 Monday, March 19 Tuesday, March 20	27	9 192 122	Friday, March 23 Saturday, March 24	19 9	199 84
Wednesday, March 21 Thursday, March 22	9 9 16	117 135	Total	89	858

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, March 28, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended March 24, 1900:

Matanzas.—Twenty-three deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 30.02 per thousand. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 8; malaria, 4; la grippe, 2; bronchitis, 2; other causes, 7. One case of diphtheria was reported during the week. Four foreign vessels were inspected on arrival. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. Twenty-two health certificates were issued, 8 of these to persons leaving the island via Havana. Twenty-six pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 1 was disinfected.

April 6, 1900 806

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 10 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week. The principal causes of deaths were as follows: Tuberculosis, 2; broncho-pneumonia, 1; enteritis, 1; typhoid fever, 1; heart disease, 1; other causes, 4. No cases of a particularly infectious or contagious character were reported. Fourteen vessels were inspected on arrival; 6 of these were foreign vessels and 8 coasting vessels. Four bills of health were issued to foreign vessels.

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that during the week no vessel arrived and 5 bills of health were issued to

foreign vessels.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Bernardo Escobar reports that 2 deaths occurred during the week in Caibarien, 1 from mitral insufficiency and 1 from from gangrene. No cases of a particularly infectious or contagious character were reported. One foreign vessel and 2 coasting vessels were inspected on arrival. One bill of health was issued to a foreign vessel and 2 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Respectfully, G. M. GUITÉRAS,
Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Nuevitas, Puerto Padre, and Gibara.

NUEVITAS, CUBA, March 27, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit the following report for the week ended March 24, 1900: Four vessels have entered this port and 4 bills of health have been issued. Three deaths are recorded, none of a quarantinable disease.

Puerto Padre reported 6 vessels arrived, 8 bills of health issued, and

no death. General health continues to be good.

Gibara reported 4 arrivals of vessels, 4 bills of health issued, and 4 deaths. General health continues to be good.

Respectfully, OWEN W. STONE,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Santiago, Manzanillo, and Daiquiri.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, March 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the sanitary condition of the fourth district of the island of Cuba for the week ended

March 17, 1900:

Santiago.—During the week there was a total of 21 deaths, the same number as the preceding period. The following were the principal causes: Tuberculosis, 4; malarial fevers, 6; intestinal diseases, 4; pneumonia, 1; other causes, 6; total, 21. Population, 43,000; mortality, 25.39. No yellow fever has been reported. Smallpox is present in the city, but the number of cases is not known.

The steamship Maria Herrera was disinfected prior to departure for Porto Rico; 30 pieces of baggage were disinfected and 18 inspected and passed. One hundred and nine certificates were issued to passengers,

destined for the States and Porto Rico.

Manzanillo.—Acting Asst. Surg. R. de Socarras reports that there were 8 deaths in that city, the following being the causes: Cancer, 1; intestinal diseases, 3; pneumonia, 2; tuberculosis, 2. No contagious dis-

807

eases have been reported. One death occurred on the steamship Cienfuegos from acute gastritis, while in port.

Daiquiri.—Acting Asst. Surg. Juan J. de Jongh reports 2 deaths for this period, both from malarial fever.

Guantanamo.-No report.

Respectfully,

HERMAN B. PARKER, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

DENMARK.

Abolition of sanitary measures against Alexandria and Portuguese ports— Quarantine against Hull and Pernambuco on account of smallpox.

Washington, D. C., March 29, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to inclose for your information copy of a dispatch from the minister of the United States at Copenhagen, reporting that certain sanitary measures against Alexandria and Portuguese ports have been abolished, and that, owing to the appearance of small-pox at Hull and Pernambuco, the government of the Danish West Indies has ordered a quarantine of fifteen days against ships arriving from those ports.

Respectfully,

JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

COPENHAGEN, March 13, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to inclose herewith a copy, together with a translation of a decree by the Danish Ministry of Justice, dated the 1st instant, abolishing some of the sanitary measures against the city of Alexandria and Portuguese ports of which I advised you in my Nos. 115 and 120, respectively, of August 31 and September 6, 1899.

I have also to report that in a note verbale, dated the 6th instant, the minister of foreign affairs informs me that owing to the appearance of smallpox at Hull and Pernambuco, the government of the Danish West Indies has ordered a quarantine of fifteen days against ships arriving from those ports.

Respectfully,

LAURITS S. SWENSON.

Hon. SECRETARY OF STATE.

[Inclosure in No. 15-Translation.]

Decree by the Ministry of Justice abolishing some of the sanitary measures against Alexandria and Portuguese ports.

MARCH 1, 1900.

The quarantine at present in force against the city of Alexandria and Portuguese ports is hereby revoked, as are also the prohibitory measures connected with the quarantine against Alexandria.

No quarantine at present exists. (a) The provisions of section 2, paragraph 1, of the law of July 2, 1880, at present applies to the following places: The city of Hull, the ports of Egypt, the ports on the Red Sea, the ports of Tonkin and Cochin China and the East Indies, including the Dutch East India colonies.

(b) The importation of rags and crass wool from the places mentioned under (a), except Hull, is prohibited, unless accompanied by a certificate attesting that they have been carbolized or washed and heated to 80° Celsius.

From these places, with the exception of Hull, the importation of used linen, used wearing apparel, and used bedclothes is also prohibited, except as baggage or in case the consignee (receiver) attests by affidavit that the goods are imported in consequence of the owner's change of domicile.

808 April 6, 1900

Such goods, when imported as above, are withheld until disinfected under public

The importation from the ports of Portugal of the following articles is prohibited: Rags, used wadding, crass wool, paper, shavings, hair, hides, used bags, carpets, embroideries, fresh offals, hoofs, wool, and raw silk; also used linen, used wearing apparel, and bedclothes, except when these articles constitute personal baggage, in which case they must be disinfected under public supervision.

This decree takes immediate effect.

HORRING.

ENGLAND.

The vaccination controversy at Leicester.

[Continued from Public Health Reports No. 10, page 551.]

NOTTINGHAM, March 12, 1900.

The following supplementary report from Consular Agent S. S. Partridge, at Leicester, concerning the antivaccination crusade, confirms the complete collapse of that noteworthy agitation, and illustrates the present financial straits of the obstructing board of guardians.

> S. C. McFarland. United States Consul.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

LEICESTER, March 9, 1900.

After the regular business of the Leicester board of guardians, at their meeting on March 6, 1900, a private conference of the 22 members concerned in the recent proceedings in the queen's bench division of the high court of justice was held, when the bill of costs to which they have become liable was laid before them. This amounted to the sum of £1,220 15s. 3d. (say \$5,940.84). It is understood that no steps were taken to discharge the liability. The guardians' defense fund, referred to in the supplementary report of January 30 last, as having been raised by public subscription, amounts to about £600 (say \$3,000), so that there remains practically half of the total to be found before the bill can be discharged. Probably a further appeal to the public for subscriptions to clear off this balance will be made.

Report from Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND, March 19, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report concerning the transactions of the Service at this port during the week ended March

Two cases of smallpox, both imported, are reported for the two weeks ended March 15, otherwise the health of Liverpool remains good.

Twenty vessels cleared during the week for United States ports; of these 2 were cleared without inspection. Seven hundred and forty-seven emigrants were inspected and passed. The baggage of 45 Russian emigrants was disinfected and labeled. Two cases of favus and 1 of trachoma were seen during the week, and were detained here by the

steamship agents.

Since the commencement of inspection at this port much improvement has been noticed in the baggage offered for shipment by Russian emigrants. Comparatively little old bedding appears. Many emigrants have no baggage and many have only a small amount of clean wash This has resulted, I believe, from instruction issued at my request by the steamship companies to their continental booking agents to discourage as much as possible the shipment of certain classes of suspected baggage.

Respectfully.

H. S. MATHEWSON, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Southampton.

SOUTHAMPTON, ENGLAND, March 19, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that the following vessels were inspected at this port during the week ended March 17, 1900:

Wednesday, March 14, steamship Kaiserin Maria Theresa of the North German Lloyd Line, bound for New York with passengers and cargo. There were inspected and passed 1 steerage, 1 second cabin, and 12 first-cabin passengers, and 1 piece of luggage.

Saturday, March 17, steamship New York, of the American Line, bound for New York with passengers and cargo. There were inspected and passed 461 steerage, 150 second-cabin passengers, and 277 large and 377 small pieces of baggage. I disinfected 20 pieces of large luggage for this ship.

Among the steerage passengers were 2 from Sao Paulo. These were held for further investigation, but they had no luggage whatever, had been in England fifteen days and away from Sao Paulo more than a month, and, after learning this definitely, I allowed them to pass. Thirteen, also, came from Buenos Ayres but had left that port almost a month before, and after disinfecting their effects I allowed them to proceed.

Respectfully, W. C. Hobdy,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

FRANCE.

Report from Havre.

HAVRE, FRANCE, March 17, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that on Saturday, March 17th, the steamship La Touraine sailed from this port with 638 steerage passengers, this number being the steamer's full capacity for third-class passengers. On the 2 trains that arrived Saturday morning were more than 1,000 emigrants with tickets for the Touraine, consequently some 400 could not go, and were put on board one of the steamers lying at dock to wait for the steamer next Saturday.

All emigrants coming via Marseilles were detained as well as any undesirable persons and the whole lot will be reinspected before sailing next Saturday.

The health of Havre and vicinity continues to be good, no contagious diseases being reported.

Respectfully,
S. B. GRUBBS,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S. The Surgeon-General,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

GERMANY.

Report from Bremen.

BREMEN, GERMANY, March 19, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the weekly abstract of bills of health which shows the transactions at this station during the past seven days.

The sanitary report for the city of Bremen shows 3 cases of typhoid

fever, 7 cases of diphtheria, and 5 cases of scarlet fever. The mortality in the city has dropped to normal which would indicate that the epidemic of influenza is at an end. Personal inquiry of physicians confirms me in this opinion.

Respectfully,

JOSEPH B. GREENE, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Hamburg.

HAMBURG, GERMANY, March 20, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report for the week ended March 17, 1900: The steamship *Graf Waldersee*, of the Hamburg-American Line, sailed March 11 carrying 1,518 steerage passengers. For these passengers 760 pieces of baggage were inspected and 357 were disinfected. The steamship *Albano*, of the Union Line, sailed March 15 carrying 620 steerage passengers for the Hamburg-American Line. For these passengers 280 pieces of baggage were inspected and 115 were disinfected.

The steamship *Phanicia* was inspected with reference to steerage accommodations March 17, preparatory to sailing the following day. Bills of health were issued to 14 vessels, of which 12 carried cargo.

Respectfully,

A. C. SMITH, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Antipest serum not made in Honolulu.

HONOLULU, H. I., March 15, 1900.

SIR: Referring to Bureau letter of February 17, 1900 (F. L. G., R. M. W.), relative to the preparation of an antipest serum by Dr. Hoffman, of the Hawaiian board of health, I have the honor to inform you that the statement in my letter of February 2, 1900, was an error. He prepared some Haffkine prophylactic, but has no facilities for making antipest serum.

Respectfully,

D. A. CARMICHAEL, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Deaths in Honolulu during February, 1900.

The Bulletin, Honolulu, March 5, 1900, says:

The mortuary report for February shows 100 deaths, males, 70; females, 30. For the same month last year, the record was 70; for 1898, 65; for 1897, 38; for 1896, 78, and for 1895, 45. Death by wards: Ward 1, 29; ward 2, 15; ward 3, 22; wards 4, 5, and ward 6, 29. Deaths by nationality: Hawaiian, 46; Chinese, 14; Portuguese, 12; Japanese, 20; British, 2; American, 3; other nationalities, 3. Deaths by ages: Under 1 year, 2; 1 to 5, 8; 5 to 10, 1; 10 to 20, 8; 20 to 30, 18; 30 to 40, 16; 40 to 50, 10: 50 to 60, 5; 60 to 70, 6, and over 70, 7. Annual death rate per 1,000 for month, 26.96; Hawaiian, 43.12; Chinese, 15.61; Japanese, 32.00; Portuguese, 26.18, and all others,

12.00. Causes of death: Consumption, 16; bubonic plague, 9; pneumonia, 8; inanition, 6; diarrhea, 5; typhoid fever, 4; beriberi and peritonitis, 3 each; abscess, bronchitis, cholera infantum, cirrhosis of liver, cancer, dropsy, dysentery, enteritis, gastro-enteritis, heart disease, meningitis, nephritis, premature birth, paralysis, and syphilis, 2 each; appendicitis, blood poisoning, croup, exhaustion, hemiplegia, hydrocephalus, internal injuries, jaundice, myelitis, old age, pericarditis, pleurisy, rheumatism, shock, tetanus, and stomach disease, 1 each.

Two cases and 1 death from plague.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 23, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor by direction of the Secretary of State to state, for the information of the Supervising Surgeon-General of the Marine-Hospital Service, that this Department has received a telegram from the consul-general at Honolulu, dated March 15, 1900, which reads as follows; "Since last, 2 cases 1 death."

Respectfully,

THOS. W. CRIDLER, Third Assistant Secretary.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Two cases and 1 death from plague.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 29, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor, by direction of the Secretary of State, to inform you that the Department has received a telegram of the 20th instant from the consul-general at Honolulu, which reads as follows: "Since last 2 cases 1 death."

Respectfully,

THOS. W. CRIDLER, Third Assistant Secretary.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

Report from Honolulu—Plague situation improved—Use of the antipest serum.

HONOLULU, H. I., March 20, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to inform you that since my last report on the 15th instant, the Chinaman discovered on the 11th in the stables at Iwelei, died on the 15th, and the necropsy, at which I was present, showed undoubted bubonic plague. On the same day a case was discovered among the Chinese removed from the Iwelei stables to the battery detention camp, and sent to the pesthouse. He has received 200 c. c. of the antipest serum and is much improved, with a good chance for recovery. This is the first case in which the serum has been used in this way by the physician in charge of the pesthouse, Dr. Hoffman.

Another case of plague was discovered yesterday, March 18, in a native named E. H. Khoohauo, who lived in a lane near the Waikiki end of Young street. He had been employed to guard the premises near the corner of King street and Waikiki road lately burned as an infected place. The case was reported at 11 a. m. and he died at 3 p. m. Dr. Hoffman held a necropsy and pronounced the case plague, after bacteriological examination. * *

No other cases have been reported from Kahului or Hilo, and both

places are considered free from infection.

The steamship Australia leaves for San Francisco to-day with a num-

ber of first-class passengers who have been under observation for fifteen days prior to departure. Sugar is still shipped to the coast under the precautions already noted, but some other articles of export, notably bananas, are seeking an outlet, and I can not see that there can be much objection to shipping them from clean plantations.

The system of house-to-house inspection in Honolulu by volunteer inspectors has been changed so that the work is now performed by a

corps of paid inspectors.

The situation here looks better, and it is hoped that the worst is

past.

I shall forward a statement relative to the amount of antipest serum and prophylactic furnished to the Hawaiian board of health by the next mail.

Respectfully,

D. A. CARMICHAEL, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Prospect fair in Honolulu.

[Cablegram.]

Honolulu, H. I., March 23, 1900, via San Francisco, Cal., April 2, 1900.

There is nothing new to report. Prospect fair.

CARMICHAEL, Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

IRELAND.

Reports from Queenstown.

QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND, March 17, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report on the transactions at this port for the week ended to-day, as follows:

		Passengers		18.			
Date.	Vessels.	Destination.	Saloon.	Second cabin.	Steer- age.	Crew.	Cargo.
Mar. 11 Mar. 15 Do	Steamship Campania Steamship Teutonic Steamship Belgenland	do	6	16 17 7	143 214 63	0 0 2	0
	Total	************************	8	40	420	2	- (

Respectfully,

J. H. OAKLEY, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

QUEENSTOWN, IRELAND, March 24, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report on the transactions at this port for the week ended to-day as follows:

			P	assenger	8.		
Date. Vesse	Ve-sel.	Destination.	Saloon.	Second cabin.	Steer- age.	Crew.	Cargo.
Mar. 18 Mar. 22	Steamship Bovic (a) Steamship Germanic	New Yorkdo	0 8	0	0 165	0	0
	Total		8	0	165	0	0

a Steamship Bovic called for mails only.

Respectfully,

J. H. OAKLEY.

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine Hospital Service.

ITALY.

Quarantine against Brazilian ports revoked.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 24, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to inclose copy of a note from the Italian ambassador at this capital advising the Department of a sanitary ordinance issued by his Government.

Respectfully.

JOHN HAY. Secretary of State.

Hon. SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

[Inclosure—Translation.]

Washington, D. C., March 19, 1900. Sir: Referring to my preceding note of the 1st instant, I have the honor to communicate to your excellency the following telegram, which I have just received from the royal minister of the interior:

"ROME, March 19, 1900.

"Italian embassy, Washington:

"By ordinance of to-day (March 19, 1900), No. 9, ordinance No. 3, of February 6, 1900, with regard to vessels coming from ports in Brazil, inclusive of Bahia, has been revoked.

"BERTOLINI."

Accept, etc., Hon. SECRETARY OF STATE.

Report from Genoa-Vessels from infected ports.

GENOA, ITALY, March 19, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith abstract of bills of health and the regular report for the week ended March 18, 1900: March 13, steamship Manila, Navigazione General Italiana, for New York; 69 steerage passengers and 77 pieces of baggage were inspected and passed. March 15, steamship Aller, North German Lloyd Line, for New York; 28 cabin and 113 steerage passengers and 102 pieces of baggage were inspected and passed.

Of the 9 vessels that sailed from this port to the United States this week there were 2 whose itinerary for the last four months is perhaps of more than ordinary interest, since it included visits to infected places. The Italian steamship Manila in December discharged a cargo of grain and hides here which was loaded at Bombay. There was no communication with the shore, and the Italian authorities here released the ves-

sel after a thorough fumigation with sulphur.

The British steamship Glenlochy, from Singapore, Penang, and Port Said, arrived here March 14. Her living apartments only were treated with chloride of lime. There were 15 bales of hides and 216 pieces of buffalo skins on board invoiced for New York. These skins were accompanied by a certificate of disinfection in accordance with Department Circular No. 181, 1895, issued at Singapore February 7 and signed by Dr. Tunzelmann.

Respectfully,

RUPERT BLUE,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The Surgeon General,

U. S. Marine Hospital Service.

Report from Naples.

NAPLES, ITALY, March 21, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended March 21,

1900, the following ships were inspected:

March 16, the steamship Aller, of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 31 cabin and 675 steerage passengers and 52 pieces of large and 575 pieces of small baggage. One hundred and thirty-four pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

March 17, the steamship *Patria* of the Fabre Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 1 cabin and 1,176 steerage passengers and 60 pieces of large and 1,300 pieces of small baggage. Three hundred and fifty six pieces of baggage

were disinfected by steam.

March 17, the steamship *Manila* of the Italian General Navigation Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 1 cabin and 726 steerage passengers and 40 pieces of large and 956 pieces of small baggage. One thousand one hundred pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

March 21, the steamship Auguste Victoria, of the Hamburg-American Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 162 cabin and 665 steerage passengers and 130 pieces of large and 790 pieces of small baggage. Sixteen pieces of bag-

gage were disinfected by steam.

The work of the station for the past week has been enormous. In order not to delay the departure of the steamship *Manila*, the disinfection of the baggage was continued nearly the whole night previous to her departure. This steamship had on board on her arrival here about five hundred steerage passengers, which had been embarked in Sicily. These were taken ashore here and carefully inspected. Several cases with fever were found, but none of them resembled smallpox; but for safety's sake they were detained here. The entire baggage of the Sicilian passengers was taken ashore and disinfected.

The greater portion of the baggage has been disinfected at the quarantine station of the Italian Government. The station is well equipped

for steam disinfection.

No further cases of smallpox have been detected among the passengers inspected here.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

JAPAN.

Report from Yokohama-Plague in Formosa.

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, March 6, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that there has been no important change in the sanitary condition of my district since my letter of February 22. No case of plague has been met with in Japan proper since the last at Osaka on January 13, while as regards Formosa, the governor-general of that island returns the whole number of pest patients from January 1 to February 28 as 97, of whom 78 died

The municipal authorities of Kobe have, rather late in the day, decided to burn down the portion of the suburb of Fukiai Mura, in which occurred nearly all the cases of plague during the recent epidemic. Their decision appears to have been made under the stimulus of an offer for the land from a large corporation which assumes all claims arising from the destruction of property.

No smallpox, typhus, or other quarantinable disease is reported from any part of the empire. Dysentery, however, continues present, though the number of cases is but small.

The spring is rapidly approaching and we shall soon know whether the infection of plague has persisted in the lately affected district throughout the cold weather.

Respectfully, STUART ELDRIDGE, M. D.,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,

Sanitary Inspector, Yokohama.

The Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

MEXICO.

Yellow fever in Cordoba in 1899.

COLON, COLOMBIA, March 20, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to report that I have just received a letter from the alcalde, of Cordoba, Mexico, with the following information and statistics of the epidemic of yellow fever that occurred in that city during the past summer. Beginning on May 10, 1899, the following number of cases was reported: May, 8 cases; June, 37 cases; July, 90 cases; August, 220 cases; September, 197 cases; October, 132 cases; November, 39 cases; December, 7 cases, making a total of 730 cases. Three hundred and fifty-three died, making a death rate of 48½ per cent. Eleven per cent of the inhabitants were attacked. Thirty-five per cent of the patients were women and 6 were children. Ninety six of the cases were brought from the surrounding country and 60 deaths occurred outside of the city.

Respectfully,

Saml. H. Hodgson, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Yearly mortality in the City of Mexico.

The Mexican Herald, Thursday, March 15, 1900, says:

The statistical bureau of the superior board of health has just rendered its annual report, covering 1899 and four previous years. The

April 6, 1900 816

deaths were as follows: 1899, 17,783; 1898, 18,067; 1897,16,687; 1896,

15,466; 1895, 14,510.

Taking last year's deaths, and estimating the population on the basis of the municipal census of 1895, the death rate was, says the board, 51.63 per thousand, an alarming rate, and more than double that of London, New York, or Paris. A new census would undoubtedly show an increased population and so the death rate per thousand would be diminished, but, in any case, it would be far in excess of the capitals mentioned.

The number of births, as usual, is below the number of deaths, and the city's population grows only from constant recruiting from the interior towns. The births in 1899 were 14,310, over 3,000 fewer than the

deaths. There were 844 stillbirths and 606 cases of abortion.

The deaths occurring at the hospitals were: Juarez, 1,460; San Andres, 954; Military, 180; Maternidad, 94; Jesus, 92; Homoeopathic, 86; Beistegui, 76; San Hipolito (for the insane), 50; Divino Salvador, 44; Morelos, 24.

Taking the city by quarteles, or wards, the death rate per 1.000 was: First ward, 47.06; second ward, 72.56; third ward, 54.41; fourth ward, 40.75; fifth ward, 53.82; sixth ward, 37.27; seventh ward, 33.83; eighth

ward, 43.51.

The tremendous death rate in the second ward will be noted.

The suburban towns in past years have shown an undue death rate, due, in large measure, to the custom of sending desperate cases into the suburbs in hope of a possible amelioration of their condition; these deaths should properly be charged up to the city. Many of the suburbs require, as much as does the city itself, a complete sanitation and the construction of sewers. There are suburbs where paludal or intermittent fevers prevail and the nonenforcement of the vaccination law causes many deaths.

NETHERLANDS.

Report from Rotterdam.

ROTTERDAM, NETHERLANDS, March 19, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report for the week ended March 17, 1900: Three vessels were inspected and received bills of health. Of these the Holland-America Line steamship Spaarndam carried both passengers and freight. She sailed from this port for New York, via Boulogne sur-Mer, on the 15th instant, carrying 16 cabin and 290 steerage passengers. One hundred and thirty pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 60 pieces were disinfected and passed. The health of this port remains good.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS.

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,

U. S. Marine Hospital Service.

PORTO RICO.

Report from Ponce.

PONCE, PORTO RICO, March 19, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith the weekly quarantine and abstract bills of health report for the week ended March 17, 1900. Two cases of smallpox have been reported by the board of health.

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Investigation showed them to be widely separated, apparently sporadic cases, closely quarantined, and no trouble is expected from them. Typhoid fever continues prevalent.

Respectfully,

W. W. KING,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

MORTALITY STATISTICS OF PUERTO PRINCIPE, CUBA, FROM 1880 TO 1899, INCLUSIVE.

FORT SLOCUM, N. Y., March 16, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 14th instant (F. L. G.), and I forward herewith the collated mortality statistics for the city of Puerto Principe, Cuba, for the years 1880 to 1899, inclusive.

I believe that it may be of value some day that these data have received permanent record, and they represent the information contained in a mass of death certificates that are on file in the office of the

city cemetery.

In the tabulation of the statistics I was assisted largely by Acting Asst. Surg. Eduardo Carlos Poey, U. S. A., himself a Cuban, and solicitous to have accurate information prepared for publication.

Respectfully,

S. T. ARMSTRONG, Major and Surgeon, U.S. V.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba, from 1880 to 1899, inclusive. FOR THE YEAR 1880.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	Deer mber.	Total.
CAUSE.													
Variola				1	*****				*****				1
Fever, typhoid	3	2	4	1	*****	1	1	3	2	4	6	4	31
Fever, yellowFever, malarial	*****	****			*****		******	3	2	16	38	39	97
Fever, pernicious	8	6	1 3	3	4	1	6	3	3	2 4	23	14	10 76
evers, unclassified and miscellaneous	7	6	20	5	6	15	8	14	7	21	15	15	139
Diphtheria			-	1		2					1		4
retanus	1		5		1	2	1		1				11
Tetanus, infantile	5	16	17	7	11	8	6	5	7	13	11	5	111
Cuberculosis	14	13	12	19	13	13	17	19	10	16	18	20	184
Cancer		1	2	*****	1	1	*****		1		2		8
Dropsy	9	5	5	8	7	3	10	1	4	1	7	2	62
Athrepsia and inanition			*****	-				*****		*****			*******
Meningitis		4		2		3	3	- 1	1		2		16
erebral congestion			1	2	1	*****		******	1	1	*****	******	6
Other diseases of the nervous system	1	1	4	3	*****	2	2	6	3		*****	1	23
Pneumonia	1	2	4	2	*****	2	*****	1	******		1		18
Other diseases of the respiratory system	3	*****	4		1	3		1	1	1	3	3	20
Diseases of the heart	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1		1	12
Enteritis			3		1	i	1	2	1	1	1	1	16
Enterocolitis	000000	000000		000000			*****	î		î		*****	2
Dysentery	3	2	2	2	3	7	13	3	5	3	1	6	50
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract	2		ī	2	3	8	4	6	4	6	5	8	49
Hepatitis, acute									i				2
Hepatitis, chronic									1			2	8
Other diseases of the liver								2			1		8
Diseases of the urinary system	*****			*****			** **						
Puerperal diseases		1				1				2	2	*****	6
Wounds and injuries			2	2	****	*****		4	1	1	*****		10
Old age	*****		****	1									1
Unclassified	11	10	13	9	13	12	23	27	16	15	11	6	166
Total	68	70	108	73	71	88	97	105	75	110	150	127	1,142
AGE.			-				==	_			-	-	
Under 5 years	15	22	25	10	19	33	32	35	24	30	35	18	298
to 10 years		3	3	2	1	2	1	1	3		4	1	21
0 to 15 years	2				3		2	1	1		4		18
5 to 20 years	1	2	2	*****	1	2	2	1	1	2	2		16
20 to 25 years	2	5	2	2	4	2	1	5	1	3	4	3	34
25 to 30 years		2	3	2	2	2	2	4	1	3	5		25
00 to 35 years	3	4	5	2	1	3	*****		3	5	2		25
5 to 40 years	2	2	2	3	2	1	1		1		7	4	25
0 to 45 years	4	1	2	3	4	1	3	1	*****	3	4	7	32
15 to 50 years	1	1	3	3	1	3	2	2	*****	3	2	3	24
50 to 55 years	2	5	3	4	5	1	3	3		3	1	2	35
55 to 60 years	3		4	1		2	2		8	1	1	4	21
35 to 70 years	3	2	6	5	2	4		2	2	1	2	4	3
35 to 70 years		*****	*****	2	1	3	6	3	1	4	1	1	1
0 to 75 years	3	9	B.	9	1	1 2	6	1	1	4	2	1	19
5 years and over		19	42	31	22	26	32	43	33	50	70	74	36 463
Not given	21	13	24	or	44	40	104		1303	OU	10	6.78	100

FOR THE YEAR 1881.

	1	1	1	1	1	Y	1	a .	1	1	E .	1	-
CAUSE.													
Variola													
Fever, typhoid		3	3	2	2	5	8	5	3	2	2	1	36
Fever, yellow	8	3 20	10	12	35	132	131	37	12	5	6	1 2	420
Fever, malarial										1	1		2
Fever, pernicious Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	5	1	9		7	8	10	13	13	9	12	9	96
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	7	4	8	4	7	9	9	10	8	6	7	12	91
Diphtheria								*****		*****			0
Tetanus	1	*****			1	1				*****	*****	2	5
Tetanus, infantile	10	4	9	11 15	7 18	5 19	8	9	7	9	3	8	90
Tuberculosis	8	13	14	15	18	19	13	22	15	17	7	11	172
Cancer	2	1	1	1	1	1	*****	1		3	*****	1	12
Dropsy	8	2	4	4	2	5	5	6	7	2	3	3	51

${\it Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba-Continued.}$

FOR THE YEAR 1881-Continued.

		×							rer		er.	ř.	
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July	August.	September	October.	November	December	Total.
CAUSE—continued.													
Athrepsia and inanition	*****												1
Meningitis	3	2	*****	1	1	9	4	1	*****	*****			20
Comphes Languages		-			-	1	i	î	*****	*****		****	- 3
Other diseases of the nervous system	2	1	1	3	1	3	3	2	*****	*****	1	*****	1
Pneumonia	ī	î		1				4	1	******		2	10
Other diseases of the respiratory system	5	2	3	2	3	2	******	i	3	1	1	î	- 2
Diseases of the heart		ĩ	1	ī	2	-	1		1	î	2	4	1
Diseases of the blood vessels		î	_		1	*****		9	1	3	-	-	
Enteritis		i	*****	*****	2	3	*****	2	A	2		1	-
Enterocolitis	1		*****	*****	2	1		*****	3	1			
Dysentery		*****		3	*****	3	3		3			4	2
								1	3	2	2	4	3
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract		3	3	2	2	8	4	4	*****	1	2	2	
Hepatitis, acute		*****	******	*****	*****	*****	1	*****	*****	1	******	*****	
Hepatitis, chronic		****		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	1	1		
Other diseases of the liver	3	*****	2	*****	*****	1	*****	2	*****	*****	*****		
Diseases of the urinary system		*****	*****	*****		1				*****	*****	1	
Puerperal diseases				1	1	1	2			1	*****	*****	
Wounds and injuries	6		2	5	2	1	1	3	2		1	3	2
Old age	*****							10000		080-00			
Unclassified	5	3	1	3	8	8	9	7	7	6	7	6	7
Total	92	63	72	71	102	227	213	137	84	74	58	73	1, 26
AGE.													
Under 5 years	20	7	13	17	21	47	28	26	20	27	22	20	26
5 to 10 years	9	1		1	4	1	1	2	2			1	1
10 to 15 years		4		1	2	2	2	3	3		2	1	2
15 to 20 years	4	4	3	i	3	6	ī	5	5	2	2	î	3
00 to 25 years	18	11	8	12	31	110	101	42	15	12	6	5	37
25 to 30 years	11	6	5	5	3	18	25	10	5	5	2	3	9
30 to 35 years	2	3	2	5	3	10	13	8	3	1	2	2	
35 to 40 years	ĩ	1	3	4	1	5	5	7	3	7	ĩ	5	4
10 to 45 years	5	6	3	5	5	1	5	4	3	5		4	4
15 to 50 years	4	2	3	1	-	3	3	3	2	1	*****	4	9
	3	2	4	4	0	3	2	4	3	5		1	2
50 to 55 years	1	2		2	2		9	i	3	1	2	î	1
55 to 60 years	4	3	2 3	4	5	F.	5	9	7	1	9	5	
60 to 65 years		9				5							9
65 to 70 years			8	1	3		. 3	1	2		2	******	2
70 to 75 years	1	******	8	1	2	2	3	5	3	2	1	4	
75 and over	1	3	4	5	3	5	3	1	3	6	6	6	4
Not given	13	8	3	2	12	9	12	6	2		-	10	8
					-						-	-	

FOR THE YEAR 1882.

	_		_							-	-	-	
CAUSE.													
Variola		*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	****	*******
Fever, typhoid	3	2	2	3	1	1				3	3	2	20
Fever, yellowFever, malarial	1			1	1	1	3	1		2	1	1	12
Fever, malarial	2			. 1								*****	3
Fever, pernicious	4	5	5	6	11	4	6	4	6	4	8	2	65
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	3	2	6	3	4	4	3	4	7	3	6	5	50
Diphtheria			-		-	-	1	-			1	1	2
Tetanus			2	*****	1	*****	1	******		*****	1		6
Tetanus, infantile		5	9	9	7	6	16	9	4	7	4	5	RE
Tuberculosis		7	10	10	11	14	11	12	0	8	19	8	126
Cancer			1	1		7.8	4.4	14		9		4	5
		B	2	6	5	4		4	4	9	8	4	50
Athrepsia and inanition	9	0		29	-		-			0			- 6
		*****	******	******					****	******	3		18
Meningitis		*****	1	1	3	2	2	A	*****	A	3	2	15
Cerebral congestion	1	1		2	3	*****	1	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	
Other diseases of the nervous system		2	*****	2	1	2	2	1	00000	1	1	*****	13
Pneumonia	1	****	*****		*****	1		1	-	1	3	1	8
Other diseases of the respiratory system	3	2	1	2	4		1	2 2	2	****	2	*****	19
Diseases of the heart		2	1	1	1	2	1	2	1		1	2	18
Diseases of the blood vessels	2	1	1	2	2	3	*****		1	1	2	2	17
Enteritis			*****		3	3	2	1		1			16
Enterocolitis	1					*****	1	*****		******		1	1 8
Dysentery	2		2	9	2	3	4	1	1	1	2	3	25

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba-Continued.

FOR THE YEAR 1882-Continued.

FOR THE YEAR 1883.

ariola						1							
ever, typhoid	. 1	2	1	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	1	18
ever, yellow													- 0
ever, malarial													9
ever pernicious	. 4	6		3	7	8	10	4	6	8	4	4	64
evers, unclassified and miscellaneous	. 7	4	2	2	1	6	5	5	2	3	3	5	40
iphtheria			1				1	1		1		1	
etanus				2			1			1			A
etanus, infantile		5		9	14	7	8	9	9	10	7	8	99
uberculosis		4	1	13	13	8	8	11	11	15	9	10	114
ancer		2			-					3		1	6
ropsy		1		1		3	3		7	5	4	6	38
threpsia and inanition		1					2				-	1	3
leningitis	1	1	1	3	4	2	ī	4		1		2	20
erebral congestion		i			1 -					-	*****	ī	3
ther diseases of the nervous system	. 1	1	*****		2		2	1	1	2	1	-	14
neumonia	. 1	1			_		ī	-	-	ī	î		- 6
ther diseases of the respiratory system.							î	1		î	3	7	16
iseases of the heart		2	2	3	1	3	5	1	4	9	3	3	31
iseases of the blood vessels				-		-				ī			2
nteritis						2	2	2	2		1		10
nterocolitis						-	-	ī	-	******	-		9
ysentery	1			******	2	1	3	î	3	******	1	2	14
ther diseases of the gastrointestinal tract		3					1 -	3	4	9	i	ī	27
lepatitis, acute								-		-	-	-	- 1
lepatitis, chronic		*****	*****	1						*****			- 1
ther diseases of the liver								*****	1		******		9
iseases of the urinary system						******		1		9	******	******	7
uerperal diseases	1		*****	1	3	******	******		*****	2	9	******	11
Younds and injuries					6	1				î		2	18
ld age						i	******	*****	-			-	10
nclassified	10	3	28	9	12	10	7	6		******		2	92

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued.

FOR THE YEAR 1883-Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September	October.	November.	December.	Total.
AGE.													
Under 5 years	25	11	7	19	34	22	28	28	18	20	15	23	250
5 to 10 years		*****	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	4	*****	16
10 to 15 years	*****		1		1		1	*****	*****	1	2	2	
15 to 20 years		3	1	3	3	1	*****	2	1	2	1	1	18
20 to 25 years	3	3	1	1	5	4	3	2 2 3	3	3 3	3	1	32
25 to 30 years	5	3	1	6	5	1	1	2	5		1	2	3
30 to 35 years	6	1	2	5	4	1	1	3	2	3	2	3	31
35 to 40 years	5	1	*****	2	4	6		2	5	2		1	2
40 to 45 years	2	3	1	2	4	5	6	3	1	7	1	7	42
45 to 50 years	4		*****	3	1	1	1	1	1	4	- 5	2	23
50 to 55 years	6	2	1	4		2	1	3	4	1	4		2
55 to 60 years	*****		1	3	1	2	4		2	2	2	*****	1° 2° 1°
60 to 65 years	4	4	*****	1	1	3	4	2	4	1	3	2	2
65 to 70 years	2	3	*****	2	*****	1	*****	2	2	2	1	2	13
70 to 75 years		4	2	1	3	1	3	1	3	8	****	4	30
75 years and over	2	3		2	5	3	7	*****	2	1	1	5	3
Not given	2	1	21	1	5	****	3	*****	1			2	3
Total	66	42	40	56	77	54	65	53	56	62	45	57	673

FOR THE YEAR 1884.

												1	
CAUSE.													
Variola		188184	*****									*****	
Fever, typhoid	1	*****		*****	2	2	3	2	1	3	1	4	19
				3	4	1	10	2				1	21
					1							1	2
Fever, pernicious	2	7	3	1	4	9	4	3	6	3	1	5	48
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	4	3	4	5	4	13	14	1	4	3		3	58
Diphtheria	4	1	3	2	3	3		1	1		6	5	29
Tetanus		1				1		2		1	1		6
Tetanus, infantile	6	6	9	13	11	11	7	2	3	6	8	15	97
Tuberculosis	19	10	12	11	12	16	6	11	15	13	12	13	150
Cancer	2		1	1				3	*****	1	1	4	13
Dropsy,	4	5	2	4	3	3	2	1		î	2	3	30
Athrepsia and inanition								-	1		-		1
Meningitis	*****	** ***	9	2	2	1	1	1	î	4	*****	2	16
		*****	ī		ī			î			2	3	8
Other diseases of the nervous system		1	7	1	4	1	1		2	1	ī	1	20
Pneumonia	2			3			î		ĩ			î	8
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	4	4	5	1	2	2	2	6	5	4	4	41
Diseases of the heart	î	3		2	4	3	3	4	1	2	3	i	27
Diseases of the blood vessels	î	1	*****	ī	i	i	1	-	î	3	-	3	13
Enteritis	9	i	3	î	3			*****		0	2	0	12
Enterocolitis	-		0	-	1	*****	****	*****	*****	****	2	*****	12
			1	2	2	1		0	*****	1	*****	1	12
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract	4	2		3	i	1	4	5		2	0	1	31
	1	*****	1	0		•		9	4	2	2		
	*****	******	*****		*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	********
Hepatitis, chronic		1	*****	2	*****	*****	1			*****		*****	5
Other diseases of the liver		1	1	*****	1	*****		*****	*****	*****	****	1	4
Diseases of the urinary system		****	*****	4	*****	*****			******	*****	*****	1	2
Puerperal diseases	*****			4	1	1	******	*****	1		******	*****	7
Wounds and injuries		2	2	******	*****	1	1		1	******	1	2	10
Old age	480		*****	1	*****	*****		*****	1	1	1	*****	4
Unclassified	1	2	2	2	3	4	7	5	6	12	10	4	58
Total	54	51	58	69	72	78	68	48	56	62	58	79	75
AGE.													
Under 5 years	17	16	21	25	30	28	20	13	14	20	19	36	259
5 to 10 years		3	1	4	4		3			3	7	3	28
10 to 15 years		1	1	2	2	1	1		2				10
15 to 20 years	3	1	3	2	2	4	3	1	2	4	1		26
20 to 25 years	4	4	2	4	5	13	18	6	2	2	2	7	66
25 to 30 years	6	3	ī	4	3	8	3	2	2	5	2	4	43
30 to 35 years	1	2	2	2	4	2	4	3	8	3	ī	2	34
35 to 40 years		ī	ĩ	ī	3	ī	i	2	4	4	î	ī	20
	2	2		1 4	1	3	î	ĩ	4	4	5	î	26
40 to 40 years													
45 to 50 years	4		4	2		4	2	1	2	2	2	5	21
45 to 50 years	4	1 5	4 2	3	1	4 3	2	1 3	3	2	2 2	5	31

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1884—Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
AGE—continued. 60 to 65 years	7 3 4 1	5	5 1 2 8 2	2 4 8	6 2 4 2 1	1 2 8	3 2 1 1	5 2 1 6 2	4 1 2 7	2 1 4 5	2 1 6 5	2 1 4 5 8	44 10 24 65 19
Total	54	51	58	69	72	78	68	48	56	62	58	79	758

FOR THE YEAR 1885.

CAUSE.													
Variola													
Fever, typhoid	******	1	1	2	2	5	6	1	2	1	*****	1	Or
Fever, yellow	*****			5	3	-			-				25
Fever, malarial		******	******	1	0	*****	*****	1	*****	1	******	1	
Fever, pernicious		*****	2	3	1	8	7	3	3	1 3	8	1	4
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous		*****	î	3	2	3	3	5	2			2	20
		7	4	3	6	1	6	5	1	4	3 2	2	
Diphtheria		-		2	-	1	1	9	1	2		8	50
Tetanus Tetanus, infantile	2	8	2 7	16	*****	5	2				1	2	14
	0	13	9	12	5	7		9	9	11	6	8	88
Tuberculosis	1	1		-	5		13	7	8	14	10	9	110
	3	2	1 4		1	1	*****	3	2	******	1	1	1:
Dropsy	1	2	4	3	4	3	*****	4	5	1	3	1	3
Athrepsia and inanition						*****		******	*****	*****	*****	*****	1
Meningitis	3		*****	1	3	*****	3	5	3		**** *	1	19
Cerebral congestion	******		1	1	1	1	*****	2	1	3	2	1	13
Other diseases of the nervous system	1	2	3	3	*****	5		3	2		1	2	2:
Pneumonia			*****		*****	3	2	1	*****	*****	1	*****	7
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	5	******	1	1	1	2	3	*****	2	1	1	19
Diseases of the heart	2	1	4	6	5	1	3	4	2	3	3	8	42
Diseases of the blood vessels			*****	2	1	1		*****	2	1		2	11
Enteritis	1	*****	*****	1	2	2	*****	1	*****	1	1	1	10
Enterocolitis		*****	****	2	****	*****	*****	*****			1	*****	1
Dysentery		*****		1	2	2	2	*****	4	2	1	2	16
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract	*****		3	2	5	2	6	2	1	2	*****	1	2
Hepatitis, acute	*****	*****			1		*****		*****		****	*****	1
Hepatitis, chronic					*****		*****		*****		*****	**	(
Other diseases of the liver		1		2				1			1	1	
Diseases of the urinary system			1	*****	*****			******			1		5
Puerperal diseases	*****	1	1				2	*****		*****	*****	1	1
Wounds and injuries	1		1			*****		1	1		*****	****	4
Old age		1	1						*****				-
Unclassified	11	3	3	4	5	3	3	6	3	4	3	1	41
Total	56	46	49	76	55	55	61	67	51	59	50	57	683
AGE.													
Under 5 years												1	24
	18	12	16	95	93	21	18	98	92	94	90	16	40.70
5 to 10 years	18	12	16	25	23	21	18	28	23	24	20	16	- 01
5 to 10 years	5	6	16 2	1	23 4	21 2	18 5	2	23 1	24 2	20 2	5	3
5 to 10 years 10 to 15 years	5	6 3	2	1		2	5	2	1	2	2	5 2	1
5 to 10 years 10 to 15 years 15 to 20 years	5	6 3 1	1	1 1 1	4	2	5	1 3	1	2	2	5 2 1	10
5 to 10 years	5 2 4	6 3 1 6	2 1 5	1 1 1 6	4	2 2 6	5 1 6	2 1 3 5	1	1 4	1	5 2 1 2	10
5 to 10 years	5 2 4 4	6 3 1 6 3	1 5 1	1 1 6 2	2 2 2 1	2 2 6 4	5 1 6 4	2 1 3 5 3	1 4 1	1 4 2	1 6	5 2 1 2 2	10 56 3:
5 to 10 years	5 2 4 4 3	6 3 1 6	2 1 5	1 1 6 2 2	2 2 1 3	2 2 6	5 1 6 4 1	2 1 3 5	1 4 1 2	1 4 2 1	1 6 1	5 2 1 2 2 1	16 56 3 2
5 to 10 years	5 2 4 4 3	6 3 1 6 3 2	1 5 1 3	1 1 6 2 2 3	2 2 1 3 2	2 6 4 2	5 1 6 4 1 2	2 1 3 5 3 2	1 4 1 2 3	1 4 2 1	1 6	5 2 1 2 2 1 2	10 56 3 22 2
5 to 10 years	5 2 4 4 3 4 2	6 3 1 6 3 2	1 5 1 3	1 1 6 2 2 3 2	2 2 1 3 2 3	2 6 4 2	5 1 6 4 1 2 4	2 1 3 5 3 2	1 4 1 2 3 1	1 4 2 1 4 3	1 6 1 3	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6	10 56 3 22 22 22
5 to 10 years. 10 to 15 years. 15 to 20 years. 20 to 25 years. 30 to 35 years. 30 to 35 years. 35 to 40 years. 40 to 45 years. 45 to 50 years.	5 2 4 4 3 4 2	6 3 1 6 3 2 2	1 5 1 3	1 1 6 2 2 3 2 2	1 2 2 1 3 2 3 2	2 6 4 2	5 6 4 1 2 4 4	2 1 3 5 3 2 2	1 4 1 2 3 1	1 4 2 1 4 3 3	2 1 6 1 3	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4	10 56 3 2 2 2 2 3
5 to 10 years	5 4 4 3 4 2 1	6 3 1 6 3 2 1 2	1 5 1 3 2 1	1 1 6 2 3 2 2 6	2 2 1 3 2 3	2 6 4 2	5 1 6 4 1 2 4 4 4 2	2 1 3 5 3 2 4 2	1 4 1 2 3 1 1	1 4 2 1 4 3	2 1 6 1 3 	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4 2	10 56 3 2 2 2 2 3 3
5 to 10 years. 10 to 15 years. 15 to 20 years. 20 to 25 years. 20 to 25 years. 30 to 35 years. 30 to 35 years. 35 to 40 years. 45 to 50 years. 55 to 50 years. 55 to 60 years.	5 4 4 3 4 2 1	6 3 1 6 3 2 2 1 1	1 5 1 3 2 1 1 4	1 1 6 2 2 3 2 2 6 4	4 2 2 1 3 2 3 2 2 2	2 6 4 2 2 4	5 1 6 4 1 2 4 4 4 2 1	2 1 3 5 3 2 2 4 2 3	1 4 1 2 3 1	1 4 2 1 4 3 3 3	2 1 6 1 3 4 3 1	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4 2 3	16 56 3 22 22 23 3 21
5 to 10 years. 10 to 15 years. 15 to 20 years. 20 to 25 years. 25 to 30 years. 30 to 35 years. 30 to 35 years. 40 to 45 years. 40 to 45 years. 50 to 55 years. 50 to 50 years. 50 to 50 years.	5 2 4 4 3 4 2 1	6 3 1 6 3 2 1 2 1 1 3	1 5 1 3 2 1 1 4 1	1 1 1 6 2 2 3 2 2 6 4 4	1 2 2 1 3 2 3 2	2 6 4 2 4	5 1 6 4 1 2 4 4 4 2 1	2 1 3 5 3 2 2 4 2 3 2	1 4 1 2 3 1 1 1 4	1 4 2 1 4 3 3	2 1 6 1 3 4 3 1 3	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4 2 3 2	10 55 32 22 22 33 22 11
5 to 10 years. 10 to 15 years. 15 to 20 years. 20 to 25 years. 20 to 25 years. 30 to 35 years. 35 to 40 years. 40 to 45 years. 45 to 50 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 55 years.	5 2 4 4 3 4 2 1	6 3 1 6 3 2 1 2 1 1 3 1	1 5 1 3 2 1 1 4 1 3	1 1 1 6 2 2 3 2 2 6 4 4 5	1 2 2 1 3 2 3 2 2 2	2 6 4 2 4 5 1	5 1 6 4 1 2 4 4 4 2 1 2 3	2 1 3 5 3 2 4 2 3 2 2 2 2	1 2 3 1 1 1 4 3	1 4 2 1 4 3 3 3 3	1 6 1 3 4 3 1 3 1	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4 2 3 2 1	10 50 33 22 22 33 22 11 33
5 to 10 years. 15 to 20 years. 15 to 20 years. 20 to 25 years. 25 to 30 years. 25 to 30 years. 30 to 35 years. 30 to 35 years. 35 to 40 years. 40 to 45 years. 55 to 69 years. 55 to 69 years. 55 to 69 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 70 years.	5 2 4 4 3 4 2 1 2 3 2	6 3 1 6 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 1	1 5 1 3 2 1 1 4 1 3 2	1 1 1 6 2 2 3 2 2 6 4 4 5 2	1 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 1 1 5	2 6 4 2 4 5 1 2	5 1 6 4 1 2 4 4 4 2 1 2 3 2	213532	1 2 3 1 1 4 3 1	2 1 4 2 1 4 3 3 3 3	1 6 1 3 1 3 1 2	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4 2 3 2 1 2	10 50 32 22 22 33 22 11 33 22 22
5 to 10 years. 10 to 15 years. 15 to 20 years. 20 to 25 years. 25 to 30 years. 30 to 35 years. 30 to 35 years. 40 to 45 years. 50 to 50 years. 50 to 50 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 70 years. 55 to 70 years. 55 to 70 years.	5 2 4 4 3 4 2 1 1 2 3 2 3 3	6 3 1 6 3 2 1 2 1 1 3 1	1 5 1 3 2 1 1 4 1 3 2 6	1 1 1 6 2 2 3 2 2 6 4 4 5 6	1 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 1	2 6 4 2 4 5 1 2 2	5 1 6 4 1 2 4 4 2 1 2 3 2 1	2 1 3 5 3 2 4 2 3 2 2 2 4 4 2 3	1 2 3 1 1 1 4 3	1 4 2 1 4 3 3 3 3 3	1 6 1 3 4 3 1 3 1	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4 2 3 2 1 2 5	10 58 32 22 22 33 22 19 33 22 24
5 to 10 years. 10 to 15 years. 15 to 20 years. 20 to 25 years. 20 to 25 years. 30 to 35 years. 35 to 40 years. 40 to 45 years. 45 to 50 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 60 years. 55 to 55 years.	5 2 4 4 3 4 2 1 2 3 2	6 3 1 6 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 3 1	1 5 1 3 2 1 1 4 1 3 2	1 1 1 6 2 2 3 2 2 6 4 4 5 2	1 3 2 2 3 2 2 2 1 1 5	2 6 4 2 4 5 1 2	5 1 6 4 1 2 4 4 4 2 1 2 3 2	213532	1 2 3 1 1 4 3 1	2 1 4 2 1 4 3 3 3 3	1 6 1 3 1 3 1 2	5 2 1 2 2 1 2 6 4 2 3 2 1 2	10 50 32 22 22 33 22 11 33 22 22

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1886.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August	September	October.	November	December.	Total,
CAUSE.													
Variola		******	100002		******	*****	1000 10		*****				
Fever, typhoid	2	1	1	2	2	2	4	1	1	3	4	4	27
Fever, yellow	****	*** *	*****	*****		*****	7	19	18	5		*****	49
Fever, malarial.	******		1	******	******	*****	1				1	*****	3
Fever, pernicious	9	2	2	2	3	4	3	4	5	2	6	3	40
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous Diphtheria	3	1		3	1	9	5	4	3	1	2	6	38
Tetanus	9	1	2	1	*****	*****	**-**	1		*****	3	*****	11
Tetanus, infantile.	6	6	9	1 3	6		9.9	10	10	1	.1	2	6
Tuberculosis	11	11	9			7 8	11	12	10	5	11	8	89
Cancer	11	14	3	16	15	1	9	11	11	13	7	6	127
Dropsy	5	3	3		1 2		2 2	2 2	1	1	1	1	12
Athrepsia and inanition	-	0	9	201400	_	3	2	2	1	3	3	5	32
Meningitis.	2	****		*	******	1		******		******	******	******	1
Cerebral congestion.	3		1	1 2	9	3	2	4	3	1	2	2	21
Other diseases of the nervous system	1	3	3		3	2	5	1 2		3		1	15
Pneumonia		1	2	*****		1	-		3	3	3	1	31
Other diseases of the respiratory system		i	1	3	3	1		1	2 4	3	*****	******	11
Diseases of the heart	2 7	5	3	4	3	1	5	2	4	8	1	6	28
Diseases of the blood ves-els	2	4	-	2	1	i	1	ī	2	î	5	1	48
Enteritis	3	1	1	2	1	i		4	3	2		4	20
Enterocolitis				î	1		1	2	3	2	3		20
Dysentery	*****	******	*****		5	1	1	2	*****	2	1	*****	7
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract		9	2	4	3	2	9	5	3	5	1	******	10
Hepatitis, acute	*****	-	-		9	-		1	0	0		5	41
Hepatitis, chronic	******		******	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	.1
Other diseases of the liver	3		*****			1	1		2	1	1	*****	9
Diseases of the urinary system			*****			-		1	î			*****	2
Puerperal diseases				1	2		*****			*****	*****	1	4
Wounds and injuries			1	3	2	1	4	1	******	1	1	î	15
Old age			î		2		-	-	*****	*	î		4
Unclassified	2	4	2	3	5	3	6	4	3	6	5	2	45
Total	59	46	45	56	65	58	80	86	80	74	64	54	767
AGE.		_											
Under 5 years	14	14	14	19	20	27	37	37	22	17	24	12	257
5 to 10 years	2		1	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	i	1	16
10 to 15 years	1		1	1				1	î		2		7
15 to 20 years	1	1	1	3	1		2	1	i	1	ī	1	14
20 to 25 years	4	5	3	2	2	1	9	15	13	9	2	5	70
25 to 30 years	2	1	1	2	7	2	8	8	10	3	5	10	56
30 to 35 years	4	1	1	2	3	1	4		6	6	2	1	31
35 to 40 years	2	2	4	3	3	6		1	2	8		3	20
40 to 45 years	5	4	4	4		4	3	1	3	1	3		90
15 to 50 years	4	2	2	2	3		4	î	2	4	2	2	27
50 to 55 years	3	2	1	6	8	5	ī	4	******	4	ī	3	38
55 to 60 years		1	2	1	1		3	3	2	3	2	4	24
60 to 65 years	5	2		3	*****	1	3		ī	6	5	2	28
55 to 70 years		1		1	2	2	1			5	4		18
70 to 75 years	3	3	4	3	5	4	2		7	4	5	2	44
5 years and over	- 5	7	5	1	6	4	2	7	6	3	5	6	57
Not given	2	****	1	1	1	*****	*****	3	1	4	*****	1	14
Total	59	46	45	56	65	58	80	86	80	74	64	54	767

FOR THE YEAR 1887.

	-	1	1	T	1	-	-	1	-	_	_	_	
CAUSE.													
Variola	*****												
Fever, typhoid	3	1	1	1	3		6	3	2	2	4	2	99
Fever, yellow		1			6	9	4	1				-	21
Fever, malarial		1	1		1	1		2		2	1	1	10
Fever, pernicious	5	2	3	1	5	5	2	1		4	6	2	26
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	3	5	1	3	5	5	25	20	6	3	3	2	81
Diphtheria		*****		1			1	1					3
Tetanus	*****	1	1		1	1	1		1	1			7
Tetanus, infantile	18	4	9	5	7	11	6	8	7	6	6	6	93
Tuberculosis	10	7	9	8	10	9	17	17	16	10	11	13	137
Cancer	1	1	1	1	3	3	*****	******	1				11
Dropsy	3	2	3	2	1	4	6		5	3	1	3	33

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1887—Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
CAUSE—continued.													
Athrepsia and inanition													
Meningitis		1		1	6	3	7	5	2	2		1	29
Cerebral congestion		2		9	i		i	2		9	3	2	17
Other diseases of the nervous system	3	ī	2	2 3	i	4	5	4	3	2	4	1	32
Pneumonia		2	4	3	_	i	9		9	î	6	4	25
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	-	3	9	4	4	2	=	9	3	2	3	36
Diseases of heart	6	4	6	4	4	3	10	7 5	2 2 5	8	6	7	68
Diseases of the blood vessels		4	1	2	2	3		0	4	2	3		
Enteritis		i	i	ī	2	0	2 2	2 2	3	i			27
		i	-	i	2	1	6	1	3		1 2	1	18
Enterocolitis		-			******	1			-		_	1	16
Dysentery	3		2	1 5	1	3	6	2		2		1	21
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract		2	1	9	7	6	16	11	1	3	2	3	56
Hepatitis acute	*****			*****		******	*****		1	1		*****	1
Hepatitis, chronic		1		*****		1	1	1	*****	*****	**	*****	
Other diseases of the liver	1	1	*****	2	1	*****		1			1		7
Diseases of the urinary system	1		1			1		*****		1			4
Puerperal diseases			*****		*****		3		1	*****			4
Wounds and injuries	5		2		4	1			1	1	1		15
Old age	*****	1	1	1	2		*****	1	1	1			8
Unclassified	6	4	*****	6	*****	3	4	2	19	5	6	9	55
Total	79	50	54	56	77	84	137	101	77	65	69	62	911
AGE.													
Under 5 years	26	12	15	18	31	41	66	61	32	20	27	16	365
5 to 10 years	1	1		3		2	14	5	2		2	3	33
10 to 15 years					1		2	2	2		-		7
15 to 20 years	1	1	2				-	ī		3	1	1	10
20 to 25 years	. 5	5	5	1	9	9	4	4	4	4	3	3	56
25 to 30 years	4	7		î	3		4	3	3	4	1	3	35
30 to 35 years	4	3	6	3	4	3	3	4	4	9	4	1	41
35 to 40 years	5	2	2	6	4	2	4	-	i	2	2	5	37
40 to 45 years	3	3	ī	5	3	ī	6	5	î	5	3	3	39
45 to 50 years	3		i	2		-	0	1	4	0	2	3	22
	2	******		_	2		2 3	4		2	2		22
50 to 55 years	0	4	0		2 2 3	6	0		2	1	1	1	28
55 to 60 years	5	1 3	2 2 3	3		1	3	1	2 9	3 3	1	2	22
60 to 65 years				3	4	7	3	4	9	3	2	5	51
65 to 70 years	4	1	1	1	4	1	5	1	3	3	4	2	27
70 to 75 years	. 3	2	2	3	3	1		4	2	1	4	7	37
75 years and over	11	4	7	6	3	7	6		4	9	6	6	69
Not given	*****	1	3	1	1	3	11	1	2	2	6	1	32

FOR THE YEAR 1888.

CAUSE.													
Variola Fever, typhoid	*****	1	3	5	3	3		1		9		*****	16
Fever, yellow										-	*****		
Fever, malarial							1	*****	1	*****	******	*****	9
Fever, pernicious		6	12	8	2	******		3	9	*****	1	5	45
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous Diphtheria	3	1	. 2	4	2		ì	2	ĩ	1	3	2	22
Tetanus			*****		3	*****		***	*****	****	1	1	
Tetanus, infantile	4	4	6	5	10	7	12	10	6	6	10	9	90
Tuberculosis	14	7	14	17	15	12	19	8	11	5	11	7	140
Cancer				2		3	4	2		3	**	i	16
Dropsy	1		1		1	4	5	ī	2	i	2		18
Meningitis	2	1	3	2	5	î	2	4	2	1	*****		99
Cerebrai congestion	2	-	2	3			3	3	ī		1	4	19
Other diseases of the nervous system	2	1	3	1	5	2	9	3	9	******	9	8	29
Pneumonia	2	2	3	â	3	1	ī		-	*****	ī	1	25
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	3	1	4	4	i	i	1	1	1	2	2	26
Diseases of heart	5	6	10	7	10	8	6	9	9	- A	1	4	00
Diseases of the blood vessels	2	1	1		3	9		9		9	9	9	12
Enteritis		2	•	1		4	2	ĩ	1	ī	-	2	1.
Enterocolitis	******	ī	1		*****	9	-	i	1	9	*****	-	44
Dysentery					3	-		1	1	-	******	******	

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1888—Continued.

FOR THE YEAR 1889.

		1				i .		1		į.			
Variola			2		3	7	2	4	1	5	16	17	52
Fever, typhoid	. 2		*****	3	4	3	4	1	1	1			19
Fever, yellow			1	1	4	16	11	5	6	9	6	3	60
Fever, malarial		1		1					1				3
Fever, pernicious	. 1	2	1		3	2	2	5	3	4	2	2	27
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous		2	5	2	3	3	5	. 2	3	i	-	5	31
Diphtheria		1	*****	*****									- 01
Tetanus			2				1	2	1	1	1		
Fetanus, infantile	. 8	3	9	5	6	17	10	10	7	5	7	7	94
Fuberculosis	. 10	8	9	11	12	9	14	7	11	9	5	12	117
Cancer			2		1	1	1	i	2			2	10
Dropsy	. 2	1	1		2			1	ī	1	1	1	10
Athrepsia and inanition		****						1					1
Meningitis		3	3		2	9	2	5	1	3	2	2	27
Cerebral congestion	2	1	3		ī	ī	2			1	1	-	16
Other diseases of the nervous system			3	5	î			1	-	9	3	1	16
Pneumonia		3	1	3	i	2		9	2		1	2	17
Other diseases of the respiratory system	3	2	4	2	4	4	4	-	ĩ		2	2	26
Diseases of the heart	6	8	9	4	3	4	3	5	6	4	5	8	63
Disease of the blood vessels		4	3	3	1		2	3		1	9	1	21
Enteritis			2	2	î	1	3		1	1	1	- 1	13
Enterocolitis				-	3	2	9	*****		i			8
Dysentery				1	1	ĩ	-	****	*****		*****	******	10
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract.				2	3	5	5	2	9	9		0	25
Hepatitis, acute								_	1	1		2	3
Hepatitis, chronic					****		*****			- 1		*****	3
Other diseases of liver		1		1	5	*****		*****	9	3			12
Diseases of the urinary system						1	1	1	1	0	****	*****	12
Puerperal diseases				******	1			1	2	*****	*****		4
Wounds and injuries	1	2	1	*****			9		9	0			อ
				*****	*****	*****	-	*****	*****	2	884	1	9
old age													
Old age Unclassified	8	3	7	3	3	3	1	1	7	2	4	5	47

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1889—Continued.

	ry.	ary.	_					it.	nber.	er.	nber.	iber.	
	January	February	March	April.	May.	June.	July.	August	Septembe	October	Novembe	December	Total.
AGE.													
Under 5 years	15	13	19	14	22	36	29	24	18	19	26	22	257
5 to 10 years			1		1	6	3	1	3	1	2	4	25
10 to 15 years				1				1		2		3	7
15 to 20 years			1	1				2	1	4	3	1	13
20 to 25 years	3	1	3	1	6	19	9	7	8	8	7	6	78
25 to 30 years		2	4	2	6	4	5	1	4			3	38
30 to 35 years	4		5	1	2	1	3	1	7	4	2	5	35
35 to 40 years	3		4	3	4	1	1	2	3	3	ī	1	26
40 to 45 years		1	7	1	3	5	2	2	7	4	3	5	48
45 to 50 years	2	1	6	2	2	2	3	1	1	3	2	3	28
50 to 55 years	3		2	4		1	2	4	7	2	2	2	20
55 to 60 years	1	3	1	4	3	1	2	2	3		3	3	29 26
60 to 65 years	2	4	8	3	3	1	4	2		4	3	9	36
65 to 70 years	3	1	3	4	1	2	2	3			9	ī	20
70 to 75 years		6	2	5	2	2	6	4			1	7	22 37
75 and over		6	5	5	6	1	4	1	3	7	4	6	52
Not given	2	4	3		7	2	2	1	1				22

FOR THE YEAR 1890.

					1								
CAUSE.													
Variola	24	19	18	25	17	23	7	8	4	1	2	2	150
Fever, typhoid		4	2	2	2	1	2			*****	1	*****	14
Fever, yellow													
Fever, malarial		1				1							2
Fever, pernicious		3			5	1	2	2	2		2	*****	17
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	1	4	1	2		4	1	1	1	2		1	18
Diphtheria						2	1						3
retanus	1		2	1				1	1		1		7
Petanus, infantile	9	7	4	8	7	8	6	7	7	5	10	6	84
l'uberculosis	10	12	10	13	14	11	14	16	13	15	16	10	154
Cancer		1	2		3	1	3			1	1		12
Dropsy	1		1	3	*****	1				2	3	2	13
Athrepsia and inanition	1	2	1	1		1	1		1		3		11
Meningitis	2	2	7	5	3	5	1	3	2	1	1	1	33
Cerebral congestion	5	2					1	2	4		î	î	16
Other diseases of the nervous system	2	2	1	2	*****	4	i	1		1	3	2	19
Pneumonia	1	3	1		1	2			2	2		3	15
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	2	4	3	1	2		5	1	5	5	3	33
Diseases of heart	. 2	6	4	6	4	4	2	5	2	5	10	5	55
Diseases of the blood vessels	3	1	1			3	4	3	2		1	3	21
Enteritis		î	2	1	2	1	2	ĭ	2	2	2	1	17
Enterocolitis	1	3		2	5	14	ī	î	ī	3		3	34
D		i	1		3	3		î		2			11
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract		i			2	7	7	3	1	ī	2	1	25
Hepatitis, acute	1		*****		ī		i	i			-	-	4
Hepatitis, chronic				2			î	2		*****	*****		5
Other diseases of liver	3		5	ī	2		2	ĩ	3	1	*****	*****	18
Diseases of the urinary system			1		ī	*****	ī	î				***-**	4
Puerperal diseases			-		i	*****		2		1	9	1	9
Wounds and injuries	1	1	2	******		3	2	-	*****	-	ī	i	11
		î		1		1		*****	1	*****			4
Unclassified	4	4	8	4	2	4	5	4	î	3	2	5	46
	_		-	-	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	40
Total	74	83	80	82	76	107	68	71	51	53	69	51	865
AGE.													
Under 5 years	32	37	27	43	31	66	27	26	20	18	25	21	373
5 to 10 years	9	1	7	2	4	4	3	2	*****	2	4	1	39
10 to 15 years	1	1	2	1	1	1	1		2	1			11
15 to 20 years	1	2	2 2 3	1	2	1	1	2	******	1	1	1	15
20 to 25 years	3	1	3	5	3	4	2	1		6		1	29
25 to 30 years	*****	3	3	2	5	2	2	6	4		2	3	32
30 to 35 years	2	1	1	4	2	1	6	6	1	1	6	2	33
35 to 40 years	3	4	3	2	2 2	4	1	1	i	3	2		26
40 to 45 years	5	6	3	2	3	1	3	3	4	5	1	3	39
	3	2	3	3	8	1	1	1	-	1	1	3	27
to to ou years													
45 to 50 years	i	3	6	3	2	6	3	5	3	3	3	3	41

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1890—Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
AGE—continued.													
60 to 65 years	2	5	4	4	4	4	6	7	5		10	5	56
65 to 70 years	1	3	5	3			1	*****	1	*****	******	1	1
70 to 75 years	5	5	5	1	3 5	*****	2	1	3	5	4	2 5	a
75 years and over	3	4	4	5	5	12	6	7	5	4	9	5	6
Total	74	83	80	82	76	107	68	71	51	53	69	51	86

FOR THE YEAR 1891.

CAUSE.													
Variola	2	3											
Fever, typhoid		2	1		2	2	1	4	1	2	1		1
Fever, yellow		*****						1	1				
Fever, malarial				1			1	î	-	******	******	*****	
Fever, pernicious			3	1	3		7	4	2	3	2	*****	2
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous		î	2	******	2	2	5	7	ī			2	2
Diphth'eria		4	-		ĩ	-	0				8	-	
			*****	2			*****	*****	*****		1	*****	
Tetanus		10	******	1	*****	*****	1	*****	*****	*****	******	****	
Tetanus, infantile		10	8	9	7	10	5	8	7	5	9	- 4	9
Tuberculosis		13	14	19	9	10	16	10	7	12	11	11	14
Cancer		2	2			1	3		*****	20-000	2		1
Dropsy		3		3	1	2	3	1	1	1	*****	2	1
Athrepsia and inanition			*****	1	2	1	*****	*****	XXXXX		*****	*****	
Meningitis	3	1	4	4	2	3	6	1		1	1	2	2
Cerebral congestion	5		2	2	1	4	8	3		2	2		2
Other diseases of the nervous system				1		3	6	3		3			1
Pneumonia		1		1	1		3	4	1	3	1	*****	i
Other diseases of the respiratory system	9	3	4	9	3	1	10	13	2	5	3	RESERVE	5
Diseases of heart		'5	7	6	4	11	21	9	10	2	0	5	9
Diseases of the blood vessels	2	1	4	i	5	2	1	1		-	0		
	ī	3	1	3	5			4	1	******	4	2	2
Enteritis				3.0		2	3		-00100	2	-	1	8
Enterocolitis		2	2	1	11	9	10	16	2	2	2	3	6
Dysentery	1	*****	2	*****	3	1	3		1	2	1	1	1
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract		1			1	3	4	*****	*****	*****	1	*****	3
Hepatitis, acute		******			*****	*****	1	*****	*****	****	1	****	
Hepatitis, chronic					*****		*****	2		1		1	
Other diseases of the liver	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	2			1	3	1
Diseases of the urinary system		*****	4		1		2	1	2	1			1
Puerperal diseases							1	2					-
Wounds and injuries		1	2	3			î	2		2		9	1
Old age		-	ī			2	2	6	2	1		ī	i
Unclassified	8	3	î	3	4	5	10	5	2	7	3	i	5
		-		_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Total	60	61	73	63	69	75	135	110	43	57	54	41	84
AGE.													
Under 5 years	25	24	19	22	32	33	42	40	15	25	19	11	30
5 to 10 years	3		3	1		1	3	1	2	2	5		2
10 to 15 years		1		-	3	4	2	3	ī	ī	2	*****	ī
15 to 20 years		î	1	*****			-	1		i	î		,
			2	*****	4			î				3	
20 to 25 years,	*****	*****		1	4	1	5		2	*****	1	2	1
25 to 30 years		2	2	5	1	2	******	2	1	3	1	2	2
30 to 35 years		1	6		1	2	5	7	1	1	4	1	3
35 to 40 years		7	4	2	2	*****	2	1	3	1	1	*****	2
10 to 45 years	4	3	3	8	2	8	7	6		1	8	3	5
45 to 50 years	3	1	6		2	2	4	6	-2	1	2		2
50 to 55 years			4	4	4	5	15	5	2	5	1	4	5
55 to 60 years		4		i	i		4	6	1	2			i
	6	2	4	6	2	2	10	5	2	6	3	3	5
60 to 65 years	9	3	3	1	ī	-	4	2	ī	0	9	1	1
60 to 65 years			4	5	3			4					
65 to 70 years	-				- 65	8	7	4	2	2	1	2	4
65 to 70 years	5	5					498	000				-	700
65 to 70 years	12	7	12	7	11	7	25	20	8	6	5	9	12
50 to 65 years. To to 75 years. To to 75 years. To years and over.						7	25	20	8	6	5	9	12

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1892.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
CAUSE.													
Variola	******		******	*****	*****					******	*****		
Fever, typhoid		3	1	*****	1	1	1	1	2	1	******	3	14
Fever, yellowFever, malarial	*****	*****	*****			******	*****	*****		*****	1	*****	1
Fever, pernicious		****		*****	9	1	3	2		1 2	*****	1	3
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous			1		3	1	2	2	5	2	1 2	3	20
			2		9	1	2	2	9	i	1		1
Diphtheria Tetanus	i	3	1	*****	*****		1	*****	1	2	1	1 2	15
Tetanus, infantile		8	8	8	3	10	9	7	10	5	3	5	85
Tuberculosis		13	9	12	16	11	18	ıí	12	12	9	9	140
Cancer		2	3	1		2	1	2	1	4	2	i	15
Dropsy		5	4	î	*****	3	2	_	2	i	-	3	11
Athrepsia and inanition					******	0	-	*****	-		2	0	2
Meningitis		2	1	6	1	1	2	*****	1	2	3	1	21
Cerebral congestion		-		1	5	3	2	3	2	_	0	4	20
Other diseases of the nervous system	1	4	2	7	4	1	-	1	2	2	1	i	26
Pneumonia		2	2	1			2	i	2	2	5	2	20
Other diseases of the respiratory system		3	1	*****	3	4	1	3	2	6	1	1	20
Diseases of the heart		9	5	9	7	5	9	5	6	7	5	5	76
Direases of the blood vessels	6	9	1	1		3	2	9	2	2	2	5	24
Enteritis	3	*****	i	1	2	6	5	1	4	3	5	2	32
Enterocolitis		190101		4	2	3	12	3	2	2	1	1	31
Dysentery		2	1	2	3	0	2	0	1		1	_	12
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract.	1	2		2	2	4	î	2		*** **	2	*****	16
Hepatitis, acute		3	100000	-	-	3		-	1	*****	-	*****	1
Hepatitis, chronic	1	0	*****		*****	*****	2	*****	î	*****	1	1	6
Other diseases of the liver		1	1			1	3	*****		*****	2	2	- 10
Diseases of the urinary system	******	î		*****			0	*****	*****	*****	î	_	1
Puerperal diseases	*****	î	1	1	1	*****	*****	******	*****	*****		****	1 4
Wounds and injuries	2	i	1	2		2	2000-		1	1	2	*****	12
Old age		2	3	ī	1	ĩ	1		i	2	-	10000	16
Unclassified	4	3	2	4	4	6	8	2	6	ĩ	3	2	45
Total	50	70	51	62	61	73	89	46	69	61	57	59	748
AGE.													
Under 5 years	15	15	18	24	14	35	44	20	34	20	25	18	282
5 to 10 years	4	2	3	1	1	1	2		2	7	1		24
10 to 15 years	1	1	1		*****		1		2	2		3	11
15 to 20 years		1		2	1				1	1	2	2	10
20 to 25 years		1	2		5	2		1	3	4	6	3	27
25 to 30 years	1	4	1	4		1	2	1		1	1	1	17
30 to 35 years	1	2	2	3	4	2	4	2	3	3	1	3	30
35 to 40 years	2	7	1	4	1	4	1	1	1	2	*****	3	27
10 to 45 years	1	5	1		5	3	7	3	4		3	4	36
45 to 50 years		2	2	2	1	1	5		i	1	5	1	21
50 to 55 years	1	2 7	3	6	5	2	3	2	3	5	3	2	42
55 to 60 years	2	6	2	4	3	7	2	3	2	3	1	2	37
60 to 65 years		3	2	2	4	7 3	5	7	4	4	2	ī	41
55 to 70 years	2	1	1			2	2	7	i	i	1	3	15
70 to 75 years	5	7	4	3	2	2	4	2	5	2	4	4	44
75 years and over	11	6	8	7	15	8	7	3	3	5	2	9	84
Not given		*****	*****								*****		
		_			_	_	_	_	_		_		

FOR THE YEAR 1893.

	1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	1	-	
CAUSE.		1	1						1			- 1	
Variola											1	1	2
Fever, typhoid		1	1		5	1	2	2	1	1			16
Fever, yellow							6	6	3	3	3	3	24
Fever, malarial	1		1	1			1					2	6
Fe er, pernicious	1			1	1	2		1		2	1	ī	10
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	3	1			i	3	1	l î	2	4		2	18
		2	1	2		2	1.	i	ī	-		2	11
		Ιī	1	-	1	-	1	î			1	2	7
Tetanus, infantile	7	1 2	8	5	1 6	2	1 8	12	8	2	10	7	99
		1 6	8	12	14	16	18	10	7	16		4	149
		li	1	-0		1	20	10		1	9	1	10
	9	1 2	9	9		K	9		*****	9	1	1	99
Fe er, perticious. Pevers, unclassified and miscellaneous Diphtheria. Tetanus. Tetanus, infantile Tuberculosis. Cancer Dropsy	7 12	1 2 1 7 8 1	1 8 8 1	1 2 5 13	1 1 6 14	3 2 3 16 1	1 8 18 3 9	1 1 1 13 18	2 1 6 7	8 16 1	1 1 10 8 2	1 2 2 2 7 4 1	10 18 11 7 88 142 10

${\it Table \ showing \ mortality \ of \ Puerto \ Principe, \ Cuba-Continued}.$

FOR THE YEAR 1893-Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September	October.	November,	December.	Total.
CAUSE—continued.													
Athrepsia and inanition		2	1			3	2				2		1
Meningitis	1		6	1	1	9	7	2	3	3	3	2	3
Cerebral congestion		1		4		1		2	3	1	2	3	9
Other diseases of the nervous system	1	1	2	5		3	3	2	1	7	4	1	3
Pneumonia	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	ĩ	2	2	*	2	
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	4	ī	5	3	î	*****	5	2				1
Discourse of the beant	8	5	11	5						2 3	2	5	3
Diseases of the heart Diseases of the blood vessels	8			9	3	5	1	7	4	3	4	7	6
	181211	1	5					1	SERKAS	****		3	1
Enteritis	2	!	1	3	3	10	6	6	1	2		1	3
Enterocolitis	1	1	2	2	1	1	4	7	5	1		*****	2
Dysentery	2	3	1	*****	*****	*****	***	*****	1	*****	*****	*****	
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract	4	1		1		2	5	9		1	2	******	1
Hepatitis, acute				*****		*****	1		1	1	1	****	
Hepatitis, chronic			104	1		2	1	1	1			2	
Other diseases of the liver	1	1					2	3		1	1		
Diseases of the urinary system	1			1			1						
Puerperal diseases		1	1	1	1						1	2	
Wounds and injuries	4	1		1	2	3		1	1	2	3		1
Old age		3			1	2	1	1			-	2	i
Unclassified	4	2	3	1		5	2	3	2		3	5	3
Total	65	53	59	57	44	75	78	87	47	63	55	61	74
AGE,													
Under 5 years	22	17	22	20	15	30	30	35	19	25	23	20	27
to 10 years	4	2		1	2	2	-	4	-	1	20		
		4			i	î	2	i	480×8	-	******	2	1
0 to 15 years		1			i	i			*****	*****	1	*****	1
5 to 20 years	- 1		1	4				1	2			1	
20 to 25 years	6	4	1		4	1	9	8	4	3	7	4	5
25 to 30 years	2	1	2	3	1	3	4	3	2	2	****	13	2
00 to 35 years	1	4	1		1	6	1	3	3	4	3	2	9
85 to 40 years	1	2		2	1		4	2	1	1	2	*****	1
10 to 45 years	- 4	2	5	5	4	3	6	6	4	5	4		4
15 to 50 years	2	3	2	1	2	2		2	2	2	1	2	2
50 to 55 years	- 1	2	2	2	7	- 6	7	5	1	1	2	7	4
55 to 60 years	2		3	2	1	1	3	1		1	1		1
60 to 65 years	2	2	6	5	1	4	6	8	2	7	2	2	4
35 to 70 years					1	2				2	ī	3	
70 to 75 years	4	1	5	7		3	3	4	3	ī	3	5	3
5 years and over	13	8	9	5	2	10	3	4	4	8	5	11	8
Total	65	53	59	57	44	75	78	87	47	63	55	61	74

FOR THE YEAR 1894.

CAUSE.													
Variola	1	1		*****	*****				*****	-			2
Fever, typhoid	2			3	1		1	*****	1		*****		11
Fever, yellow				*****	1	1	1	7	3	2	6	1	26
Fever, malarial			*****					1	****	*****		*****	1
Fever, pernicious	1			2	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	3	19
Fevers, miscellaneous	1		1		1.			3	1		1		8
Diphtheria	2	1	1	*****	2	1		3	*****	*****	5.	2	17
Tetanus			1		1		1	1	2	1	2		10
Tetanus, infantile	10	5	3	7	11	10	6	6	8	4	7	5	82
Tuberculosis	13	12	12	17	8	10	10	12	11	7	8	11	131
Cancer	2	1		1	2	3	3	1	1		4	1	19
Dropsy		1	2		3	1		2	1			i	11
Athrepsia and inanition	1			1			9			13		12	×
Meningitis	2	2	3	4	2	2	7	4	1		1	1	29
Cerebral congestion	1	2	1	1		2	1	2	1	****	2	2	15
Other diseases of the nervous system	3	1	4	3	4	2	1	3	1	1	2		25
Pneumonia	1	2		2			3			1	2	3	14
Other diseases of the respiratory system	7	6		2	1	1	1	4	**	2	5	1	32
Angina pectoris													
Endocarditis													
Heart, hypertrophy of									***				
Other diseases of the heart	9	11	7	5	3	6	5	2	3	4	4	5	57
Diseases of the blood vessels		1		1	2	2	1	2		3	2	1	15
Enteritie	5	i	4	2	ī	6	5	2	3	8	2		25

${\it Table \ showing \ mortality \ of \ Puerto \ Principe, \ Cuba-Continued}.$

DOD MITTE	****	
FUR THE	YEAR	1894—Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
CAUSE—continued.													
Entrocolitis. Dysentery Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract. Hepatitis, acute.	1	2 1 2		1	6 1 2	4	3	1	1	1	1	I	19 6 8
Hepatitis, chronic	2	1 1 3	1 2	1 2	1	1 1 1	1 1	2	1 1	1	1	1 3	12 6 16
Puerperal diseases. Wounds and injuries Old age Unclassified.	2 10	2 5	2 5	4	1 9	4	2 6	2 4	3 3	1 6	1 4	2 6	18 66
Total	75	67	49	60	66	61	68	67	53	41	62	52	721
AGE.													
Under 5 years	3 1 5 1	18 1 2 2 1	12 1 1 2	21 1 1 3 2	27 2 2 4	27 1 1 3 1	29 2 5 2	3 7 2	19 2 7 1	14 7 2	2 7	4	252 12 7 11 52 18
30 to 35 years. 31 to 40 years. 40 to 45 years. 45 to 50 years. 50 to 55 years.	3 4 5 4 3	7 3 3	5 1 1 2 3	33723	1 2 4 2	3 2 6 1 2	3 1 2	5 1 3	4 4 1 4	4 4 1	1 4 2 6	3 2 4	35 27 45 22 37
55 to 60 years	1 4 2 5	4 7 4 3	1 7 4 3	4 5	6 1	3 1 4 5	3	1 3 2 10	1 2 1 3	3 1	2 2	2 1 2 3	19 40 28 37
75 years and over Not given	8	8	6	5	8	1	12	7	3	4	7	8	77
Total	75	67	49	60	66	61	68	67	53	41	62	52	721

FOR THE YEAR 1895.

CAUSE.													
Variola													
Fever, typhoid	*****	*****		******	*****	9	5	4	0	63	******	3	26
Fever, yellow	9	6		15	30	88		110	153	105	32	21	696
Fever, malarial	-				90	1	120	110	100	1	32		
Fever, pernicious	1	9		1		5	14	8	3	9	1 1	1	42
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	1	0	******	1	1	3	4	3	0	1 1	1	2	23
Diphtheria		9	2		-	1		9	-	1	1	2	20
Tetanus		-	1	1	****	1 1	*****	4	******			0	8
Tetanus, infantile.		6	6	8	12	3	9	7	14	11	17	18	115
Tuberculosis		6	12	9	12	19	15	ní	13	11	10		
Cancer		0	12	1	1		2	2		5	-	10	142
Dropsy		4	1	2	2	*****	2	5	1	3	1	1	14
Anthrep-ia and inanition	1 3			2	2	4	4	2		3	3	1	
Meningitis		*****	5	-	5	2	4 2	2	3	1	2		19
Cerebral congestion	9	3	1		5	-	1	9	3	2	3	2	30
Other diseases of the nervous system	9	1	2	3	-	3	1 -	1	2	2	3	1	23
Pneumonia	2		1 2	0	1	1	******	3	2	1	8	3	26
Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	1	2	2	2	2	1	3				1	13
Diseases of the heart		1	10	2	14	7	4	1	5	4	5	9	36
Diseases of the blood vessels	1		2	3	1	2	7 2	i	9	7	12	11	98
Enteritis	1	******	1	0	7	5	15	6	9	4	1	*****	24
Enterocolitis		1	1	*	2	13	26	15	8	6	1	7	62
Descriptor:	*****		2	3	2	13		10	4		1	5	74
Dysentery	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	0	3	3	4	8	34
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract			1	1		-00000		2	4	1	2		18
Hepatitis, acute				*****			******	******			*****	*****	*******
Hepatitis, chronic	2		1	*****	1	1	*****	1	1	REALS		1	8
Other diseases of the liver	1	1		*****						1	2	1	7
Diseases of the urinary system	*****			2	*****	3	1	3	1	3	5	1	21
Puerperal diseases	1	*****	*****	*****	1		*****	2	1	1	*****	1	. 7
Wounds and injuries	2					3	4	3	2	3		1	17
Old age		2			1	2	******	1		1	2	1	10
Unclassified	1	6	2	7	5	10	7	7	9	3	4	8	69
Total	55	50	68	70	100	104	OK 4	001	947	100	100	100	1 600

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1895—Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	Aprill.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September	October.	November.	December.	Total.
AGE.													
Under 5 years	12	12	17	22	28	44	77	46	37	31	35	30	391
5 to 10 years	1		1	1	2	2	5	8	10	1	1	3	35
10 to 15 years		1		1	1	1	3	1	3	1	1	4	16
15 to 20 years				1	1	6	3	3	2	2	1	1	26
20 to 25 years	6	8	12	15	29	91	125	111	152	99	36	24	706
25 to 30 years	1		1	2 2	3	2	2	1	1	3	5	3	24
30 to 35 years	1		1	2	3	4	2	7	8	4	5	3	40
35 to 40 years	4	1	3	2	1	3	4	4	2	- 5	4	5	38
40 to 45 years	2	2	2		. 4	9	4	10	4	6	6	5	54
45 to 50 years	3	1	1	2	1		3		1	5	2	2	21
50 to 55 years	4	5	4	4	8	4	6	7	6	9	3	6	66
55 to 60 years	*** **	5	3	1	2	1	4				3	2	21
60 to 65 years	4	8	4	6	10	4	6	12	4	6	3	11	78
65 to 70 years	3		2	4	1	4	2	1	1	3		2	23
70 to 75 years	2	3	4	3	6	4	4	1	5	- 6	6	- 5	49
75 years and over	12	7	10	7	9	5	2	9	11	8	16	15	111
Not given		*****				*****	2	1	*****	*****	*****	1	4
Total	55	53	65	73	109	184	254	221	247	189	127	122	1,699

FOR THE YEAR 1896,

		í.	1	1	-	1	-	1	1				
CAUSE.													
Variola									1				*******
Fever, typhoid	3	5	1	2	1 7	6	9	4	1	2	1	4	45
Fever, yellow	15	4	17	10	3	4	1		1	1	1	2	59
Fever, malarial			1					1			1		3
Fever, pernicious	3	5	2	3	3	2	2	4	3	3	1	3	34
Fevers unclassified and miscellaneous	1	2	4	3	2	1	2			1	2	3	21
Diphtheria	. 1	1			ī	1		1	2		3		10
Tetanus	1	1	1		i		4			1	5	1	14
Tetanus, infantile	15	9	6	14	6	7	12	5	6	11	6	8	105
Tuberculosis		13	16	19	20	13	13	12	9	12	12	11	160
Cancer		1	1		-	1	1	2	i	1		4	13
Dropsy	ī	5	3	3	5	4	1	-	3		000001	1	25
Athrepsia and inanition	3	6	5	4	1	4	2	2	4	3	6	4	43
Meningitis		8	8	3	2	i	2	4	1 -	5	4	3	46
Cerebral congestion	i	5	3	6	2	2	2	2	2	4	2	1	32
Other diseases of the nervous system		4	3	4	3	3	î	3	2	19	-	3	31
		5	1	1 -	1	1 -	i	-	3	2	*****		
Pneumonia Other diseases of the respiratory system	5	3	3	*****	3			*****	3	2	1	1	18
Discusses of the respiratory system		16		9	15	9	3	10	20	50	3	5	30
Diseases of heart	10		18				7	10	12	19	10	11	146
Diseases of the blood vessels	3	2	1	2	3		2	2	4	4	5	4	30
Enteritis	9	10	9	8	6	11	6	5	1	11	5	10	91
Enterocolitis		7	5	10	6	6	7	2	4	4	2	3	58
Dysentery	4	1 7	14	8	11	2	14	5	6	11	9	19	110
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract				1	2	3	1		*****	*****	2	*****	10
Hepatitis, acute	1			1		*****	*****		2	2	1	****	.7
Hepatitis, chronic	1	*****	1	*****	1	2	4	1	3		3	3	19
Other diseases of the liver		*****	1	*****			1	1		1		1	5
Diseases of the urinary system	1	1	6		2	1	3			3	1	3	21
Puerperal diseases		*****		1	1	1	*****	1	*****	2		1	7
Wounds and injuries	1	1	1				1	1	1		*****		6
Old age	2	*****	5	4		2		3	1	1	2	3	23
Unclassified	12	11	8	12	6	6	4	5	7	7	10	18	106
Total	120	131	144	128	112	95	105	76	76	113	98	130	1,328
AGE.							-		-	-	-		-
Under 5 years	39	43	39	44	29	26	38	21	19	33	30	35	396
5 to 10 years		4	2	5	2	2	4	3	5	10	2	5	46
10 to 15 years		4	3		3	ī	5	1		4	3	3	32
15 to 20 years		1	2	1	2		5	1		i		2	14
20 to 25 years		11	19	14	13	9	ĭ	5	6	5	8	5	114
25 to 30 years	10		6	3	2	3	î	1	2	2	2	4	29
30 to 35 years	*****	8	9	4	6	6	6	î	3	4	4	4	55
95 to 40 years	A												37
40 to 45 years	0												72
45 to 50 years	1	1									1		33
							2						87
ES to CO woom	0	0	12		12		0						31
35 to 40 years	9	3 7 8 6	9 4 12 4	2 6 5 8 1	2 3 4 12 1	4 4 4 4	2 5 2 7 2	1 4 2	3 6 3	3 9 2 11 3	5 2 5 2	5 7 7 5	

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba-Continued.

FOR THE YEAR 1896-Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August	September	October.	November	December.	Total.
AGE—continued.													
60 to 65 years	11	11	9	12	5	7	6	9	5	7	4	9	95
65 to 70 years	3 5	3	9 2 9	12 2 5	5 2 10	3 5	1	2	3	7 2 4 13	6	7	95 36 73
70 to 75 years	5	8	9	5	10	5	9	15	2 9	4	7	5	73
75 years and over	14	11	11	16	16	13	11	15	9	13	13	13	155
Not given	2	1	2	*****	*****			*****	*****	*****	5	13	23
Total	120	131	144	128	112	95	105	76	76	113	98	130	1, 328

FOR THE YEAR 1897.

		1		1	1	1	1			1	1		1
CAUSE.													
Variola				9		10		4					
Fever, typhoid		*****	3	3	3	10	6	4	1	2	2	4	38
Fever, yellow		*****	*****		*****		*****	*****	*****	2	2	3	4
Fever, malarial			1	1 2		1		*****	*****			1	8
Fever, perniciou		2		-	2	5	4	5	1	6	10	13	51
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous		1	8	10	2	6	3	*****	4	3	2		43
Diphtheria		*****	1		1		2			2	1		7
Tetanus			1	2		10	1		******			2	6
Tetanus, infantile	10	3	5	14	7	12	3	1	3	1	3	5	67
Tuberculosis	18	10	14	13	18	16	9	13	13	6	12	18	160
Cancer	*****	1	******	1		1 8	1	1	2 3	1		2	12
Dropsy	1	3	4		2		3	1		3	2		33
Athrepsia and inanition	6	4	9	7	9	3	2	2	3	2	3	9	56
Meningitis	4	4	3	5	6	5	7	2	2		3	4	45
Cerebral congestion	5	2	6	1	4	4	6	4	2	1	2	*****	37
Other diseases of the nervous system	2	****	2	5	1	3	1	4		1		2	21
Pneumonia	2	1	1	1	1	1				1	*****	*****	8
Other diseases of the respiratory system		1		6	5	3	3	3	1	2	3	1	31
Diseases of heart	21	19	19	12	10	8	8	8	5	8	11	13	143
Diseases of the blood vessels	6	3	4	2	3	5	2	3	2	1		1	32
Enteritis	7	5	11	19	18	14	9	3	3	5	10	9	113
Enterocolitis	4	3	6	4	6	6	2	1	1	1	2	1	87
Dysentery	16	12	11	19	36	20	13	9	7	9	7	9	168
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract		2		2	2		2	2		1		1	12
Hepatitis, acute		1	1		2	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	15
Hepatitis, chronic			2		1	1	1			2			7
Other diseases of the liver	1	1	3	2	1		1		4	2	4	1	20
Diseases of the urinary system	1	1	2	1	2		3	1	1			2	14
Puerperal diseases		1			1	1			2				6
Wounds and injuries	2	3	6	2		2	2	1		3	3	1	25
Old age	3	3	1	2	3	1		1	2	1	1	3	21
Unclassified	12	6	5	2	3	8	6	4	5	8	5	12	76
Total	134	92	129	140	148	145	101	75	68	74	90	122	1,318
AGE,													
Under 5 years	37	21	34	56	52	50	31	21	15	17	22	26	392
5 to 10 years	5	6	9	14	10	7	8	1	1	2	5	6	74
19 to 15 years	1	4		5	7	9	5	3	6	8	2	3	48
15 to 20 years		1	4	7	3	3	1		*****	1	3	2	26
20 to 25 years	2	3	9	4	6	6	3	6	6	7	6	11	69
75 to 30 years	4	3	2	*****	1	7	5	4	2	5	5	6	44
20 to 35 years	5	2	2	7	3	5	3	3	1	1	2	5	39
85 to 40 years	5	5	2	2	8	6	2	1	1		3	4	31
30 to 45 years	10	2	6	6	3	3	2	4		3	2	8	45
45 to 50 years	7	7	6	1	4	6	3	2	3	5	4	3	5
40 to 55 years	9	5	8	5	6	3	4	8	2	3	2	7	65
55 to 60 years	9	3	6	2	4	2	6	1	4	1	6	6	50
50 to 65 years	6	4	7	8	9	13	3	7	10	8	4	9	88
65 to 70 years		5	5	2	6	4	7	3	1	3	3	4	47
	5	7	4	6	6	6	2	5	3	3	4	6	5
60 to 75 years	22	14	25	15	20	15	16	6	13	12	17	16	191

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1898.

									-		Li.		
	anuary.	February	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September	October.	November.	December	Total.
CAUSE.	-	-	-	-	-	7		-	- 02	-	-	-	-
Variola Fever, typhoid	3	2	2	5	4	4	2	2	4	8	3	5	41
Fever, yellow									i	1		1	3
Fever, malarial	3	1	4	1	1			2	5	15	14	13	59
Fever, pernicious	8	12		3	3	3	2	4	10	14	31	20	113
Fevers, unclassified and miscellaneous	1		1	1	*****	2	1	1	3	1			11
Diphtheria	*****	i.		1	*****	******	****	*****	*****	+8880	*****	*****	1
retanusretanus, infantile		8	3	7	6	3	1		1	2		1	3
Tuberculosis	10	20	21	18	18	19	23	12	11	11	6 8	5 16	187
Cancer	10	20	3	1	10	1	40	1	1	4	i	5	17
Drepsy	1	1	3	1	2	î	3	î	3		3		15
Athrepsia and inanition	18	8	8	7	8	19	5	3	2	5	1	11	96
Meningitis	1	3		5	4	4	4	3	2	2	5	2	35
Cerebral congestion	*****	1	1	*****	4	3	1	1	*****	2	*****	4	17
Other diseases of the nervous system		1	1	3	1	1	*****	*****	2	*****	****	1	10
Pneumonia Other diseases of the respiratory system	2	2	2	1	5	3	1	1	1	4	1	1	23
Diseases of the heart	15	12	9	7	7	5	10	6	10	9	6	9	105
Diseases of the blood vessels	3	5	4	7	2	1	1		5	1	6	6	41
Enteritis	7	11	13	13	10	20	7	6	2	2	6	10	107
Enterocolitis	2	1		5		4		1	2	ī		1	26
Dysentery	16	20	9	9	14	13	17	20	23	18	10	10	179
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract	2	1	*****	2	2	1	1	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	9
Hepatitis, acute	1	2	1			1	1	1	3	*****		*****	10
Hepatitis, chronic Other diseases of the liver					1 2	4	*****		2	*****		*****	1
Diseases of the urinary system	3	2	3 2	1 2	-	4 2		3	2	1	2	1	24
Puerperal diseases		1	ĩ	-	*****	ī	*****	1	-	î	*****	1	6
Wounds and injuries	1	2	i		2	2	2	î			******	î	12
Old age	4	1			2	3	2	1	2	1	1	2	19
Unclassified	15	5	16	6	9	7	6	3	6	13	10	11	107
Total	128	126	109	108	107	128	90	76	102	119	117	139	1, 349
	_									-		-	
AGE.		-										1	
Under 5 years	31	35	15	34	27	41	17	19	13	28	31	37	328
5 to 10 years		6	4		2	7	3	5	11	13	11	14	79
10 to 15 years 15 to 20 years	5	1	1 2	2	3 2	1	1	1 2	7	3	11	6	39 21
20 to 25 years		3	8	9	6	10	14	10	18	15	8	3	110
25 to 30 years		4	3	2	1	5	2	2	4	8	3	5	43
30 to 35 years		5	7	8	3	5	6	ī	7	3	4	2	52
35 to 40 years	3	6	5	4	4	4	4	5	4	5	3	5	50
40 to 45 years	3	7	7	5		4	5	5	6	2	3	9	60
45 to 50 years	7	3	5	5	4	2	4	3	3	8	3	4	51
50 to 55 years	7	5	6	7	5	6	8	2	3	7	4	5	63
55 to 60 years	9	14	5	8	10	7 2	5	2 2	3	3 2	12	5 7	51
65 to 70 years		6	8	4	7	3	2	4	3	5	4	6	81 50
70 to 75 years	7	6	9	6	7	12	î	4	8	5	5	10	80
75 years and over	31	19	16	13	18	15	14	9	6	11	8	19	182
													_

FOR THE YEAR 1899.

	-	_				-						-
2	3	12	12	3	5	3	4	2				46
					5	11	1	1	1			19
12	13	14	12	20	10	7	3	7		3	2	103
5	5	9	10	20	6	3	5	4	3	3	2	75
			4	7	3	1	5				1	21
		1							1			2
		î						1	i		******	3
		4	9	13	5	5	4	î	4	3	3	68
	12	12			11	7	18	7	7	4	7	119
2	1	2	2	3			1			1		19
	-	-	1	-		2	3			-	1	7
	12 5 9 12 2	12 13 5 5 	12 13 14 5 5 9 1 9 8 4 12 12 12 2 1 2	12 13 14 12 5 5 9 10 	12 13 14 12 20 5 5 9 10 20 4 7 1 9 8 4 9 13 12 12 12 10 13 2 1 2 2 3	12 13 14 12 20 15 5 5 9 10 20 6 4 7 3 1 9 8 4 9 13 5 12 12 12 10 12 11 2 1 2 2 3	12 13 14 12 20 10 7 5 5 9 10 20 6 3 	12 13 14 12 20 10 7 3 5 5 9 10 20 6 3 5 5 9 10 20 6 3 5 5 9 10 1 7 3 1 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 13 14 12 20 10 7 3 7 5 5 9 10 20 6 3 5 4 7 3 1 5	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Table showing mortality of Puerto Principe, Cuba—Continued. FOR THE YEAR 1899—Continued.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September	October.	November.	December.	Total.
CAUSE—continued.													
Athrepsia and inanition	9	5	4	5	5	3	3	2	2			7	45
Meningitis	1	2	1	8	8	5	7	10	3	4	3	1	53
Cerebral congestion	3	2	5	4	4	3	5	4		1	2		33
Other diseases of the nervous system	4		4	2	3	1	7	3		1	3	2	30
Pneumonia	1	1	5	8	2		2	4		2	1		26
Other diseases of the respiratory system	4	4	8	13	9	10	5	3	3	5	2	6	72
Diseases of the heart	11	8	7	10	12	11	10	1	6	5	5	8	94
Diseases of the blood vessels	1	3	1		2	2	1	3	5	2		4	24
Enteritis	12	6	10	12	31	27	24	14	5	3	4	5	153
Enterocolitis		ĭ	1	2	3	2	ī	2		2	1		15
Dysentery	9	4	3	6	23	11	13	9	2	2	2	*****	77
Other diseases of the gastrointestinal tract			1	6	2	4	2	-	3	ī	3	-	22
Hepatitis, acute	1	1	2		ĩ	î	2	1			2	*****	11
Hepatitis, chronic	5	-	î		1	i	-			*****	-	2	10
Other diseases of the liver	1	2	4	3	3	i	2					-	22
			i			2		******	******		5	*****	
Diseases of the urinary system	2	1		2			1	1	3	****	2	*****	15
Puerperal diseases	1		1	2	*****	1	1	1	*****				7
Wounds and injuries	1	2	2	1	2	1		1	1	2	2	2	17
Old age	*****		****			*****		2	2				4
Unclassified	20	9	12	10	9	6	4	4	6	6	1	5	92
Total	128	93	128	154	198	137	129	102	64	54	52	58	1, 297
AGE,													
Under 5 years	31	27	34	53	93	61	53	46	22	25	17	11	473
5 to 10 years	7	4	8	15	28	13	8	7			3	3	96
10 to 15 years,	5	2	3	3	5	3	3	5		3	1	1	34
15 to 20 years		4	8	1	- 6	4	3	4	2	2	2	2	38
20 to 25 years	4	4	6	12	5	6	5	4	3	1	2	3	55
25 to 30 years	8		8	8	2	2	6	3	6	5	2	1	51
30 to 35 years	4	2	5	8	4	6	3	4	2	2	1		41
35 to 40 years	7	5	7	6	7	5	5	4		2	3	4	55
40 to 45 years	2	2	3	3	4	4	11	3	5	2	ĭ	6	46
45 to 50 years	2	3	4	8	5	6	4		3	2	2		41
50 to 55 years	11	8	6	8	2	i	5	2 3	ĭ	2	2	5	54
55 to 60 years	6	4	6	3	5	3	4	3	4	2	ĩ	3	44
60 to 65 years	6	10	13	7	11	9	3	8	3	3	4	3	75
		3	4	4		4	1	2	1	-	2	-	30
65 to 70 years	14	7	5	5	5	4	6	2	2	*****	4	2	56
70 to 75 years	13		8	10	15	6	9	7	10	3	5		107
75 years and over	10	H	0	10	10	0	9		10	0	9	13	
Not given	*****		*****	*****	*** **		*****	*****		*****	****	1	1

SPAIN.

Report from Barcelona.

BARCELONA, SPAIN, March 20, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to make the usual weekly report and to forward the abstract of bills of health for the week ended March 17, 1900. On March 11, steamship *Isla de Panay*, Barcelona to ports in Cuba and Porto Rico, was inspected; crew, 99; cabin passengers, 7, and steerage passengers, 44, were inspected and passed; 53 pieces of large and small baggage were inspected and labeled. On March 17, steamship *Porto Rico* was inspected; crew, 51; cabin passengers, 18; steerage, 20, were inspected and passed; 26 pieces of large and small baggage were inspected and labeled. * * *

Respectfully,

JOHN F. ANDERSON, Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

TURKEY.

Report from Constantinople.

[Report No. 240.]

Sanitary condition of the provinces of the Turkish Empire.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 8, 1900.

The sanitary condition of the provinces of the Turkish Empire is the same always, as I have already reported. We can not state the same thing for the province of Assyr in the Yemen, where at Beni-Shekir, as already reported, bubonic plague broke out last November. No fresh sanitary news has reached us since the latter date from said place.

In Djiddah, where the population was threatened by the consequences of the drought, after the last rains the cisterns have water enough to supply water for one year. It is the British consul who this week gives the news. He reports also that the price of the water carried from Suez would not exceed 5 or 8 shillings a ton.

Quarantine steps against Aden.

As a consequence of the outbreak of bubonic plague at Aden the Ottoman Government has given the necessary orders to the commander of the Seventh Corps d'armée in Yemen that he should by a military cordon prevent the entrance through the frontier at Taaz of passengers into Turkey. The superior sanitary council to which said quarantine step has been communicated has decided that it is not necessary to take any sanitary steps, the Anglo Indian Government having already taken the necessary steps in order to stifle said bubonic plague outbreak.

Quarantine against Bender-Bushir.

The Persian Government has asked the abolition of the ten days' quarantine to which the ships and passengers coming from the Persian ports are subjected in Bassorah. The question was brought to the superior sanitary council, when several of its members were willing to abolish said quarantine inasmuch as, according to what the British and Russian consuls state, more than two months since no case whatever of any epidemic disease has been observed in Bender Bushir,

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Bender Abbas, or Mohamara. The vice-president opposed the motion, stating that there is not any organized sanitary service in Persia, and, as a consequence, he can not rely on what they state. Besides that said vice president alleged that ships and passengers coming from Bombay land freely in said Persian harbors without any sanitary restriction or

examination of the passengers.

A long discussion followed, during which I said that quarantine in the Persian Gulf is but a vexation and a hindrance to trade and honest passengers, for the natives there do travel from Persia to Turkey as well as from Kurrachee and Bombay to Bassorah without being subjected to any quarantine; therefore, said quarantine, to which steamships coming from Bender-Bushir are subjected, would not prevent the spread of any epidemic disease whatever. The above mentioned vice-president did not agree with such requirements and quarantine has not been abolished.

Sanitary condition in Constantinople.

Public health in Constantinople continues to be the same; perhaps the number of influenza cases is a little larger than previously. The number of deaths registered from February 19 to March 5 is 580, of which 3 were from diphtheria, 3 from measles, 13 from typhoid fever and 24 from acute inflammation of the respiratory system.

SPIRIDION C. ZAVITZIANO, United States Sanitary Commissioner.

The Surgeon-General, U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

FOREIGN STATISTICAL REPORTS.

AUSTRALIA—New South Wales—Sydney.—Month of January, 1900. Estimated population, 438,300. Total number of deaths, 571, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 16; whooping cough, 2, and 38 from phthisis pulmonalis.

British Honduras—Belize.—Month of January, 1900. Estimated population, 30,000. Total number of deaths, 66, including whooping

cough, 1, and 4 from phthisis pulmonalis.

DUTCH GUIANA—Paramaribo.—Month of February, 1900. Estimated population, 31,279. Total number of deaths, 105. No contagious diseases reported.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended March 3, 1900, correspond to an annual rate of 21.2 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 11,610,296. The highest rate was recorded in Blackburn and Liverpool, viz, 31.2, and the lowest in Gateshead, viz, 14.8.

London.—One thousand six hundred and sixty-eight deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 41; scarlet fever, 9; diphtheria, 26; whooping cough, 43; enteric fever, 18; smallpox, 1, and diarrhea and dysentery, 7. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 19.0 a thousand. In Greater London 2,217 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 17.4 a thousand of

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the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 16 from diphtheria, 5 from measles, 2 from scarlet fever, and 7 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended February 24, 1900, in the 22 principal town districts of Ireland was 37.5 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,062,188. The lowest rate was recorded in Sligo, viz, 15.2, and the highest in Tralee, viz, 61.6 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 342 deaths were registered, including enteric fever, 1; measles, 5, and 1 from scarlet fever.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended March 3, 1900, in the 22 principal town districts of Ireland was 32.2 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,062,188. The lowest rate was recorded in Dundalk, viz, 0.0, and the highest in Tralee, viz, 61.6 a thousand. In Dublin and suburbs 230 deaths were registered, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 4; measles, 1, and 1 from scarlet fever.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended March 3, 1900, correspond to an annual rate of 29.0 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,606,935. The lowest mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 16.6, and the highest in Glasgow, viz, 34.2 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 897, including diphtheria, 5; measles, 20; scarlet fever, 10, and 15 from whooping cough.

GREAT BRITAIN—England and Wales.—The deaths registered in 33 great towns in England and Wales during the week ended March 10, 1900, correspond to an annual rate of 20.4 a thousand of the aggregate population, which is estimated at 11,610,296. The highest rate was recorded in Salford, viz, 32.4, and the lowest in Huddersfield, viz, 13.

London.—One thousand six hundred and fifty two deaths were registered during the week, including measles, 39; scarlet fever, 8; diphtheria, 41; whooping cough, 37; enteric fever, 13; and diarrhea and dysentery, 6. The deaths from all causes correspond to an annual rate of 18.8 a thousand. In Greater London 2,181 deaths were registered, corresponding to an annual rate of 12.1 a thousand of the population. In the "outer ring" the deaths included 14 from diphtheria, 8 from measles, 1 from scarlet fever, and 8 from whooping cough.

Bradford.—Two weeks ended March 10, 1900. Estimated population, 291,535. Total number of deaths, 215, including diphtheria, 1; enteric fever, 2; measles, 6; scarlet fever, 6, and 2 from whooping cough.

Ireland.—The average annual death rate represented by the deaths registered during the week ended March 10, 1900, in the 22 principal town districts of Ireland was 32.2 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,062,188. The lowest rate was recorded in Armagh, viz, 14.3, and the highest in Galway, viz, 60.5 a thousand. In Dublin and

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suburbs 247 deaths were registered, including diphtheria, 2; enteric fever, 2; measles, 2, and 1 from scarlet fever.

Scotland.—The deaths registered in 8 principal towns during the week ended March 10, 1900, correspond to an annual rate of 27.7 a thousand of the population, which is estimated at 1,606,935. The lowest mortality was recorded in Leith, viz, 13.2, and the highest in Perth, viz, 32.0 a thousand. The aggregate number of deaths registered from all causes was 857, including diphtheria, 7; measles, 17; scarlet fever, 10, and 24 from whooping cough.

Scotland—Dundee.—Month of February, 1900. Estimated population, 167,884. Total number of deaths, 441, including diphtheria, 1; measles, 9; whooping cough, 1, and 26 from phthisis pulmonalis.

ITALY—Florence.—Month of December, 1899. Estimated population, 199,080. Total number of deaths, 550, including diphtheria, 4; enteric fever, 3; measles, 1; scarlet fever, 2, and 40 from tuberculosis.

Jamaica—Port Antonio.—Four weeks ended March 10, 1900. Estimated population not reported. Number of deaths not reported. The health of the port is good.

Japan—Nagasaki.—Ten days ended February 28, 1900. Estimated population, 131,000. Number of deaths not reported. No contagious or infectious diseases.

JAVA—Batavia.—Month of January, 1900. Estimated population, 150,000. Number of deaths not reported. No epidemic or contagious diseases.

[Reports received from United States consuls through the Department of State and from other sources.]

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox as reported to the Surgeon-General United States Marine-Hospital Service, December 29, 1899, to April 6, 1900.

[For reports received from June 30 to December 29, 1899, see Public Health Reports for December 29.]

CHOLERA.

Places.	Date.	Самон.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: BombayCalcutta	Nov. 22-Mar. Nov. 5-Feb. 2	6	55 510	

YELLOW FEVER.

Non	1-Non	20			
1101.	1-MOV.	30			
Eab	4-Mar	9			
Non	4 Fol	0			
Jan.	1-Jan.	31	********	200	
D	04 35	10			
Dec.	24-Mar.	10		3	
				1	
Mar.	1-Mar.	27	14	3	
Feb.	10		7	*******	On training ship Lancaster in quarantine.
Dec.	1-Dec.	31	70	22	•
Jan.	1-Mar.	24	41	16	No report received for week ended February 24.
Dec.	29			1	cinaca i contain, as.
Feb.	11-Feb.	17	1	î	
				3	
May	-Dec 189	99	730	353	
					Several cases.
					Cicyclan Casca.
				5	
	Feb. Nov. Jan. Jan. Dec. Dec. Mar. Feb. Dec. Jan. Dec. Feb. Dec. May. Mar. Dec. Feb.	Feb. 4-Mar. Nov. 4-Feb. Jan. 16-Feb. Jan. 1-Jan. Dec. 24-Mar. Dec. 20-Dec. Mar. 1-Mar. Feb. 10 Dec. 1-Dec. Jan. 1-Mar. Dec. 29 Feb. 11-Feb. Dec. 10-Dec. May-Dec., 18 Mar. 4 Dec 22-Jan. Feb. 11-Mar.	Feb. 4-Mar. 3 Nov. 4-Feb. 9 Jan. 16-Feb. 16 Jan. 1-Jan. 31 Dec. 24-Mar. 10 Dec. 20-Dec. 26 Mar. 1-Mar. 27 Feb. 10 Dec. 1-Dec. 31 Jan. 1-Mar. 24 Dec. 29 Feb. 11-Feb. 17 Dec. 10-Dec. 30 May-Dec., 1899 Mar. 4 Dec 22-Jan. 27 Feb. 11-Mar. 3	Dec. 20-Dec. 25 Mar. 1-Mar. 27 14 Feb. 10	Feb. 4-Mar, 3 5 2 Nov. 4-Feb. 9 115 Jan. 16-Feb. 16 61 35 Jan. 1-Jan. 31 200 Dec. 24-Mar. 10 3 Dec. 20-Dec. 26 1 Mar. 1-Mar. 27 14 Feb. 10 7 Dec. 1-Dec. 31 70 22 Jan. 1-Mar. 24 41 16 Dec. 29 1 Feb. 11-Feb. 1 1 Dec. 10-Dec. 30 3 3 May-Dec. 1899 730 353 Mar. 4 1 1 Dec. 22-Jan. 27 6 Feb. 11-Mar. 3 5

PLAGUE.

Arabia:				
Aden			4	
Beni-Shekir, Yemen	Dec. 7		. 15	
Argentine:				
Buenos Ayres	Mar. 10	*** **********		Plague reported.
Rosario	Jan. 25		***************************************	Plague reported epidemic
Australia:				
Adelaide	Jan. 16			Plague reported.
Brazil:				
Conceicao dos Guarulhos	Dec. 31	3	**********	
Rio de Janeiro	Jan. 6-Jan. 12		1	
Santos			15	
Sao Paulo	Dec. 15-Dec. 31		3	
China:	Dec. 10 Dec. 01		1	
Hongkong	Nov. 12-Dec. 30	11	10	
Formosa:	1101, 12 1/00, 00		10	
Tamsui	Oct. 1-Dec. 12	46	25	
* ************************************	Dec. 1-Jan. 31		88	
Hawaiian Islands:	Dec. 1-380. 01	148	00	
Hilo	Feb. 13	1		
Kahului	Jan. 30-Feb. 25		1	
Honolulu			57	
India:	Dec. 11-31ar. 20	90	(0)	4
		1		
Bombay Presidency and Sind:				
Ahmedabad District	Nov. 19-Feb. 24		17	
Ahmednagar District	do		169	
Akalkot State	do		10	
Aundh State	do		45	
Baroda State	do		9	
Belgaum District	-do		1,062	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Places.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths	Remarks.
-Continued.				
Sombay Presidency and				
Sind-Continued				
Bhor State	Nov. 19-Feb. 21		121	
Bijapur District		*********	. 531	
Broach District	do	********	4, 391	
Cutch State	do		66	
Dharwar District	do		1.619	
Hyderabad (Sind) District	do	********	. 48	
Janura State			. 14	
Kaira District Kanara District	do	*********	13	
Kurrachee City	do	*********	79	
Kurrachee District	do	*****	38	
Kathiawar State	do		31	
Khandesh District	do		. 0	
Kolaba District	do		. 100	
Kolhapur State	do		1,654	
Mahi Kantha State Nasik District	do		95	
Palanpur State	do			
Panch Mahals District	do	********	. 0	
Panch Mahals District, Poona City	do		. 19	
Poona District	do		476	
Ratnagiri District	do		182	
Rewakantha State	Dec 2-Feb 24	******	20	
Sachin StateSatara District.	Nov 19-Feb 24	**********	608	
Savantvadi State	do		1	
Savanur State	do	******	33	
Shikarpur District	do	*********	. 0	
Sholapur District	do	********	1,503	
Surat District Thana District	do		116	
Upper Sind Frontier	do	**********	961	
utside Bombay Presi-	and the same of th			
dency and Sind:				
Madras Presidency-				
Anantapur District	do		39	
Bellary District	do		2	
Chingleput District Kurnool District	do	*********	-	
Madras City District	do	**********		
Madras City District North Arcot District	do		5	
Salem District	do	*********	361	
Nellore District				
Trichinopoly District Coimbatore District			24	
Vizagapatam	Jan. 28-Feb. 24		1	
Mysore State-				
Bangalore City	Jan. 6-Feb. 24		237	
Bangalore Civil and				
Military Station	do	*********	137 538	
Banga ore District Koiar District	do	**********	13	
Kolar Gold Fields	do		78	
Mysore City	do	***********	125	
Mysore District	do	**********	169	
Tumkur District				
Chitaldrug District	do	**********	81	
Hyderabad State— Gulburga District	Dec. 31-Feb. 24		103	
Lingsugur District	do	****** ****	490	
Naldrug District	do		242	
Bidar District	do		3	
Arangabad District	do		********	
Zentral Provinces—				
Wardha District Nagpur City	do	**********	295	
Nagpur District	do	*********	80	
Nimar District	do	***********	1	
Punjab-				
Juliundur District	do	**********	114	
Hoshiarpur District Rawai Pindi District	do	******	********	
Rawal Pindi District	do	*********	********	
Bengal— Calcutta Burdwan District	do		1,190	
			4,400	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

PLAGUE-Continued.

Piaces.	Date.	Самея,	Deaths.	Remarks.				
India—Continued.								
Outside Bombay Presidency and Sind—Cont'd.								
dency and Sind-Cont'd.								
Bengal-Continued								
Howrah District	Nov. 19-Feb. 24		8					
Hooghly District	do	**********	8					
24-Parganas District								
Nadia District								
Khulana District								
Dacca District								
Darbhanga District	do	**********						
Midnapore District			5					
Monghyr District								
Mozufferpore								
Rangoon District				Imported.				
Patna								
Saran District			131					
Shahabad District								
Tipperah District								
Singbhoom District								
Balasore District				Imported and suspected				
Rajputana	do	*********	6	Do.				
N. W. Provinces—	T 1 P-1 01		- 00					
Allahabad District	Jan. 1-Feb. 24	******	23					
Osaka and Hiogo	Nov. 5-Jan. 26		***					
Hiroshima.			52					
Nagasaki			î					
Kobe	Nov. 11-Jan. 26		19					
Fukuoka Ken	Nov. 5-Dec. 21		1					
Shidzuoka Ken	do		i					
Wakayama Ken			î					
Madagascar:	***************************************	*********						
Tamatave	Sept. 10-Dec. 16	51	42					
Mauritius	Jan. 25-Dec. 23		2,500	Estimated. Year 1899.				
New Caledonia:		9,000	2,000	Listillited. I cal 1000.				
Noumea	Dec. 1-Jan. 1	37	21					
	August-Nov. 24	100	46					
Paraguay:		-	-					
Asuncion	Nov. 1-Jan. 15		14					
Philippine Islands:								
Manila	Jan. 20-Feb. 13	100	90					
Portugal:		-						
Lisbon	Jan. 16	1						
Masan	Dec. 25	9	7					
Oporto	Aug. 16-Jan. 6	287	108					
Villa Nova de Gaya	Nov. 15	1						
Spain:								
Tuy	Feb. 12	1						

SMALLPOX.

Argentina:						
Buenos Ayres	Oct	1-Jan	21		0	
Austria:	Oct.	I omi.	O1	***********		
Prague	Dec	W. Mar	10	97		, ,
Belgium:	Dec.	ou-mar.	10	94		
	Das		10		-	
Antwerp					27	
Ghent	Jan.	14-Feb.	25	**********	8	
Brazil:						
Pernambuco					5	
Rio de Janeiro	Nov.	4-Feb.	9		469	
British Columbia:					-	
Nakusp	Feb.	28-Mar.	2	1		
Nelson City	Feb.	16-Mar.	2	1	************	
Nelson District	Feb.	8-Mar.	2	î		
Rossland				3		
China:						
Hongkong	Dec.	17-Dec.	23	1	1	
Colombia:	200.	.,				
Barranquilla	Jan.	21-Jan	97	1	1	
Cuba:		Omi.				
Casilda	Ton	2-Jan.	99	34	0	
Havana				2	-	0
	Jan.	10		2	******	On se, Santanderino.
Egypt:						
Cairo	Nov.	19-Feb.	28	**********	40	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.-Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Places.		Date.		Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks
England:						
Birmingham.,	Mar	4-Mar. 29-Feb. 7-Mar.	10	2		
Leeds	Jan	29-Feb	3	ī		
Liverpool	Ton.	7-Men	10	3	1	
	Dan.	10 Mor	9	149	2	
London	Dec.	10-Mar. 1-Jan.	0	148	-	
Southampton	Jan.	1-Jan.	27	3	***********	
Formosa:						
Tamsui	Oct.	1-Dec.	31	23	**********	
France:						
Lyons	Dec.	17-Mar. 1-Jan. 19-Mar.	10		15	
Marseilles	Nov.	1-Jan.	27	200	17	
Nice	Dec.	19-Mar.	15	23	10	
Paris	Jan.	14-Feb.	10		8	
Rheims	Mar	4-Mar.	10		4	
St. Nazaire	Mor	8	10	82	4	
	MARKET.	0		06		
Jermany:	Ton	1-Tor	10	4	1	
Hamburg	Jan.	1-Jan.	16	4		*
Königsberg	Dec.	17-Feb.	3	9	3	
dibraltar	Dec.	4-Mar.	18	45	3	
Greece:	_		-			
Athens	Dec.	3-Mar.	. 10	50	15	
Hungary:						
Budapesth	Dec.	18-Dec.	24	1	**********	
India:				-		
Bombay	Nov	15-Mar.	6		2,097	
Calcutta	Now.	26 Fol	94		103	
Ceylon	Dec.	10-Ten	97	************	5	
Madras	Lon.	19 Feb.	10	*********	0	
	Jan.	26-Feb. 10-Jan. 13-Feb. 15-Mar.	10	100	6	
Kurrachee	Jan.	15-Mar.	4	100	36	
taly:						
Milan	Dec.	17-Jan.	13	3	*********	
apan:						
Nagasaki	Jan.	1-Feb.	10	2		
Yokohama	Nov.	19-Mar.	3	2		
Korea:						
Seoul	Jan	21-Feb	17.	2	1	
fexico	or settle.		W 4 000	-		
Chihuahua	Dog	24 Mar	17		56	
Chihuahua	Dec.	24-Mar.	16	003		
City of Mexico	Dec.	18-Mar.	18	201	102	
C. Porfirio Diaz	Feb.	11-Mar.		7	2	
Monelova	Mar	17		150	******	
Nuevo Laredo	Jan.	1-Dec.	31	**********	16	
Vera Cruz	Dec.	22-Mar.	17	***********	20	
New Brunswick :						
Campbellton	Jan.	22-Feb.	3	45	0	
Gloucester County	Jan	25-Feb.	15	39	0	
Moneton	Jan	19	417000	- 00		Cases reported
Northumberland County	Kob	1-Feb	15	1	0	Cases reported.
Postigouche County	Lan	1-Feb. 16-Feb.	15	70		
Restigouche County	Jan.	10-reb.	10	73	0	
West moreland County	Jan.	18-Feb.	19	3	0	
Ontario:						
Amherstberg	Feb.	11-Mar. 27-Feb. 30-Feb.	3	4	******	
Brant County	Jan.	27-Feb.	24 .	1	0	
Essex County	Oct.	30-Feb.	24	239	0	
Frontenac County	Jan	14-Feb	24.	1	0	
Kent County	Nov	28-Jan	14	2	0	
Lambton County	Dec	30-Feb	94	4	0	
Middlesez County	Dec.	14-Feb. 28-Jan. 30-Feb. 6-Feb.	94	1	0	
Vork County	Pob.	19 Feb.	94	17		
York County	reb.	13-Feb.	24	17	0	
Quebec:		10.75	10	***		
Bonaventure County	Oct.	10-Mar.	16	196	0	
Kamouraska County	Aug.	18-Mar.	16	288	1	
Matane County	Dec.	16-Mar. 18-Mar. 16-Mar.	16	4	1	
	d	0	******	6		
Russia:						
Moscow	Nov	26-Mar.	3	42	11	
Odessa	Dec	3-Mar.	10	118	22	
	Nor	1-Non	20	110		
Riga	Doc.	1-Nov.	9	026	15	
St. Petersburg	Dec.	3-Mar.	ð	236	63	
Vladivostock	Nov.	3-Mar. 1-Nov. 26-Feb.	30	3	*********	
Warsaw	Nov.	26-Feb.	24	**********	55	
Scotland:						
Edinburgh	Jan.	14-Jan.	20	1	**********	
Leith	Jan.	14-Jan. 1-Jan.	6	1		
Spain:			,			
Cadiz	Oct.	1-Oct.	31			
Corunna	Dec	3-Mar	10		18	
Corunna, Madrid	Dee	2-Mar.	17	**********	140	
ATTEMETIC CONTRACTOR C	LPOU.	o_mail.	4 6 000		146	

Cholera, yellow fever, plague, and smallpox, etc.—Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Places.		Date.		Самея.	Deaths.	Remarks.			
Straits Settlements : Singapore Switzerland : Geneva	Jan.		24	8	25	*			
Zurich Turkey: Constantinople	Jan.	7-Jan. 19-Feb.			2				
SmyrnaUruguay:		4-Feb.		**********	ารี				
Montevideo	Nov.	26-Dec.	2	1	*************				

MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES.

		+	E Deaths from—											
Cities.	Week ended.	Estimated population.	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox.	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria.	Measles.	Whooping cough.
Acapulco	Mar. 17	6,000	7											
Aden Do	Feb. 17 Feb. 27	41,000			4									
Do	Mar. 3	41,000			5									
Do	Mar. 10	41,000		****								3	******	*****
Aix le Chapelle Do	Mar. 17	134, 196 134, 196	96 54				*****							
Alexandretta	Mar. 10	8,000	5											
A meterdam	Mar. 17	524, 055	171						*****	1		*****	*****	1
Antwerp	Mar. 10	293, 111 200, 000	100							1		*****	*****	
Barmen	do	141,000	73	*****	*****	*****		*****	1		2	2	3	
Barranquilla	Mar. 17	40,000 359,000	19				2		******	4	*****	1	1	1
Belfast Belize	Mar. 22	13,000	2								*****	*****		
Bergen	Mar. 13	68,000	83							*****	7	10	6	*****
Berlin	Mar. 3 Mar. 17	1, 856, 318 519, 610	757 232				*****			2	7	1	3	1
Birmingham Bluefields	Mar. 10	3,018	1							*****				
Do	Mar. 17	3,018	5	100	700	10	*****	029					107	
Bombay	Feb. 27 Mar. 6	821,764 821,764	2,831 2,635	198 173	768 700	10		269	*****			*****		*****
Do Bremen	Mar. 10	145,000	58										2	
Breslau	do	300,000	225	30	*****		******						2	
Bristol	Mar. 17 Mar. 10	324, 973 551, 611	104	*****	*****				*****				i	
Brussels Calcutta	Feb. 17	681, 560	717		199	65		10					-	
Do	Feb. 24	681,560	798		261	65	*****			1				
Catania		124,000 233,000	72 75					*****						
Christiania Coburg		20, 224	8											
Cologne	do	370,000	391									*****	1	1
Colon		8,000 875,000		*****		*****			*****	7	*****		2	
Constantinople Do	Mar. 12	875,000		*****				*****		8		. 2	2	
Do	Mar. 19	875,000	339								*****	-	6	
Corunna Crefeld	Mar. 17	40,000 108,183												
Dublin	do	349, 594	209											
Dundee	do	167, 584	60 78										5	
Dusseldorf Edinburgh	Mar. 10 Mar. 17	203, 400 302, 262										1 î		
Flushing		19,034	2											
Frankfort-on-the-Main	Mar. 10	255,000											****	
Gibraltar		25, 900 25, 900												
Girgenti		24, 408	17	****										
Glasgow		743, 969	364								3			
Gothenburg Halifax		125, 800 45, 000	20								. 1	****		
Hamburg	Mar. 17	691, 349	248								2		1	****
Havre		119, 470 98, 195			. 25	* ****		11	*****					
Kurrachee	2.0	98, 195			. 48			. 4				*****	. 13	
Königsberg	Mar. 10	181,047										1	****	
La Rochelle		30,000 423,889	172									5	4	
Leghorn		104, 948	48							. 1	****	- 0		
Do	. Mar. 3	104, 948	3 46									. 1	. 1	***
Leipsic	Mar. 10	104, 948 439, 200	172											
Leith	Mar. 17	78,509												
Liege	. Mar. 10	171, 314	88							. 5	3	2	. 2	
Liverpool		668, 645												
Livingston		1,500) 4											
London	Mar. 10	6, 652, 143	2, 18	l						15				
Do		6, 652, 145 466, 029										1 1		
Lyous		452, 518	3 1	5									21	l
Madrid	do	. 512,590	6 35		** ****	** ****		. 9						
Do		512, 596 229, 678	8 366											-
Magdeburg	. Feb. 10													

MORTALITY TABLE, FOREIGN CITIES-Continued.

		-ndod	8				1	Deat	hs f	rom-	-			
Cities.	Cities. Cities Cities	Total deaths from	Tuberculosis.	Plague.	Cholera.	Yellow fever.	Smallpox,	Typhus fever.	Enteric fever.	Scarlet fever.	Diphtheria,	Measles.	Whooping	
Manchester	Mar. 17		263	*****						2	1	2	7	10
			54				******					1	1	
Messina			81	4										
Montorer	do		393	*****		*****	*****	9	7		*****	1	*****	****
Montevideo	Mar. 22		44	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****	
Do.	Feb. 10		59	*****	*****	** ***	*****	*****	*****	*****		1	*****	
Do		215, 061	105 62				*****						*****	****
New Castle-on-Tyne	Mar. 17	234, 369	94	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****
Nottingham	Mar. 10	250,000	87	102004	*****	*****		102001	*****	*****	*****	*****		
Nuremberg	Mar. 3	240, 673	109		*****	*****		*****	*****		*****	3	2 2	1
Ottawa	Feb. 24	62,000	25				******						-	1
Do	Mar. 3	62,000	25										******	1
Do	Mar. 10	62,000	32				*****					î	*****	
Do	Mar. 17	62,000	20			*****	*****						******	
Do	Mar. 24	62,000	26											
Palermo		292, 891	170									1		
Panama	Mar. 17	16,000	**********	*****	*****		1		*****					
Do	Mar. 20	16,000	************	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****					
Paris	Mar. 17	2,511,629	1,024	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****	31		9	29	1
Port au Prince	Mar. 12	60,000	12	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****				
Port Limon	Mar. 19 Mar. 10	60,000	16		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	****
Do	Mar. 19	3,500 3,500	3	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****		*****
Prague		190, 260	105		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	******		*****	*****
Puerto Cortes	Mar. 21	2,000	100	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****	1	*****		1
Quebec	Mar. 24	73,000		*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****		*****	****
Rheims	Mar. 10	107, 709	45											
Rio de Janeiro	Feb. 9	779,000	283	48		*****	16	22		******	*****	*****	*****	****
Rome	Feb. 17	512, 423	7						*****	3	*****	******		*****
Do		512, 423	8				*****			3				*****
Rotterdam	Mar. 17	320, 991	142									5		
St. Johns, New Bruns-	Mar. 24	45,000	13											
wick.														
St. Petersburg	Feb. 24	1, 267, 023	766						1	23	17	26	16	
St. Stephen, New Bruns-	Mar. 3 Mar. 24	1, 267, 023	787		*****	*****	*****	4			21	24	18	1
wick.	Mar. 24	3,000	0	*****	*****				*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****
Seoul, Korea	Jan. 20	300,000												
Do		300,000		*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	4	*****	*****	1	*****
Do	Feb. 17	300,000	30											
Singapore	Feb. 10	97, 111	147	30		*****		1						
Stettin	Mar. 10	153,000	74	*****			*****				1	2	*****	
Stuttgart	Mar. 8	162, 934	96	*****	*****		*****	*****		*****			*****	
Do	Mar. 15	162, 934	102	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****		*****		*****	*****
Sunderland	Mar. 17	147, 398	57	*****	****	*****		****		*****	*****	*****	2	
Teneriffe Trapani	Mar. 10	33,500	12		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****		*****	*****	*****
Trieste	do	48, 743 166, 499	18 146											
Tuxpam	Mar 10	10,000	146	*****	****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	4	3	2	***-
Utilla	Mar 10	800	0	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****
Do	Mar. 17	800	1		*****	*****	** ***	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****
Valencia	Mar. 20	203, 958		*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	9	*****	****	*****	****
Warsaw	Mar. 3	645, 848	************		**-***	******	******	*****	*****	9	2	4	*****	
Windsor, Nova Scotia	Mar. 24	.3,000	0				*****						*****	
Yokohama	Mar. 3	189, 455	***********	*****			******			1		4	*****	****
Zurich	Mar. 10	164, 149	97											

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury:

Walter Wyman, Surgeon-General U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.